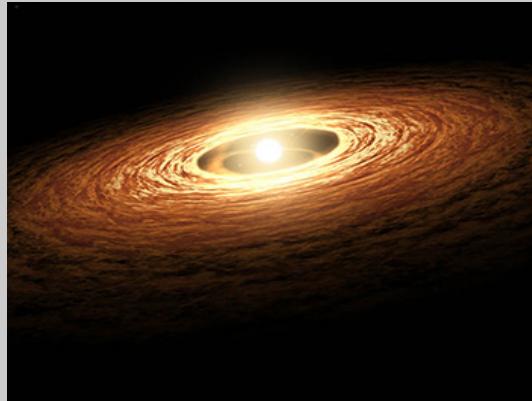


Observation of Warm Gas in Pre-planetary Disks: Interpreting their SEDs



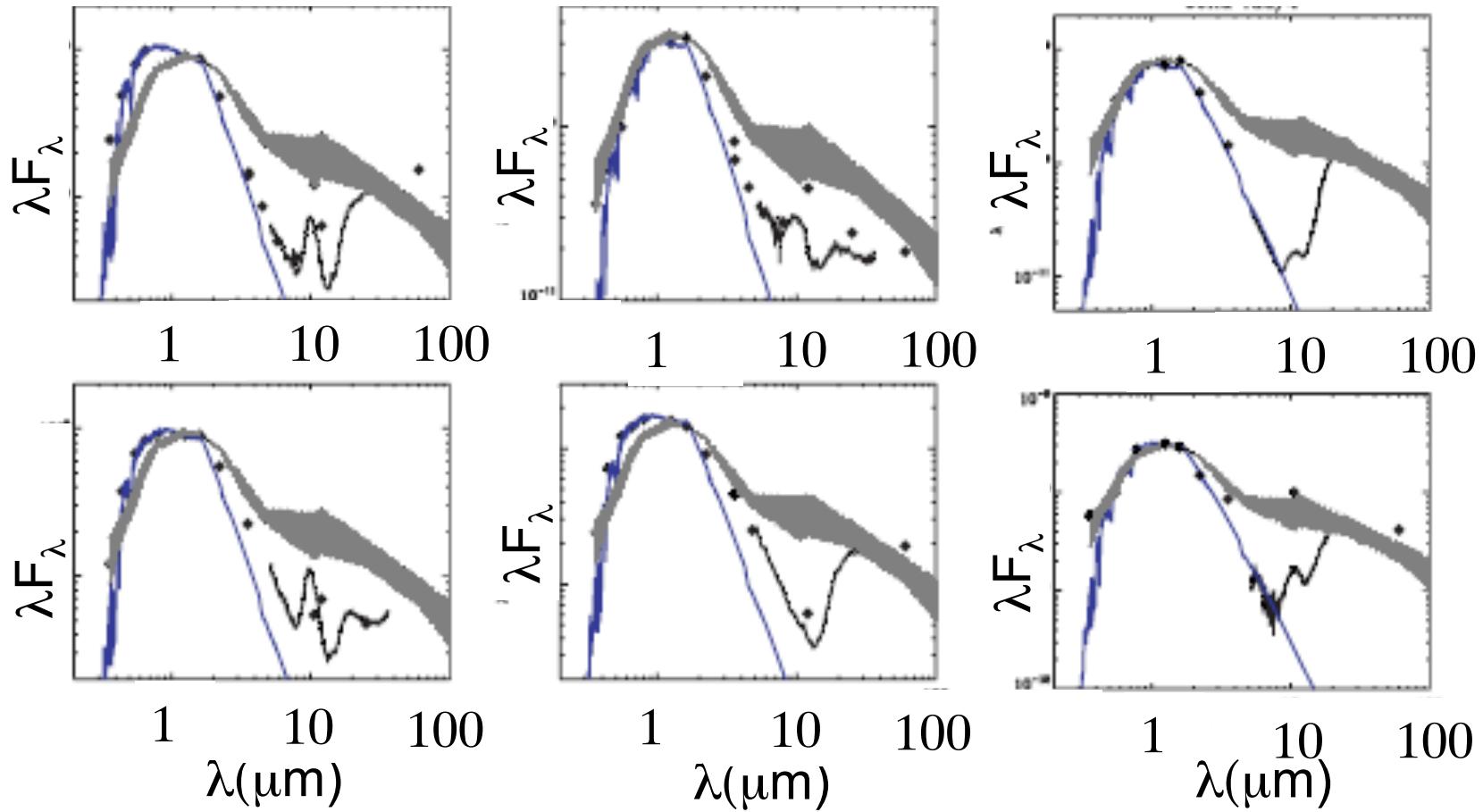
Courtesy of NASA/JPL-Cal Tech



Courtesy of NASA/JPL-Cal Tech

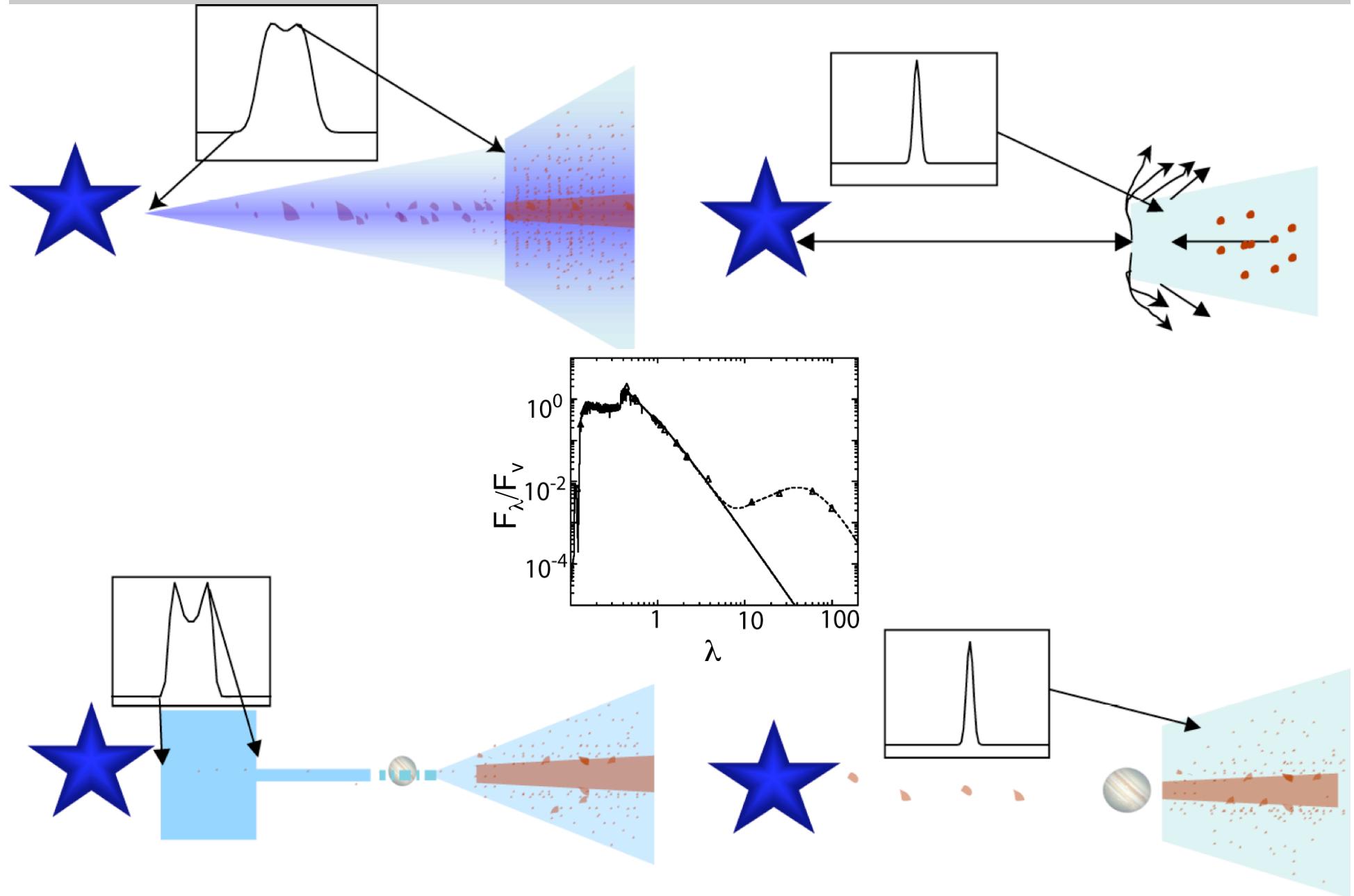
Sean Brittain, Matt Troutman (Clemson University), Joan
Najita (NOAO), John Carr (NRL)

SEDs of Transition Objects



Najita et al 2007

Gas in Transitional Disks



Studying gas in disks

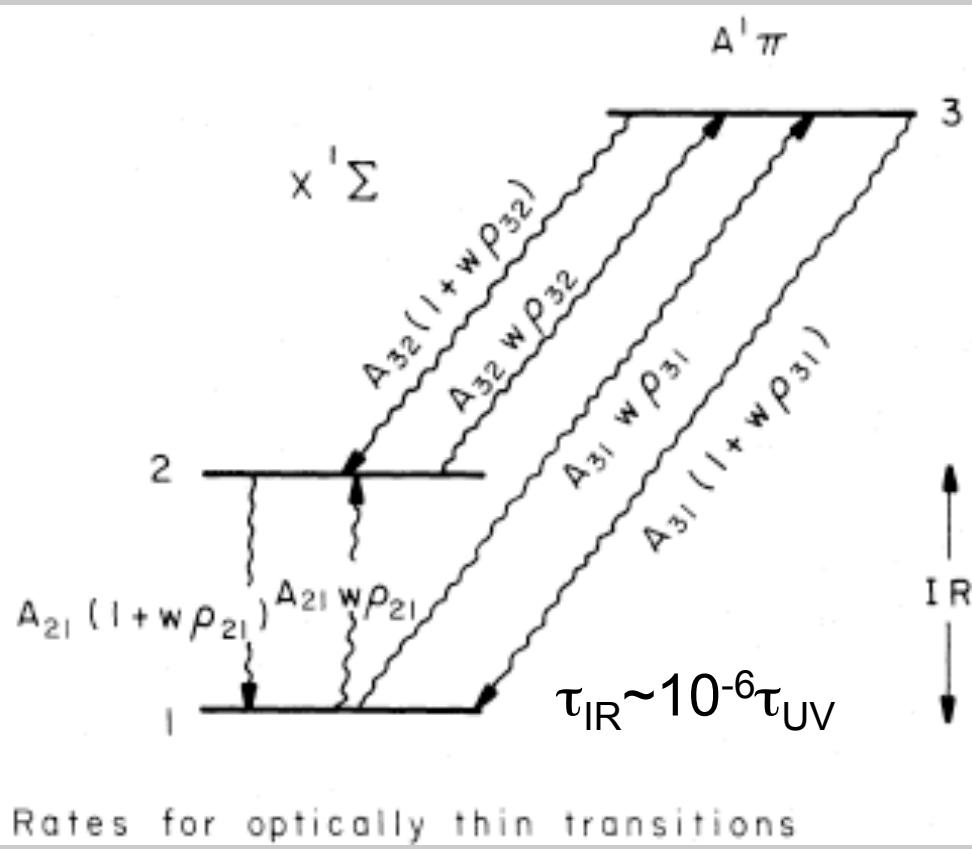
1. Excitation of gas
2. Kinematic structure of gas lines
3. Spatial structure of gas lines

The Excitation of CO

Does the non-detection of CO emission indicate that the gas is missing or that it is not sufficiently excited to be seen?

