



Max-Planck-Institut  
für Radioastronomie

Eduardo Ros, Walter Alef, Helge Rottmann, et al.  
ALMA Developers Meeting  
Göteborg, SE, May 26, 2016

# VLBI WITH ALMA



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# mm-VLBI science

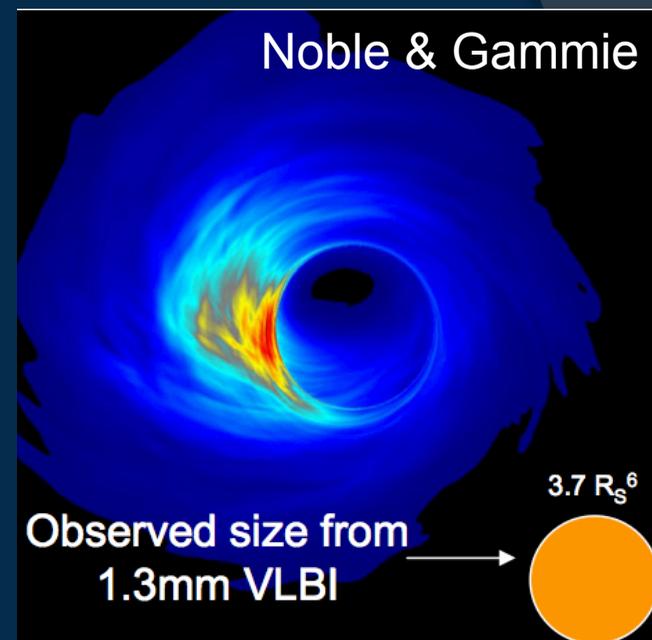
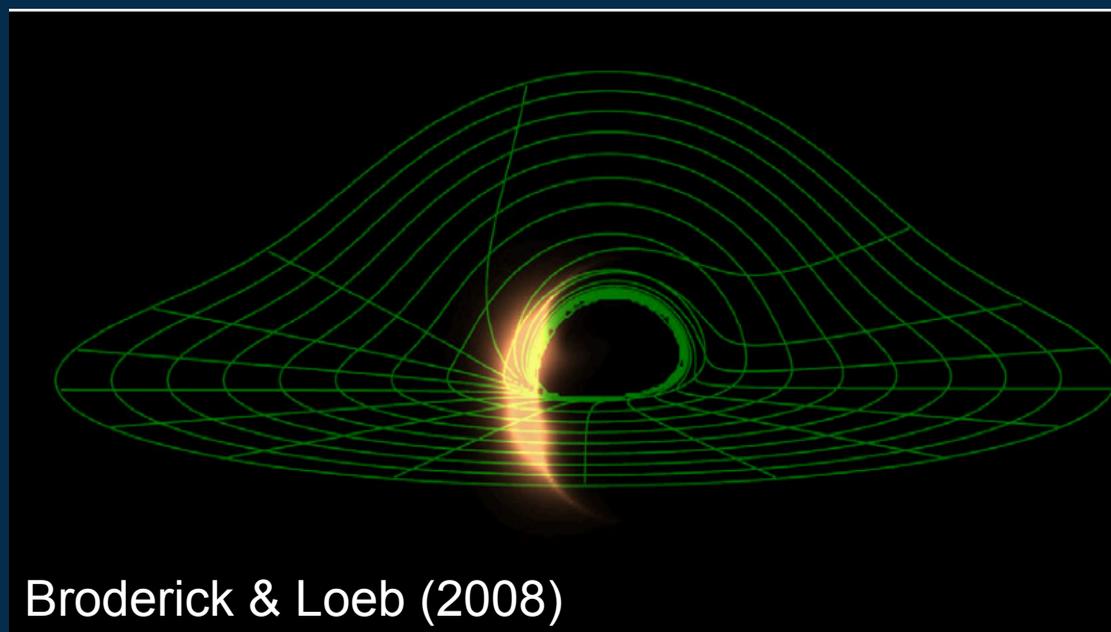
# The science

- ⦿ Study of the immediate vicinity of the central engine in AGN
  - Schwarzschild-radius size imaging
  - Collimation and acceleration region in jets
- ⦿ Spectral-line VLBI of absorbing systems for fundamental constant determination
- ⦿ VLBI of masers in stellar objects and AGN
- ⦿ Astrometry in the Milky Way and beyond



# Below $\lambda 3\text{mm}$ : towards the BH shadow

Doeleman et al. Nature  
455, 78-80 (2008)



Observed size:  $43^{+14}_{-8} \mu\text{as}$

Deconvolved:  $37 \mu\text{as}$

Intrinsic:  $3.7 R_s$

Observed size smaller than expected size of ISCO or photon ring:

Emission from hot spot or width of crescent shaped larger photon ring?

