



John llee

University of St Andrews

In collaboration with: Peter Woitke (U. of St Andrews) Rene Oudmaijer, John Fairlamb (U. of Leeds) Stefan Kraus (U. of Exeter) Hugh Wheelwright (MPIfR, Bonn)





Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Why the inner disc?



- Important for accretion
- But, difficult to observe
- Need *indirect* probes...

 $R_{\rm sub} \sim a \text{ few AU}$ $T_{\rm sub} \sim 1500 \,\mathrm{K}$





CO first overtone bandhead emission

John Ilee





• Excited in warm, dense gas

 $T = 1000 - 5000 \,\mathrm{K}$ $n > 10^{15} \,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$

 The shape of the bandhead contains information about the origin of the emission (temperatures, densities, orientations)

(Carr 1989, Bik & Thi 2004, Berthoud 2007, Wheelwright et al. 2010, Ilee et al. 2013)





Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Analysing the overtones - a simple model

- Geometrically thin disc
- Temperature and density are described analytically
- Each element emits CO in LTE
- Applied to VLT/CRIRES spectra...

$$T(r) = T_{\rm i} \left(\frac{r}{R_{\rm i}}\right)^p$$

$$N(r) = N_{\rm i} \left(\frac{r}{R_{\rm i}}\right)^q$$







Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Analysing the overtones - a simple model







John llee

Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Are the simple models appropriate?

- The thin disc models fit the data well.
- But, what about:
 - The disc vertical structure?
 - The effect of radiative transfer?
 - The chemistry occurring in these regions?





Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

The next step - ProDiMo

- Protoplanetary Disc Model (Woitke, Kamp & Thi 2009)
- Self consistent modelling of physics, chemistry and radiation transport in circumstellar discs
- Can apply this to the inner disc...







Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

The 'Herbig Ae' inner disc model

• Hydrostatic disc model with two radial zones







John llee

Structure





Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Disc structure



(llee et al. 2014b, in prep.)





Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Disc structure



(llee et al. 2014b, in prep.)





Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Disc structure

• "Puffed up inner rim" for both gas and dust 0.2 $\mathbf{0}$ 0.1



(llee et al. 2014b, in prep.)





Disc structure

John Ilee

0.8 Inner gas highly 1.5 14 16 2.0 2.5 10 12 3.0 3.5 log T_{gas} [K] irradiated $\log n_{H>} [cm^{-3}]$ 0.6 • Two regimes: <u>ч</u> N 0.4 1. Extended, hot, atomic upper layers 0.2 2. Cold, thin, molecular 10.0 1.0 1.0 midplane 10.0 r [AU] r [AU] (llee et al. 2014b, in prep.)





John llee



Do we need to rethink our cartoon?





John Ilee

Line Emission





Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Line Emission

• Can determine origin of line emission in this model









Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Line Emission







Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Line Emission

• Inner mass determines strength of CO bandhead emission:







Investigating inner discs around Herbig Ae/Be stars

Line Emission

...and location of CO bandhead emission







What next?

John Ilee

- Determine other line tracers for these disc regions & collect potential observables
- Look at earlier spectral types a 'Herbig Be' model?
- Concentrate on individual objects, adapt these models to them, and fit multi-wavelength datasets





Summary

John Ilee

- Simple thin disc models can fit CO bandhead emission well, and suggest inner disc origin
- Modelling physics, chemistry & RT of these regions also suggests a disc origin, but the structure of the disc is not 'thin'
- The inner disc must contain sufficient mass before the CO originates from there - a possible hint at why some YSOs exhibit this emission while others do not