- 1) Temperature structure of disk
- 2) Excitation mechanism of gas

The Excitation of CO



Notation:

$$Aw\rho = B \not\propto g$$

$$g = \frac{\pi e^2}{mc^2} \lambda^2 f_{ij}(\pi F_\lambda) \text{ photons s}^{-1} \text{ molecule}^{-1}$$

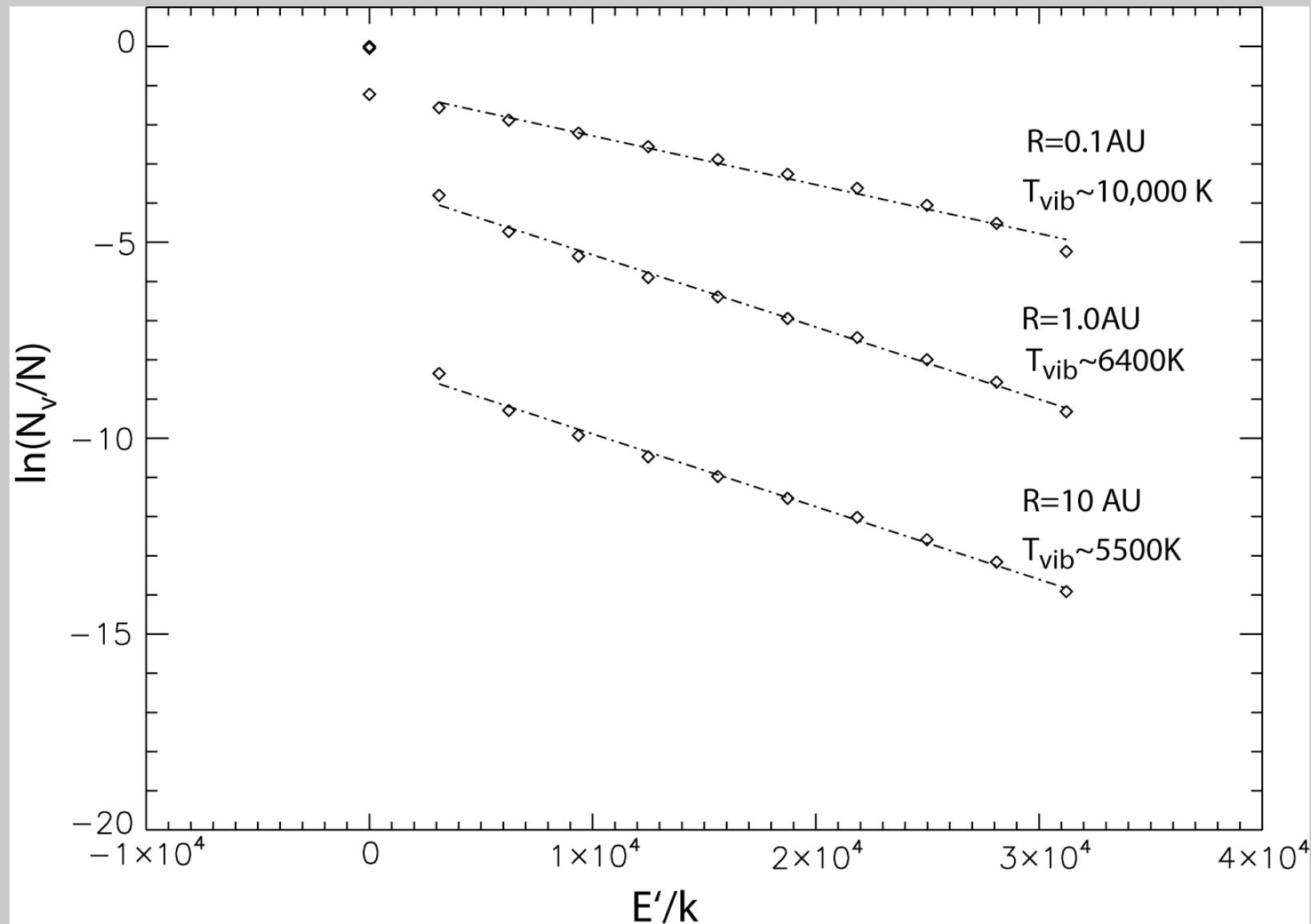
$$\dot{n}_{v=0} = -n_X^{v=0} g_{X-A}^{0-0} + n_A^{v=0} (g_{A-X}^{0-0} + A_{A-X}^{0-0}) = 0$$

$$\dot{n}_{v=1} = -n_X^{v=1} g_{X-A}^{1-0} + n_A^{v=0} (g_{A-X}^{0-1} + A_{A-X}^{0-1}) = 0$$

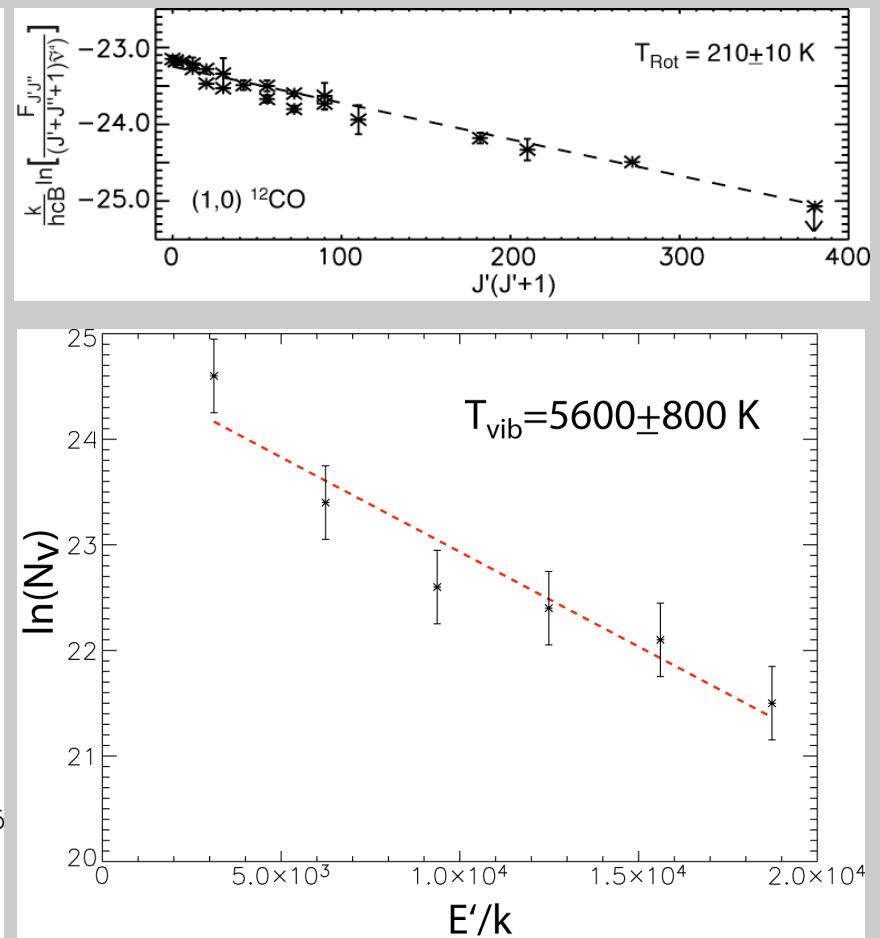
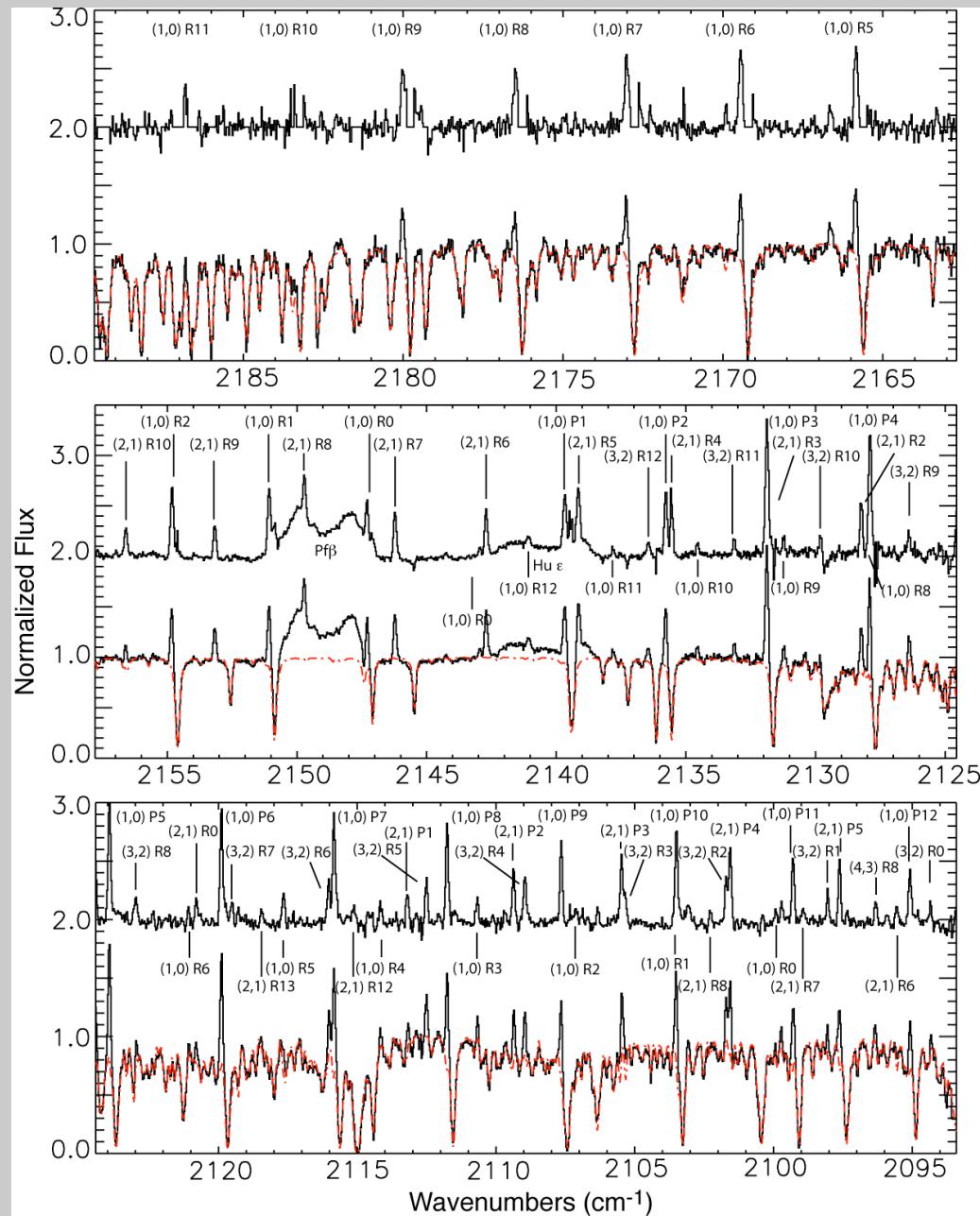
$$\frac{n_0}{n_1} \approx \frac{g_{A-X}^{1-0}}{g_{A-X}^{0-0}} \approx \frac{F_{A-X}^{1-0}}{F_{A-X}^{0-0}} \propto e^{-\theta/T}$$