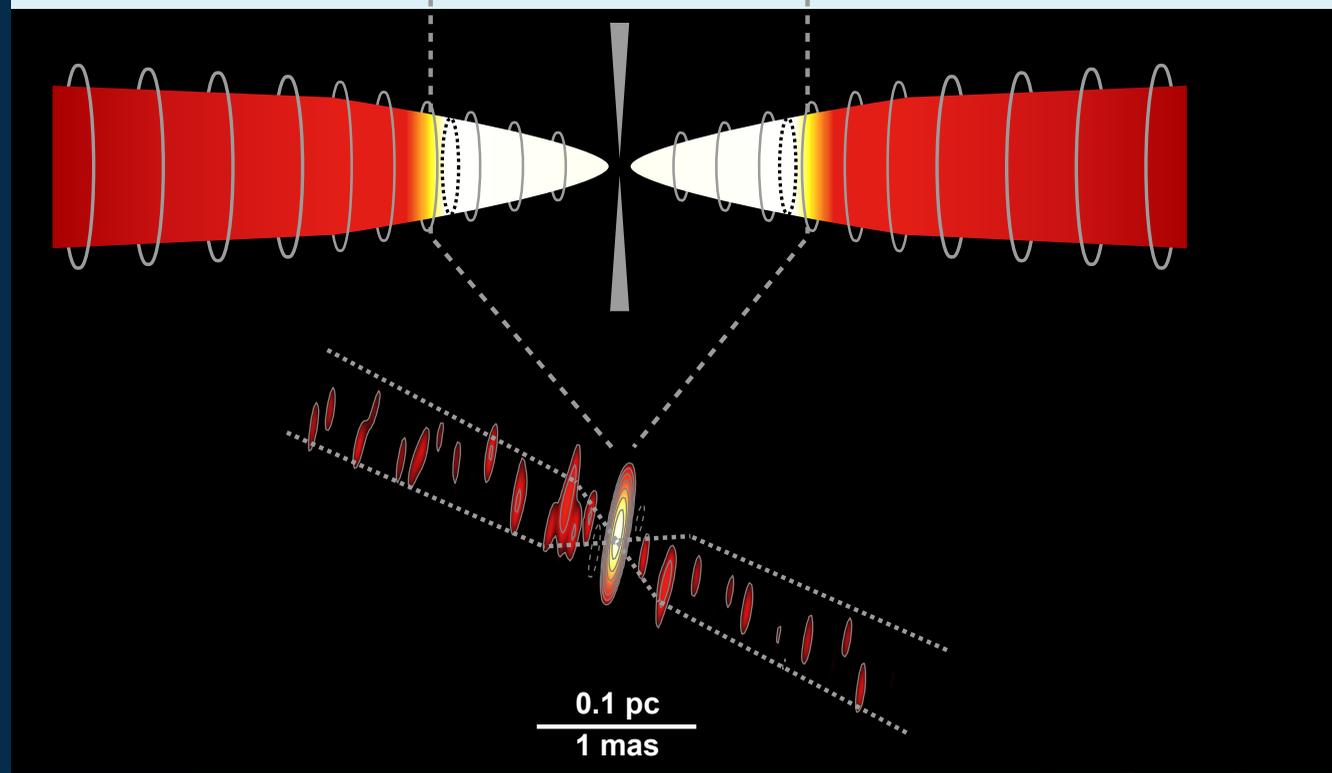
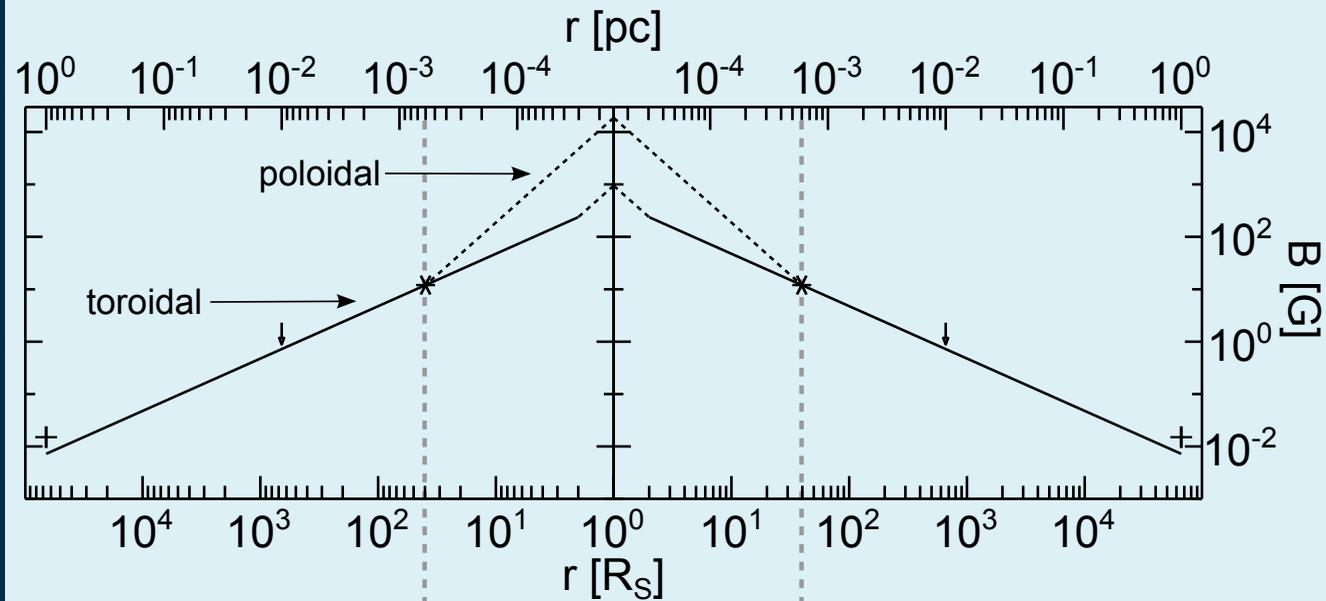
$$M_6 = \frac{0.1}{\alpha} \theta_{\mu\text{as}} D_{\text{Kpc}}$$



