

Key words: Laser guide star facility, artificial star, adaptive optics

ESOcast Episode 106: ChileChill 9: Lasers over Paranal	
00:00 [Visual starts] ESOcast intro 1. This is the ESOcast! Cutting-edge science and life behind the scenes at ESO, the European Southern Observatory.	00:00 ESOcast introduction
00:00 2. High on the mountaintop of Paranal in Chile, dusk falls quietly over ESO's Very Large Telescope (VLT).	
00:00 3. In the darkness, four bright lasers shoot up into the sky like something out of a science-fiction film.	
00:00 4. These lasers help give astronomers a better view of stars and galaxies far, far away.	
00:00 5. Earth's atmosphere is the biggest barrier between ground-based telescopes and a sharp view of the night sky, because turbulence causes stars to twinkle.	
00:00 6. ESO built telescopes up here in the Atacama Desert to exploit some of the clearest and darkest skies in the world.	
00:00 7. Still not enough.	

00:00 8. Cue a technological stroke of genius: adaptive optics.	
00:00 9. Adaptive optics systems use bright stars to measure atmospheric conditions. This helps telescopes take sharper images.	
00:00 10. But sometimes, there are no bright nearby stars. So astronomers create them!	
00:00 11. A powerful laser can make sodium atoms high in the atmosphere glow. Instant artificial star!	
00:00 13. In April 2016, four new stars arrived in the Paranal skies: the 4 Laser Guide Star Facility was installed at the VLT.	
00:00 14. Its four lasers are the most powerful laser guide stars ever used in astronomy.	
00:00 15. Creating multiple artificial stars gives a better understanding of atmospheric conditions, which leads to a better image.	
00:00 16. This clever system is paving the way for the adaptive optics system of the Extremely Large Telescope.	
00:00 [Outro]	Produced by ESO, the European Southern Observatory. Reaching new heights in Astronomy.