Krotkov et al. 1980

UV Fluorescence

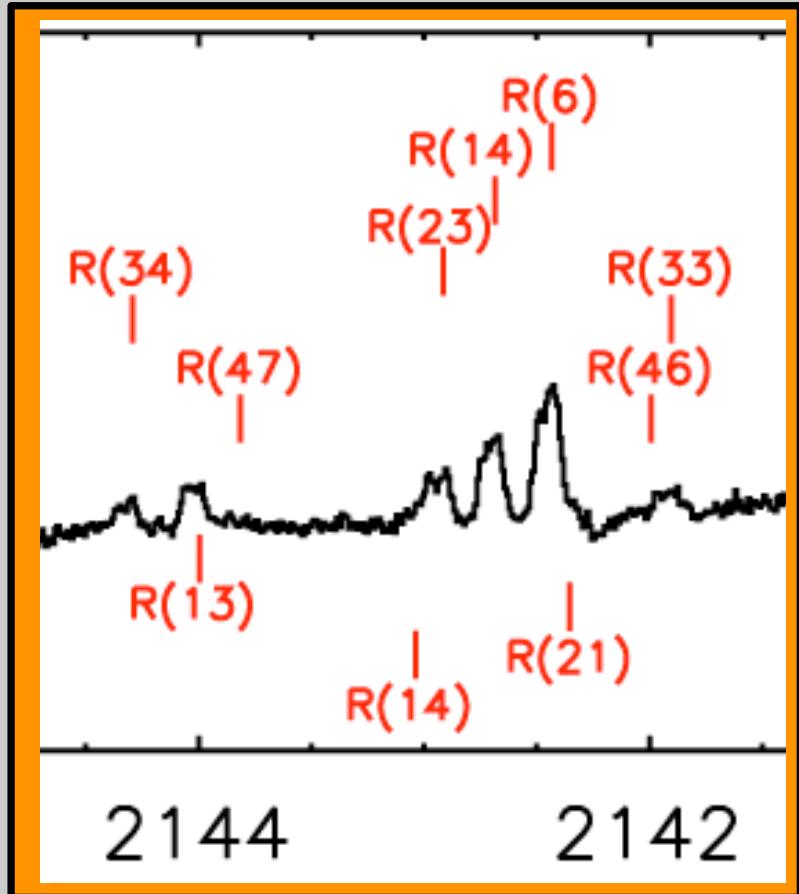


HD 141569

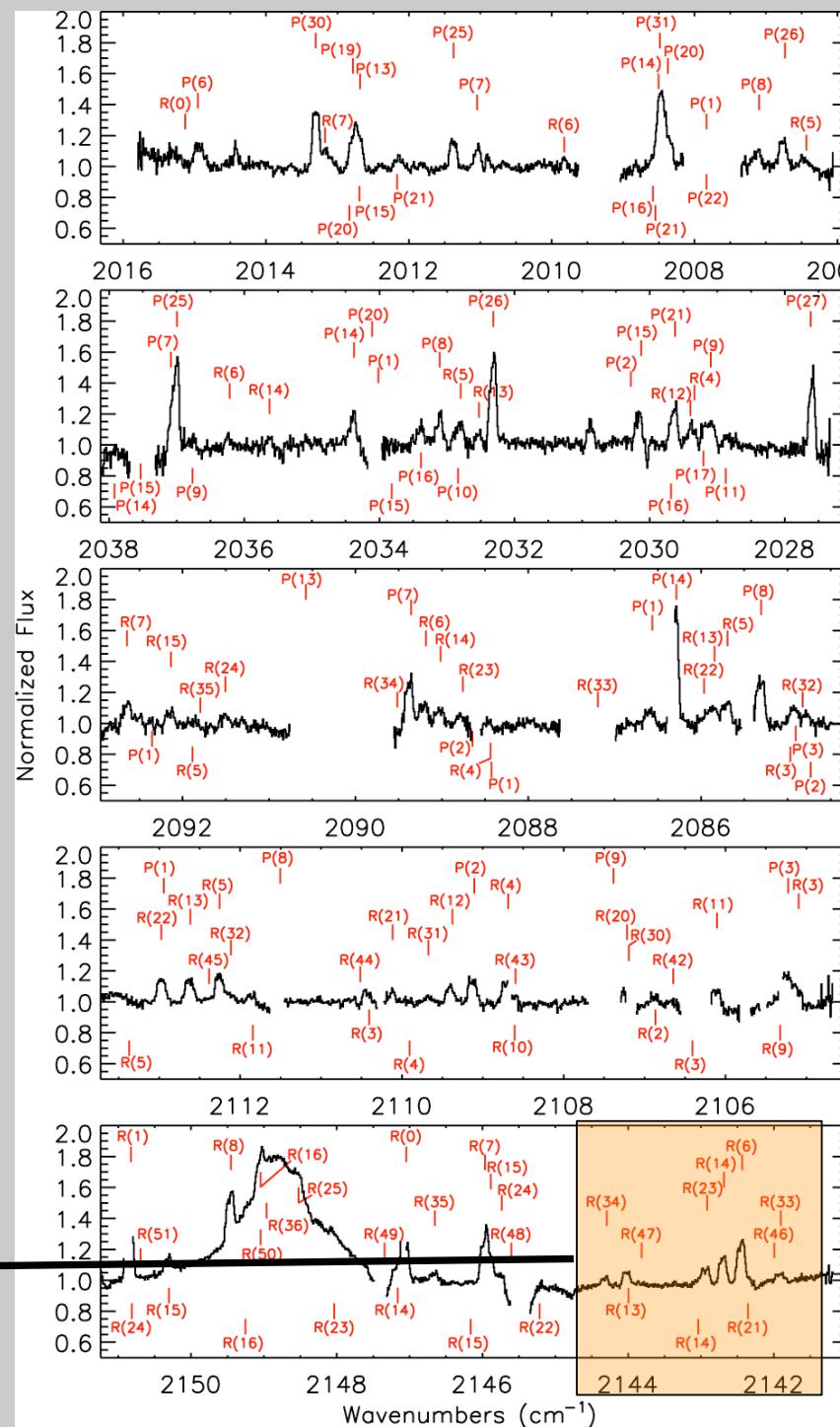


Brittain et al. 2003, 2007 (see also Goto et al. 2006), Lewis et al. 2009

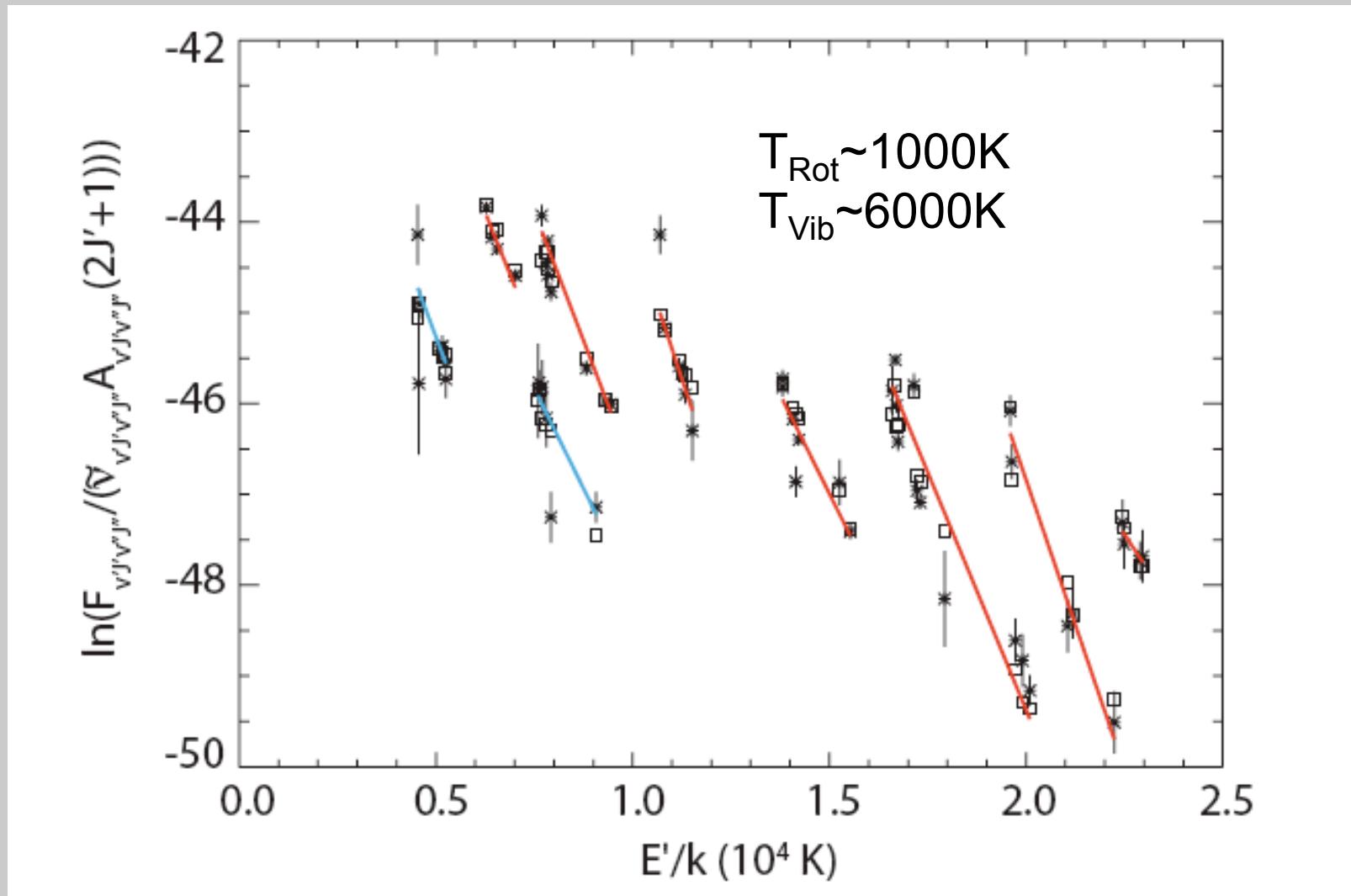
HD 100546



Brittain et al. 2009 (see also van der Plas et al. (2009))