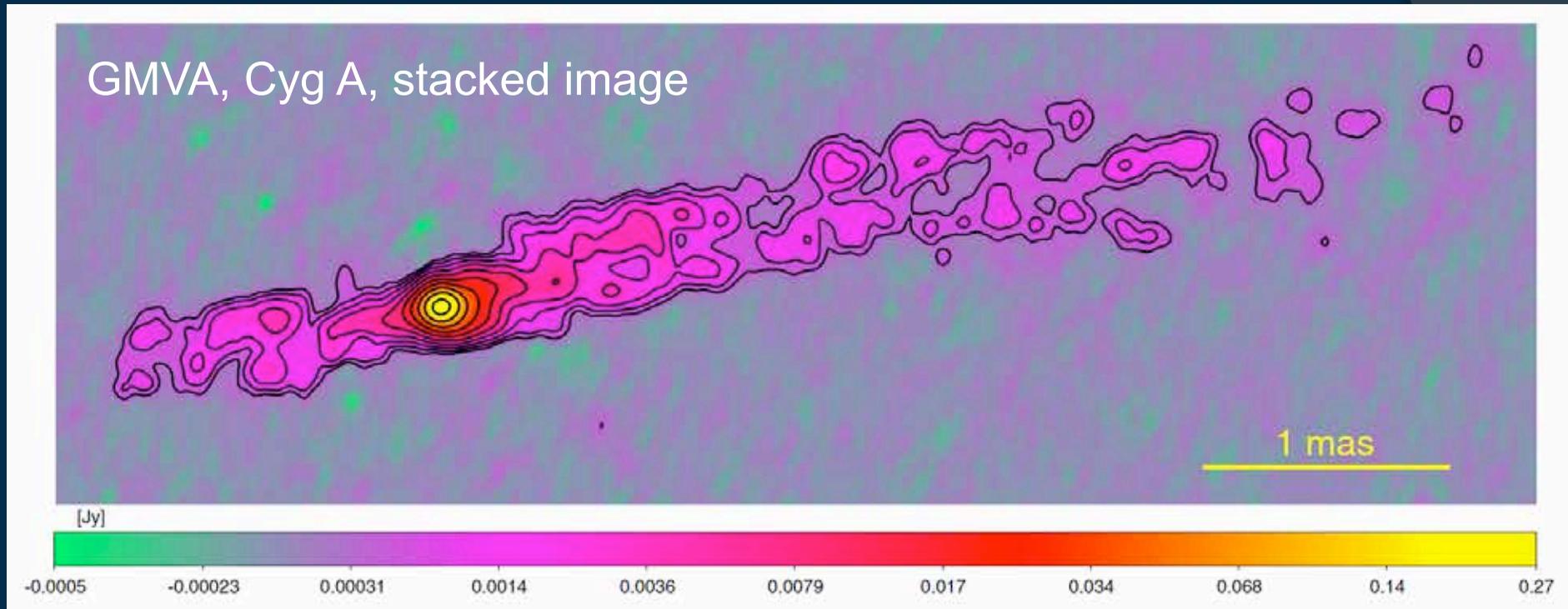
# NGC1052 at 3mm: High magnetic fields

$$B_{\text{Sc}, 1R_s} = 200\text{-}80000 \text{ G}$$

Baczko et al. (in press,  
arXiv:1605.07100)