HD 100546

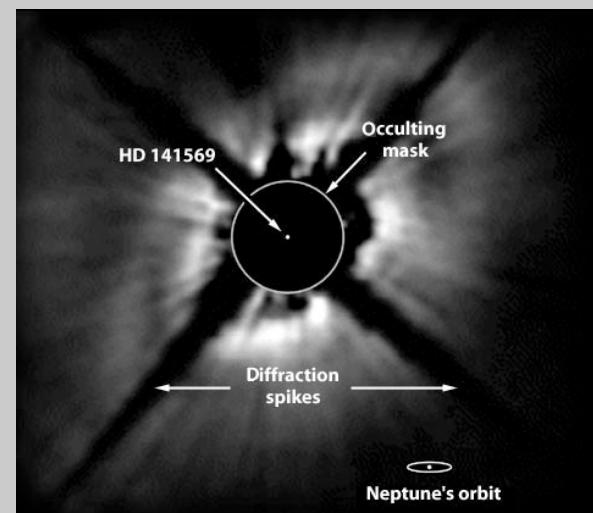


HD 100546 vs HD 141569

$T_{\text{eff}} \sim 10,000 \text{ K}$	$T_{\text{eff}} \sim 10,000 \text{ K}$
$\sim 10 \text{ Myr}$	$\sim 5 \text{ Myr}$
$T(\text{CO}) = 1000 \text{ K}$	$T(\text{CO}) = 200 \text{ K}$



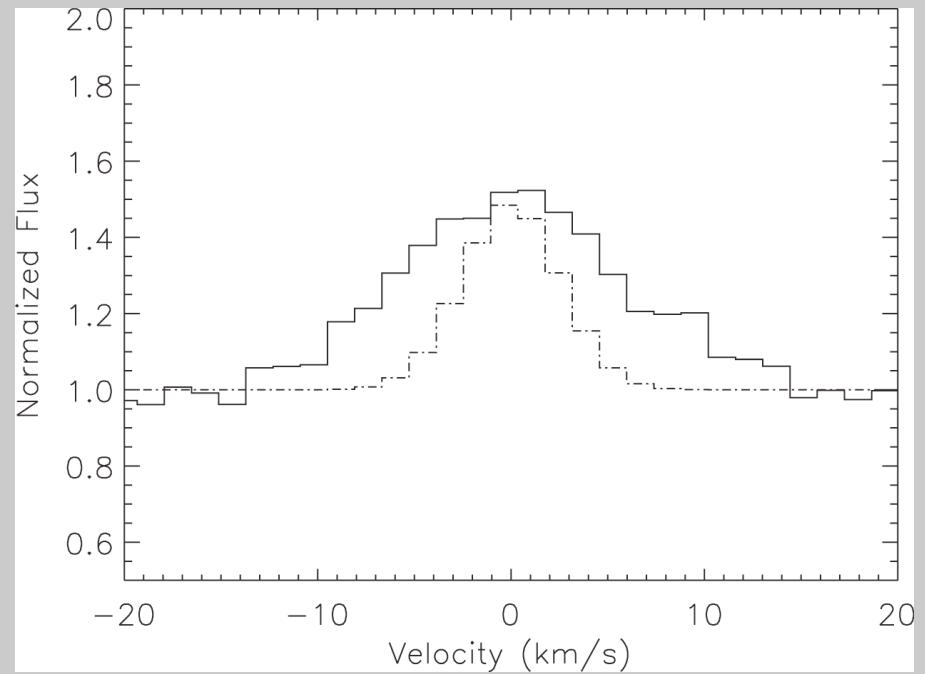
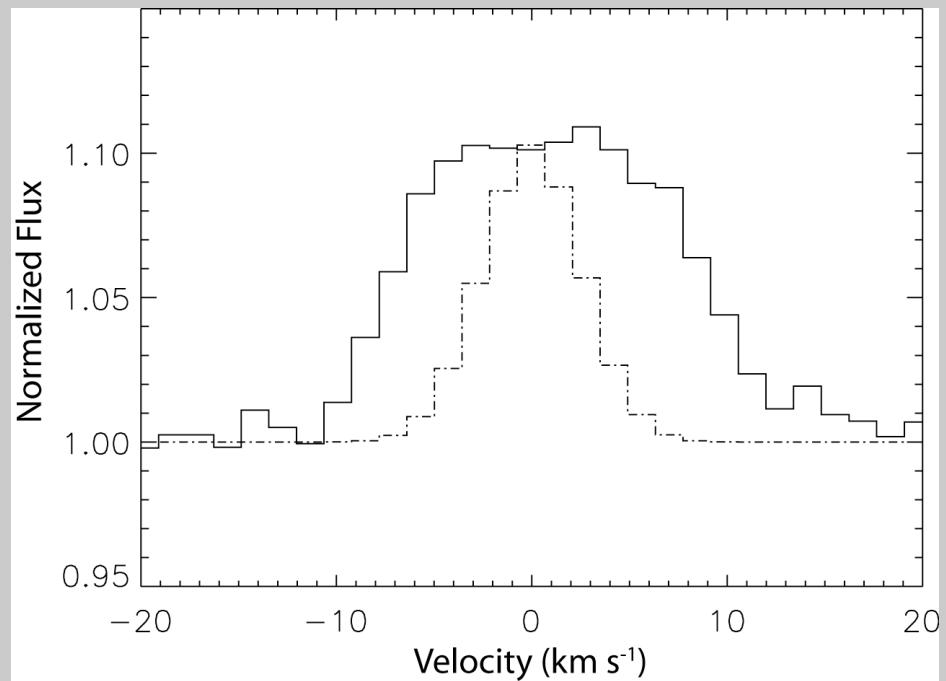
Grady et al. 2005



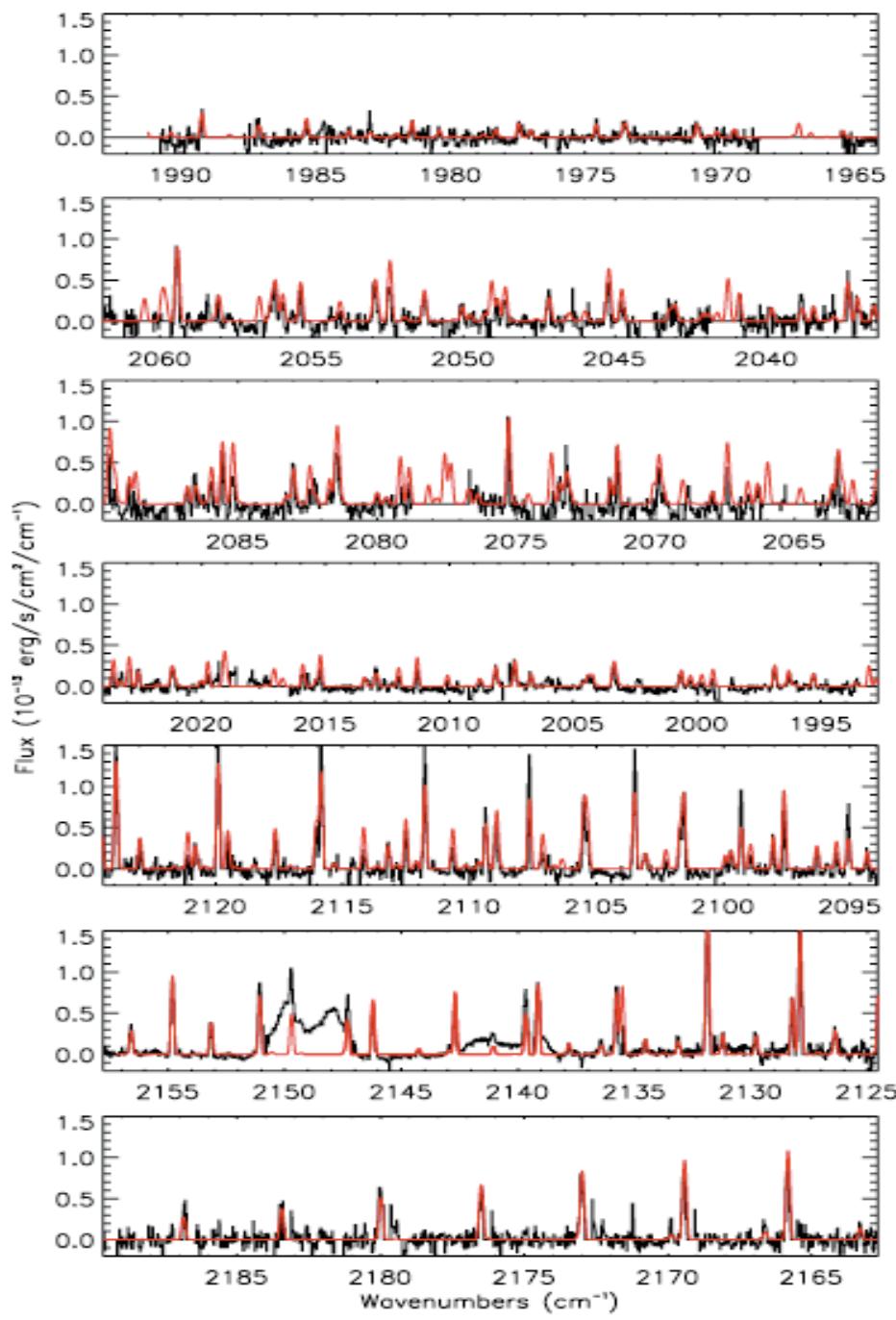
A. Weinberger, E. Becklin (UCLA), G. Schneider (Univ. of Arizona), and NASA.

Kinematic Structure of Emission Lines

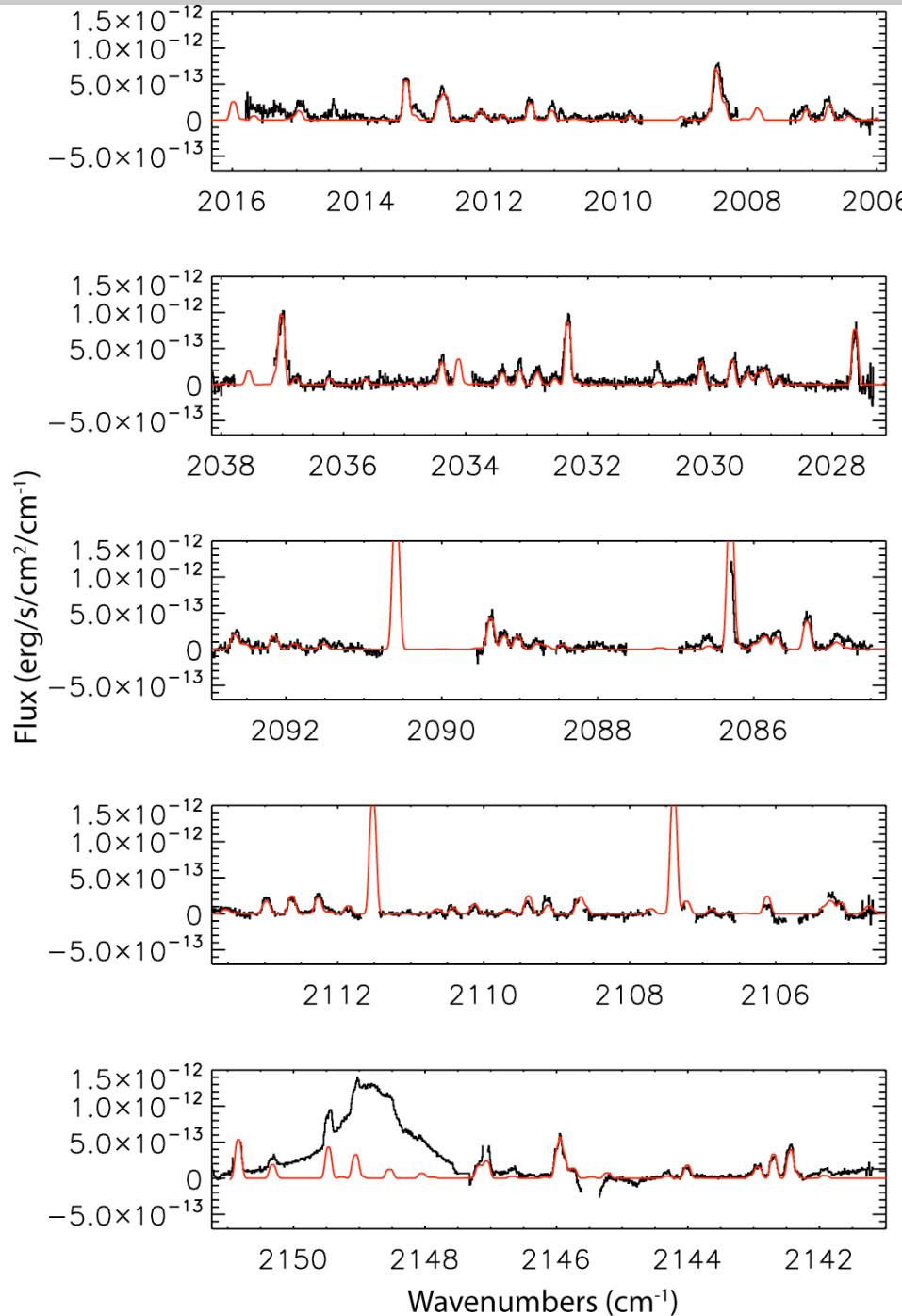
CO Line Profiles



HD 141569



- $R_{in}(CO)=9$ AU
- $R_{out}(CO) \sim 50$ AU
- $T(r)=200 (r/9AU)^{-0.25}$ K

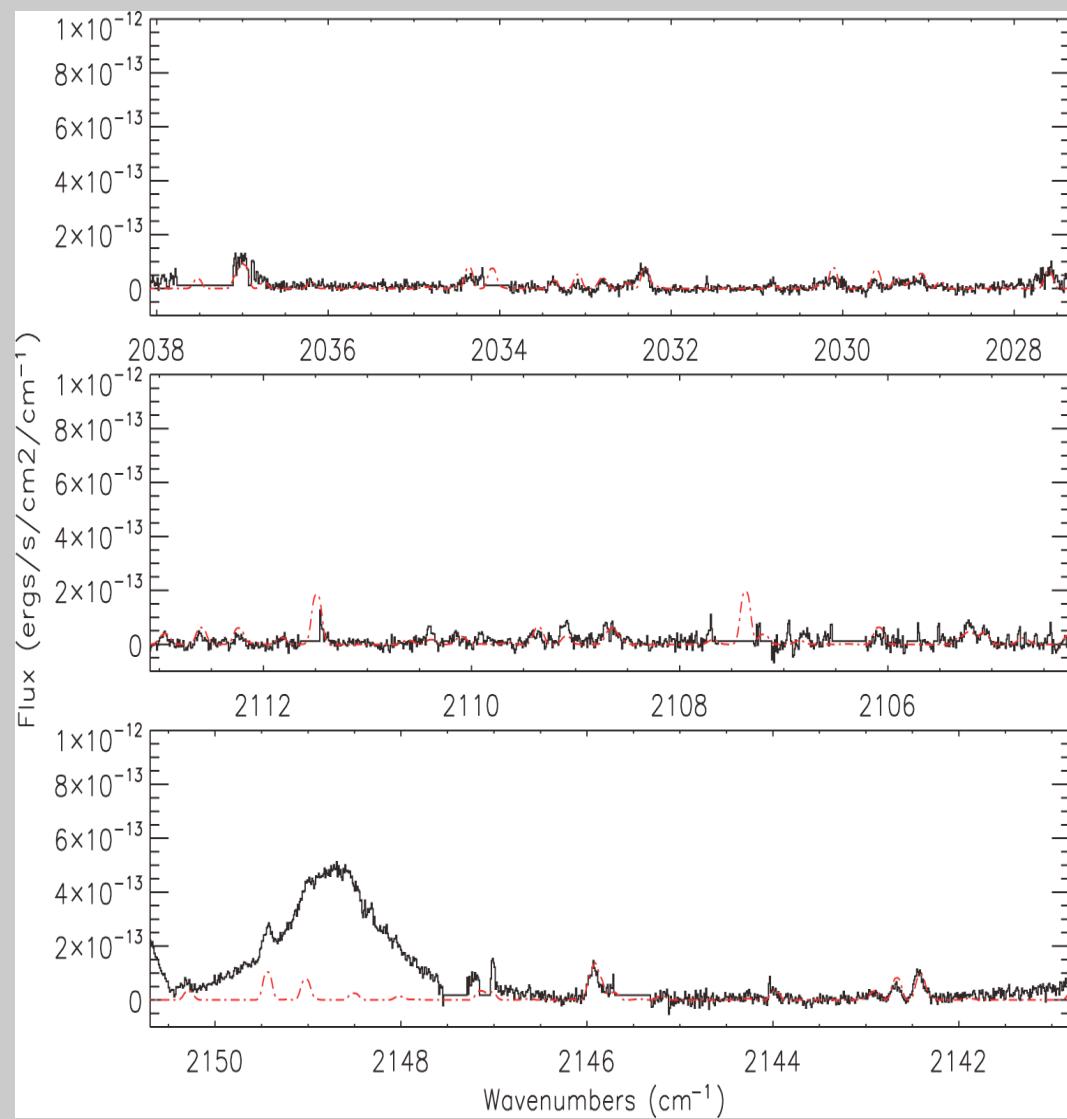


HD 100546

- $R_{in}(CO) = 13$ AU
- $R_{out}(CO) \sim 100$ AU
- $T(r) = 1400 (r/13AU)^{-0.35}$ K

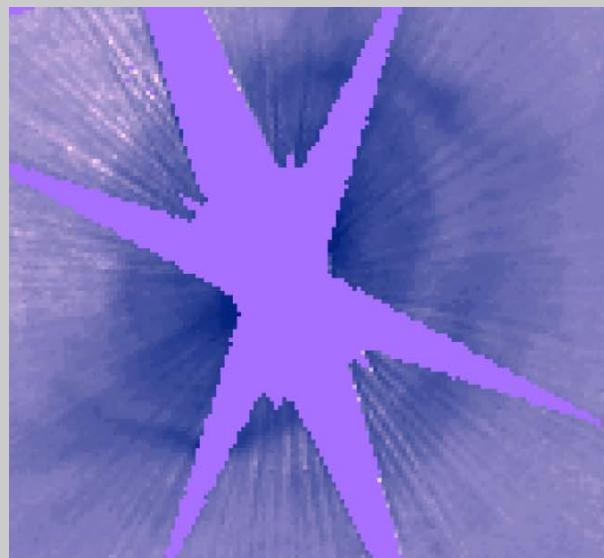
HD 97048

- $R_{in}(CO) = 8 \text{ AU}$
- $R_{out}(CO) \sim 100 \text{ AU}$
- $T(r) = 1500 (r/8\text{AU})^{-0.25} \text{ K}$

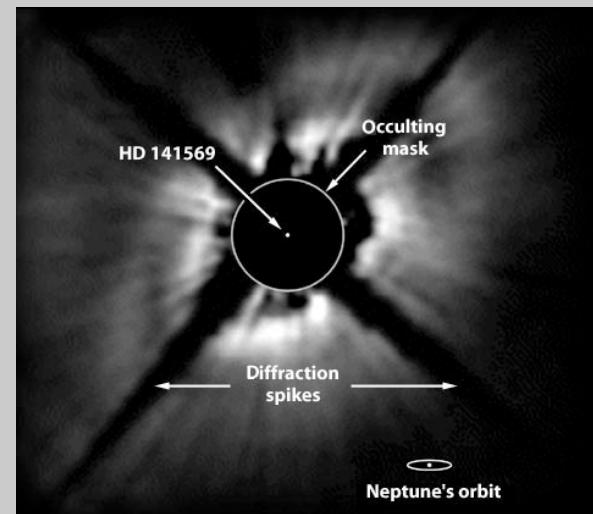


HD 100546 vs HD 141569

$T_{\text{eff}} \sim 10,000 \text{ K}$	$T_{\text{eff}} \sim 10,000 \text{ K}$
$\sim 10 \text{ Myr}$	$\sim 5 \text{ Myr}$
$T(\text{CO}) = 1000 \text{ K}$	$T(\text{CO}) = 200 \text{ K}$
$R_{\text{in}} = 13 \text{ AU}$	$R_{\text{in}} = 9 \text{ AU}$