# Jet ejection from accretion disk



Boccardi et al. *A&A* **588**, L9 (2016)  
Highlighted in *Nature* **532**, 150 (2016)

Jet base  $100\times$  wider than event horizon region.  
The disk is responsible for the jet ejection





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# Technique: present status

# ALMA and VLBI

- ⦿ ALMA did not include VLBI options to start, hooks for phasing included in the correlator
- ⦿ Additions to make VLBI possible:
  - H-Maser
  - Phasing system & software
  - VLBI formatting, data transport & recorders
  - Briefing ALMA staff



# Background

1. ALMA upgraded by implementing a beamformer for phasing up ALMA for VLBI and PSR (feasibility under investigation) observations
2. Event Horizon Telescope assemblies
3. Preparing operation of ALMA in a VLBI network: GMVA proposed upgrade to ALMA
  - Procedures established, suggesting operational modus
4. Goal: joint observations ALMA with VLBI networks – approved by board at bands 3&6



# Activities

- ⦿ ALMA Phasing Program
- ⦿ Science case for ALMA beamformer (Fish et al. 2013, arXiv:1309.3519)
- ⦿ White paper on implementation (Tilanus et al. 2014, arXiv:1406.4650)
- ⦿ ERC granted a Synergy Proposal (BlackHoleCam) to several European partners to achieve scientific goals
- ⦿ Definition of operations by upgrade study, board approved
- ⦿ ALMA VLBI Coordination Committee grounded:
  - ALMA Cycle 4 call included VLBI option
  - Observations planned for April 2017 in Bands 3&6



# Technical development: DBBC3, correlator

- State-of-the-art technology enabling cutting-edge science
- DBBC3:
  - Development by INAF-Noto, MPIfR & OSO
  - Production Hat-Lab
  - Flexible data rate up to 128 Gbps, EHT target 64 Gbps
  - Supported by 
- DiFX correlator:
  - New cluster Q1/2015  
1000-1500 computer cores
  - 6×Mark6 units

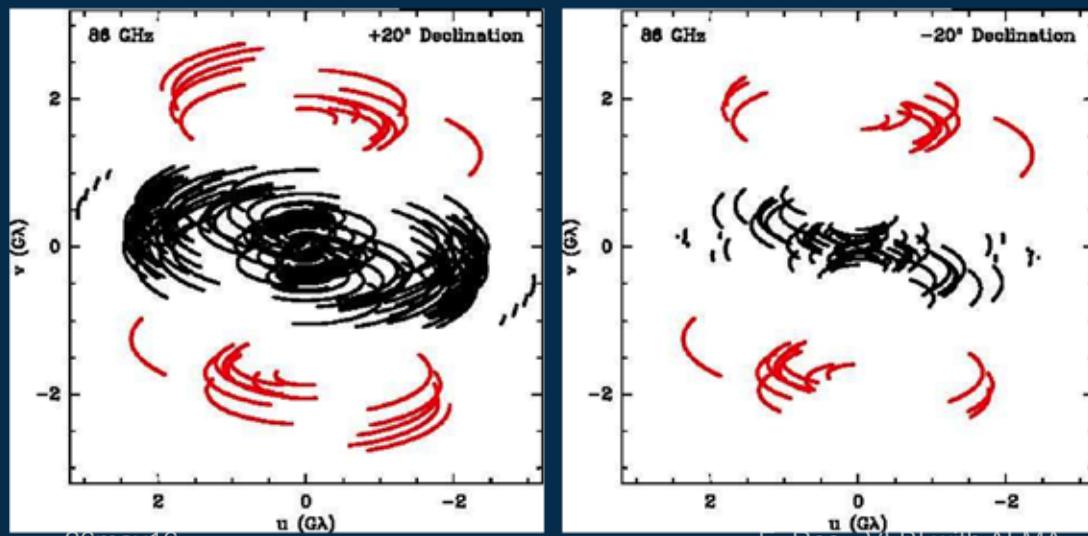


See <http://www.hat-lab.com>



# ALMA Phasing Project (2011-15)

- Goal: Coherently add the signals from individual antennas to form a very sensitive single-dish mm/sub-mm instrument (PSR & VLBI)
- Resources: 25 FTE-yr, over 4 M\$ (NSF/ MRI + other partners)