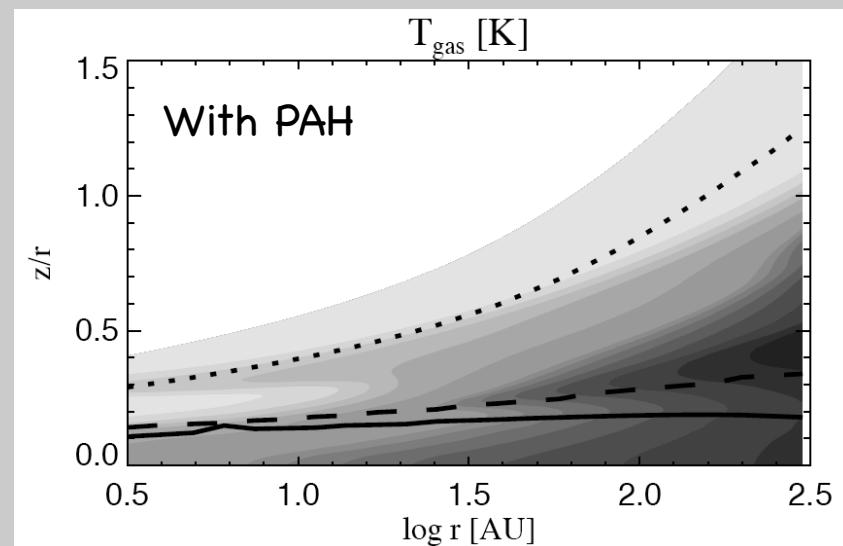
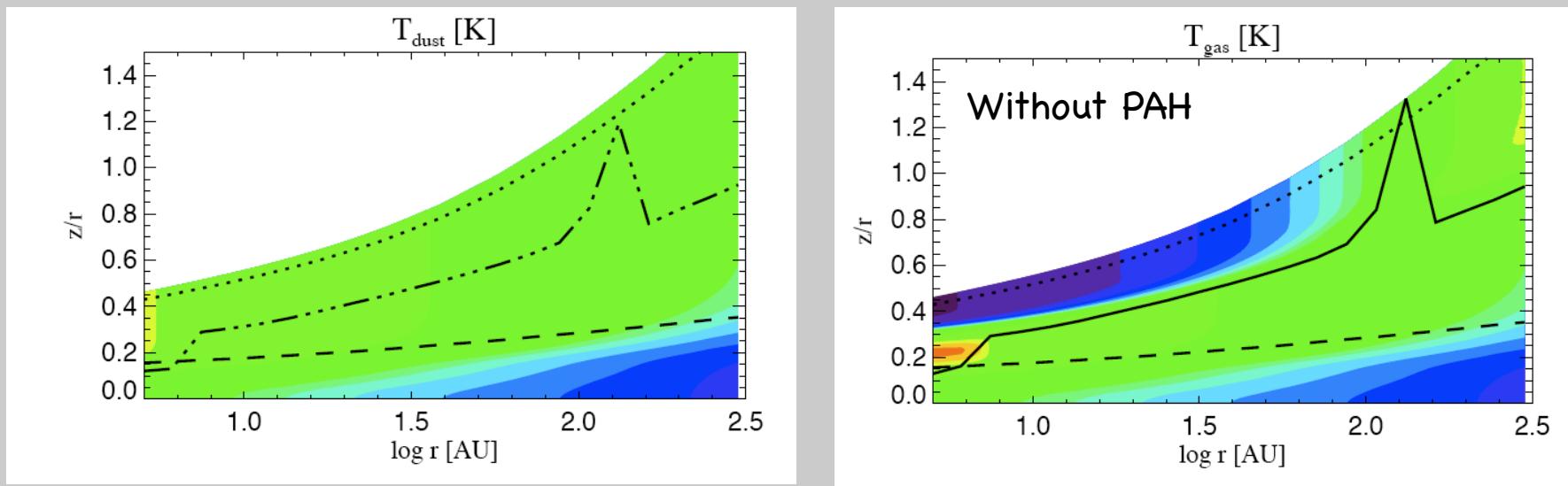


Grady et al. 2005



A. Weinberger, E. Becklin (UCLA), G. Schneider (Univ. of Arizona), and NASA.

HD 100546 vs HD 141569

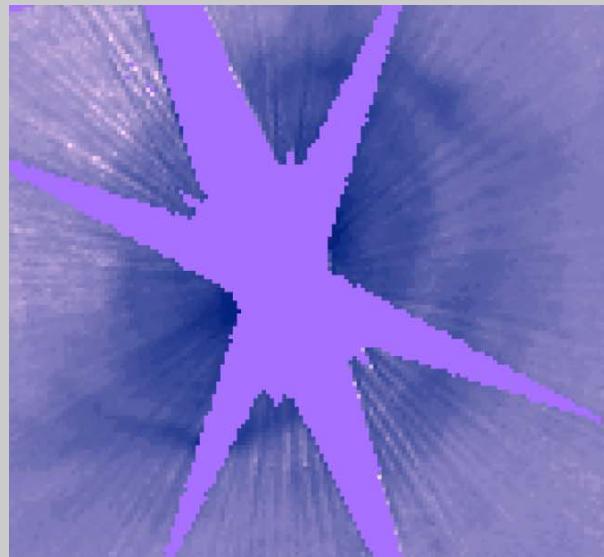


Kamp et al. (2005)

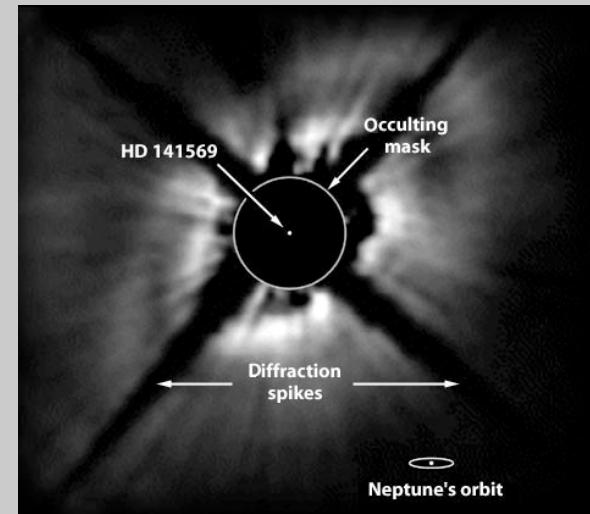
HD 100546 vs HD 141569

$T_{\text{eff}} \sim 10,000 \text{ K}$	$T_{\text{eff}} \sim 10,000 \text{ K}$
$R_{\text{in}} = 13 \text{ AU}$	$R_{\text{in}} = 9 \text{ AU}$
$\sim 10 \text{ Myr}$	$\sim 5 \text{ Myr}$
$T(\text{CO}) = 1000 \text{ K}$	$T(\text{CO}) = 200 \text{ K}$
$L_{\text{PAH}}/L_{\text{UV}} = 6.4E-3^{\text{a}}$	$L_{\text{PAH}}/L_{\text{UV}} = 5.3E-4^{\text{a}}$

a) Acke et al. 2004



Grady et al. 2005

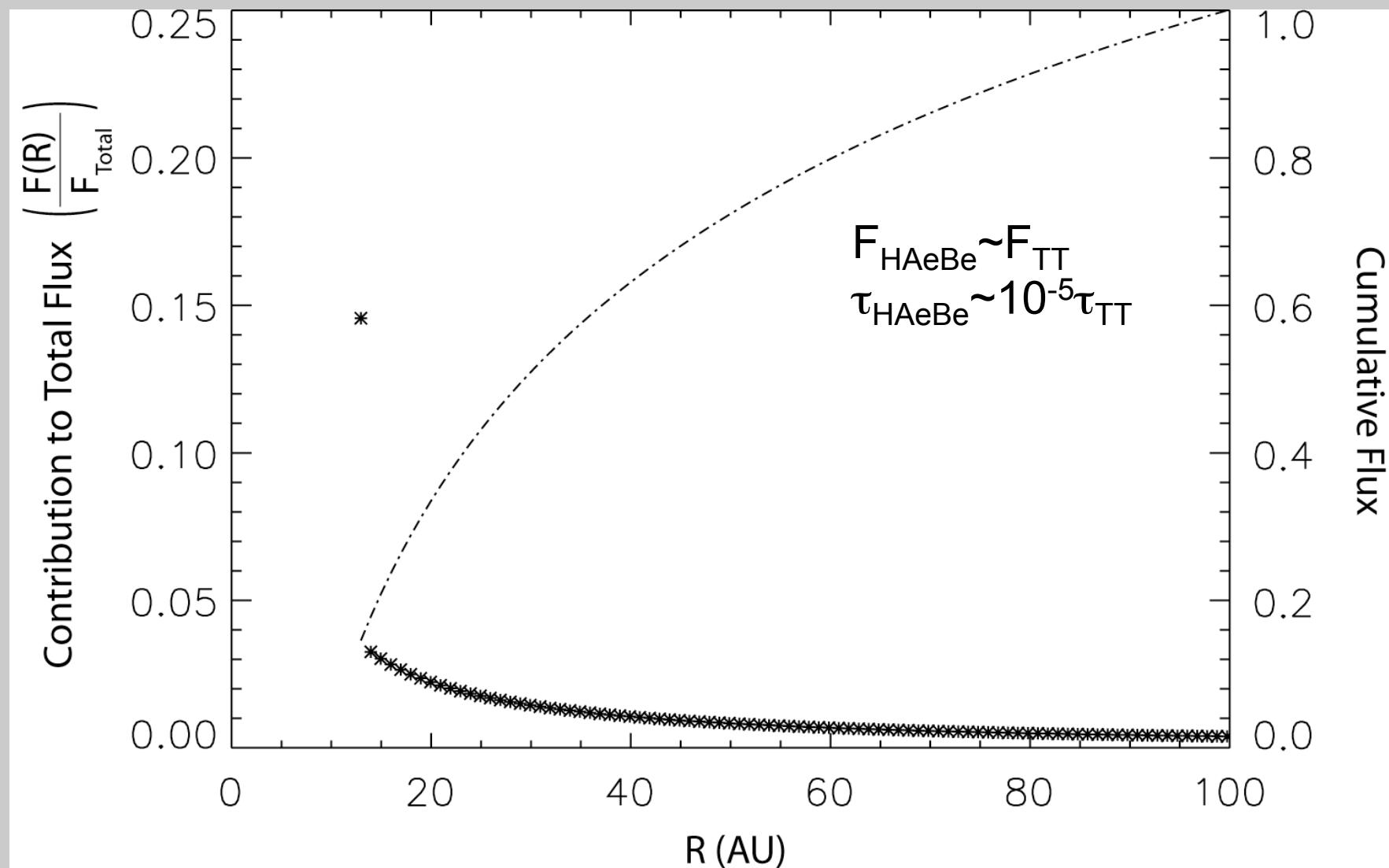


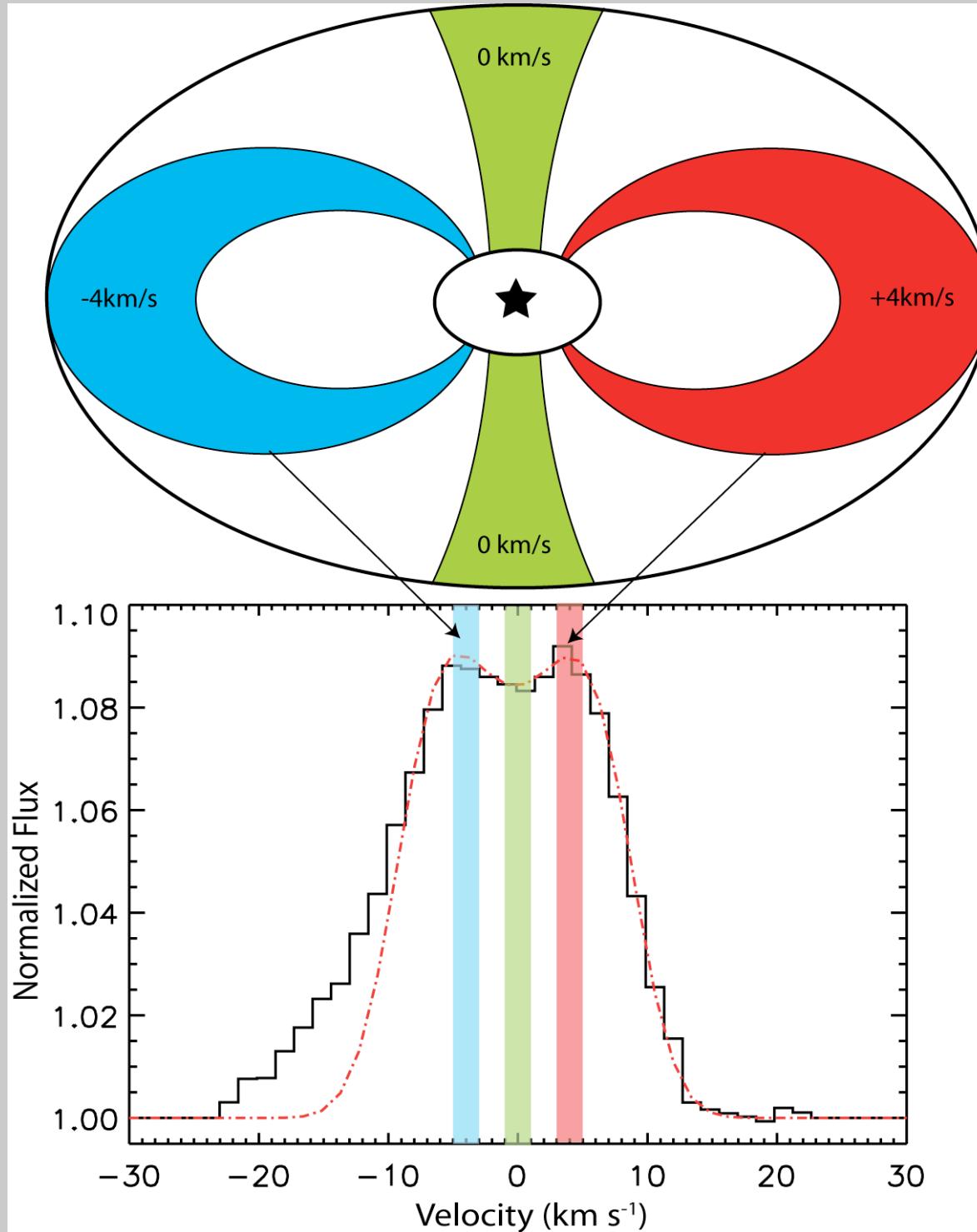
A. Weinberger, E. Becklin (UCLA), G. Schneider (Univ. of Arizona), and NASA.

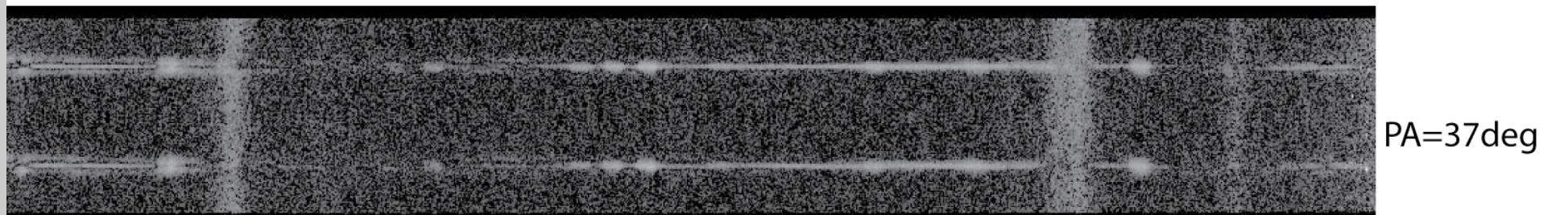
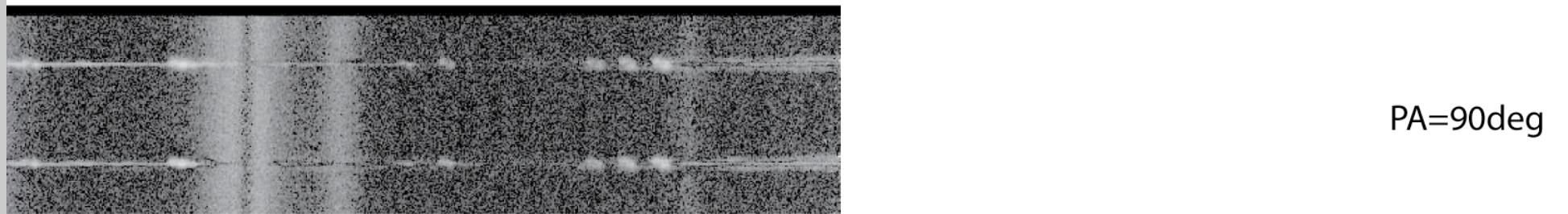
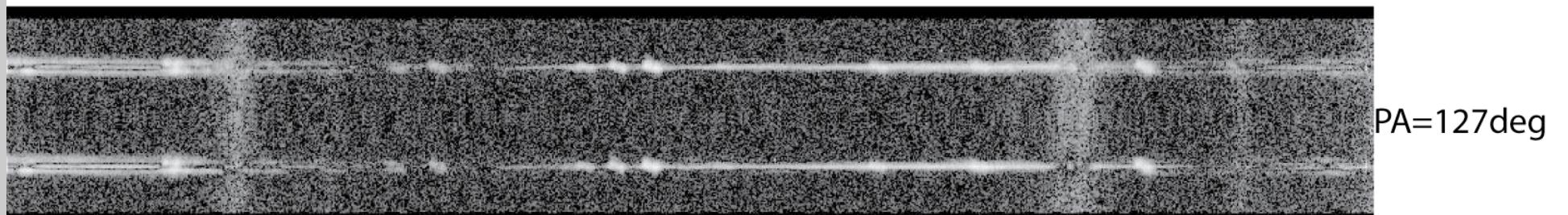
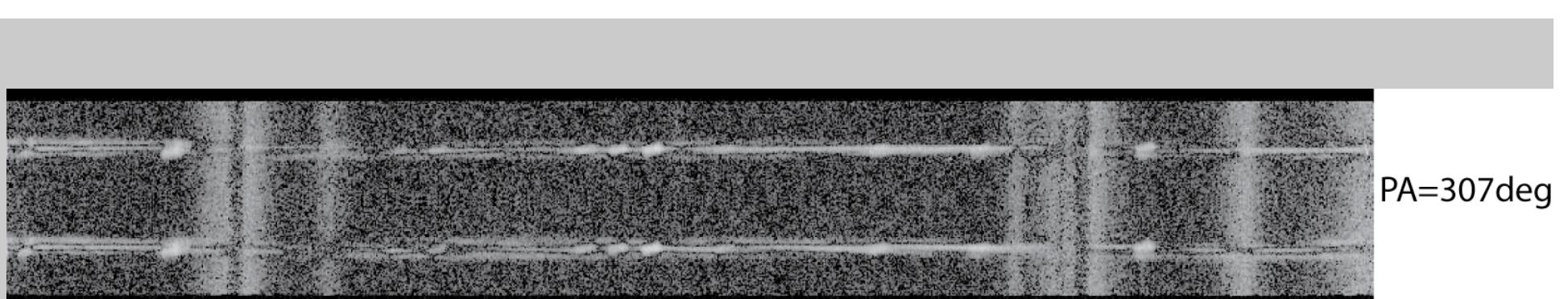
Spatial Structure of Emission Lines

(B39-Troutman et al. , B41-van der Plas et al.)

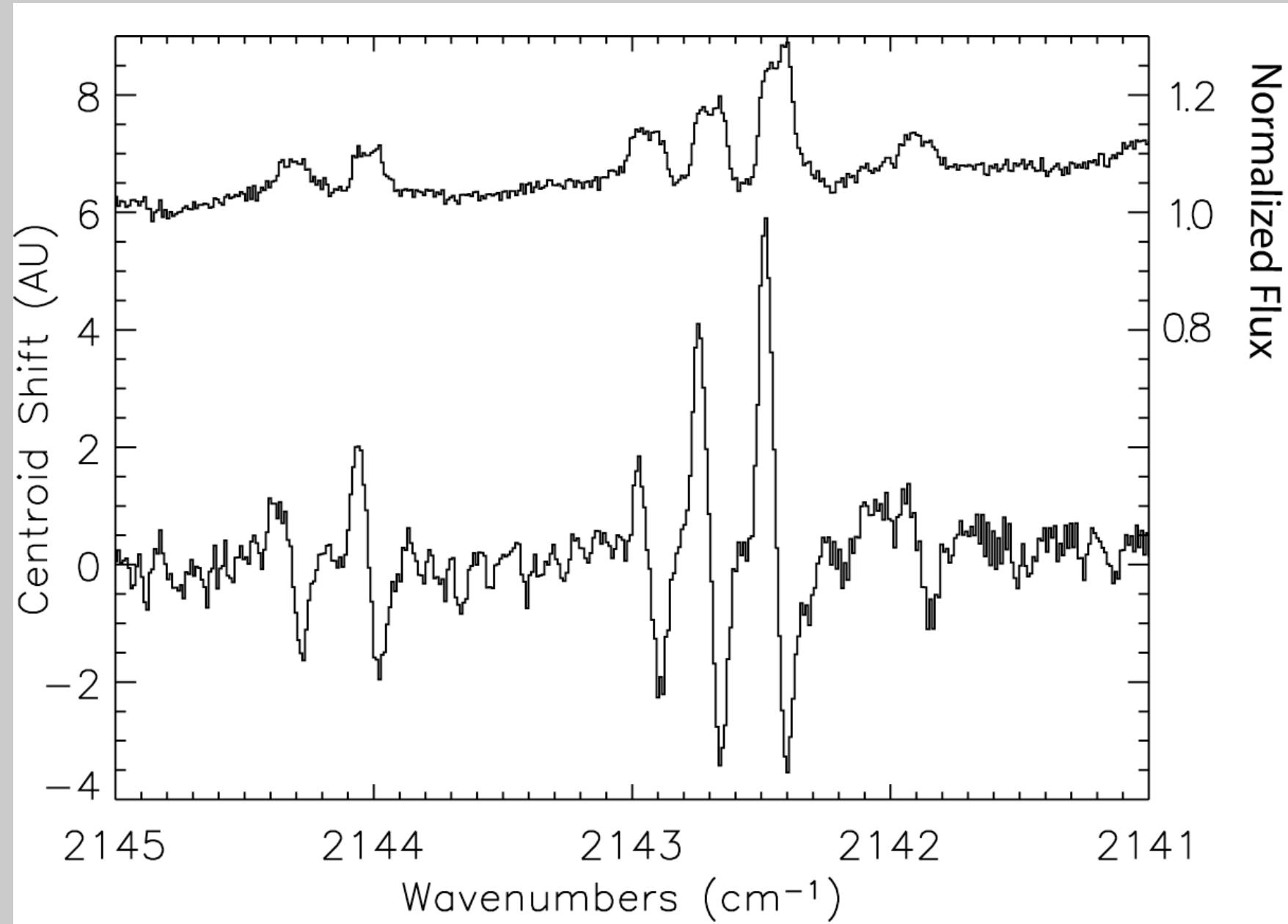
HD 100546



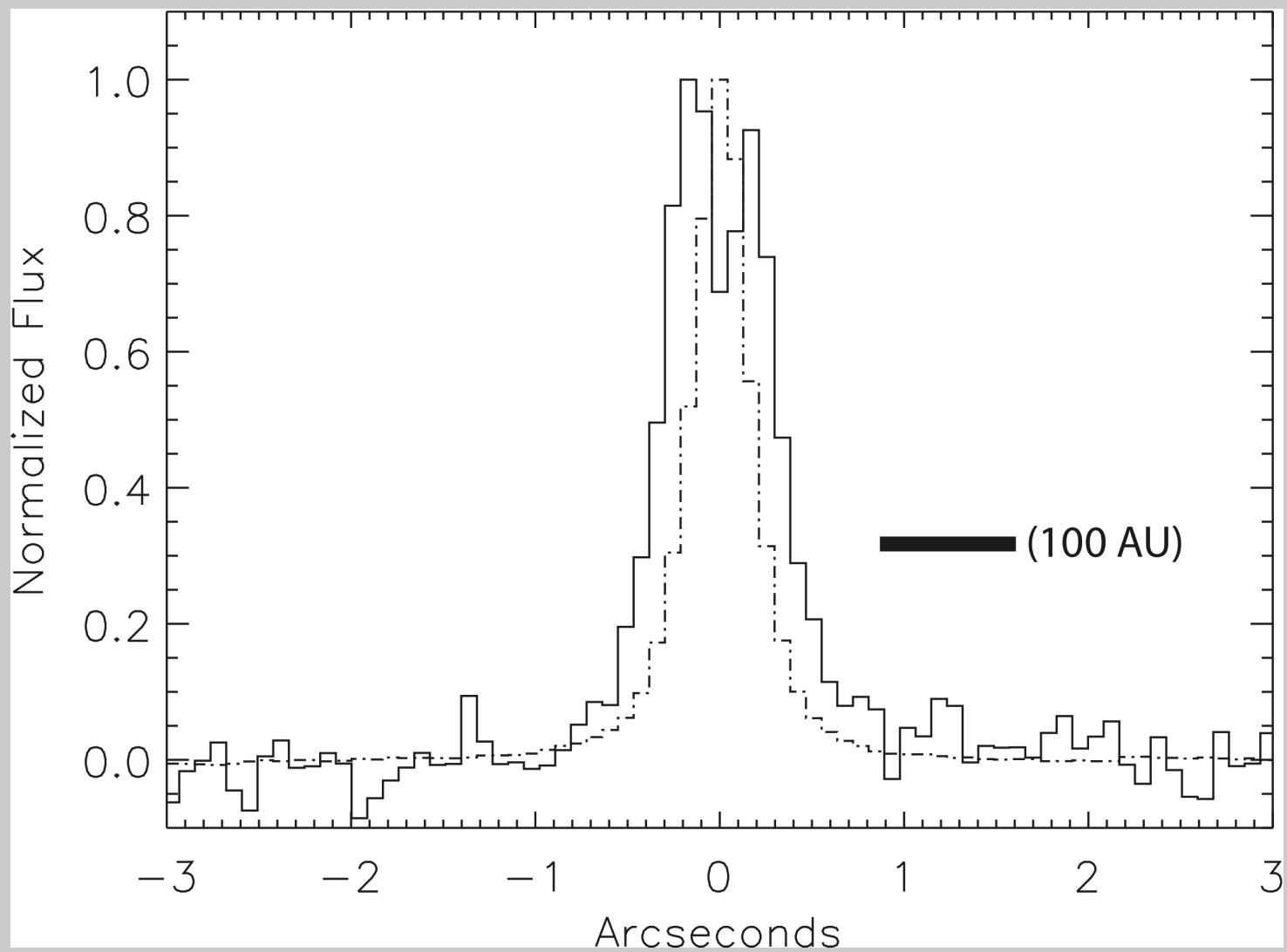




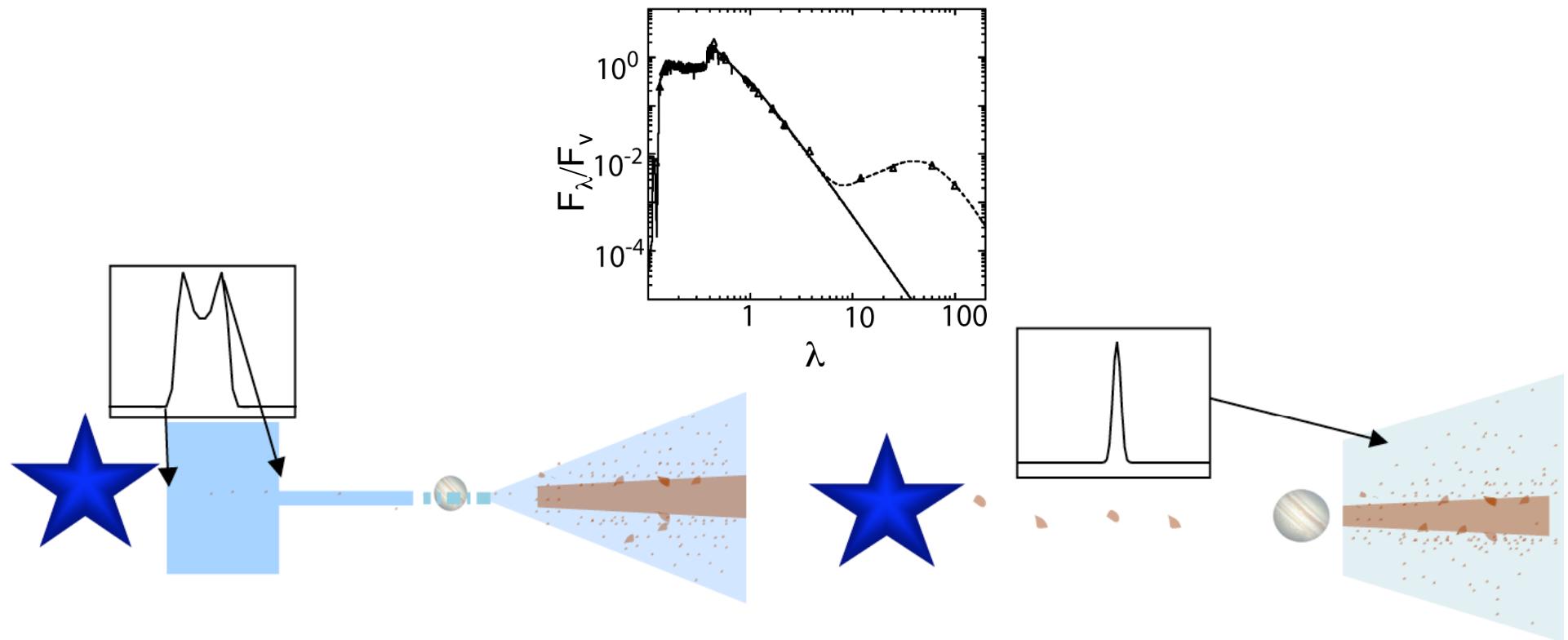
HD 100546



HD 100546



Gas in Transitional Disks



Conclusions

1. CO emission is a sensitive probe of warm gas in the inner disk
2. Evidence that temperature of CO set by photoelectric heating.
3. Spatially resolved PSF of HD100546 and HD141569 confirm the excitation modeling.
4. Evidence suggests the presence of a massive planet in the inner disk around HD100546
5. Does the inner disk reflect an OH-rich/CO poor region?