26may16

E. Ros - VLBI with ALMA

uv-coverage including ALMA  
(3mm left, 1mm right)



# ALMA Phasing Project

**Oct 2009:** International team assembled

**Jan 2011:** ALMA board endorses NSF proposal

**Sep 2011:** NSF Awards MRI grant and international funding secured

**Dec 2011:** Project kickoff meeting

**Nov 2012:** PDR passed

**May 2013:** CDR passed with minor issues to be solved.

**Jul 2015:** ALMA Acceptance Review passed

**Aug 2015:** ALMA Phasing Project ends; NSF grants prolongation



# VLBI recent tests

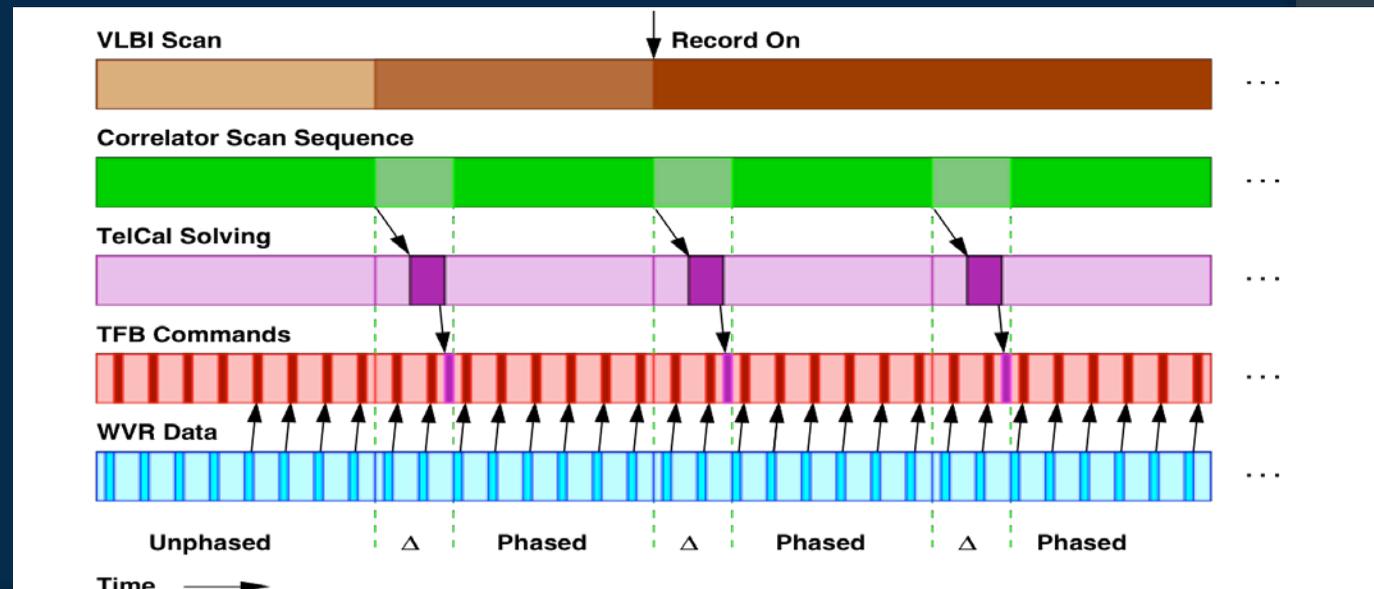
Date	$\lambda$	Antennas	Purpose	Fringes?	Comments
2015/01	1.3	<b>ALMA-</b> APEX	Comm.	✓	1 <sup>st</sup> ALMA fringes
2015/01	1.3	SPT-APEX	Comm.	✓	1 <sup>st</sup> SPT fringes
2015/03	1.3	<b>ALMA-</b> PV	Test	✓	1 <sup>st</sup> ALMA intercont. frg.
2015/08	3.5	<b>ALMA-</b> VLBA-EB	Comm.	✓	1 <sup>st</sup> ALMA 3mm fringes, DBBC2 mode failed
2015/10	3.5	Local	Test	×	DBBC mode improvements
2016/05	3.5	Local	Test	✓	DBBC2 ALMA mode works
2016/05	3.5	GMVA	Test	search	ALMA mode & 4 Gbps



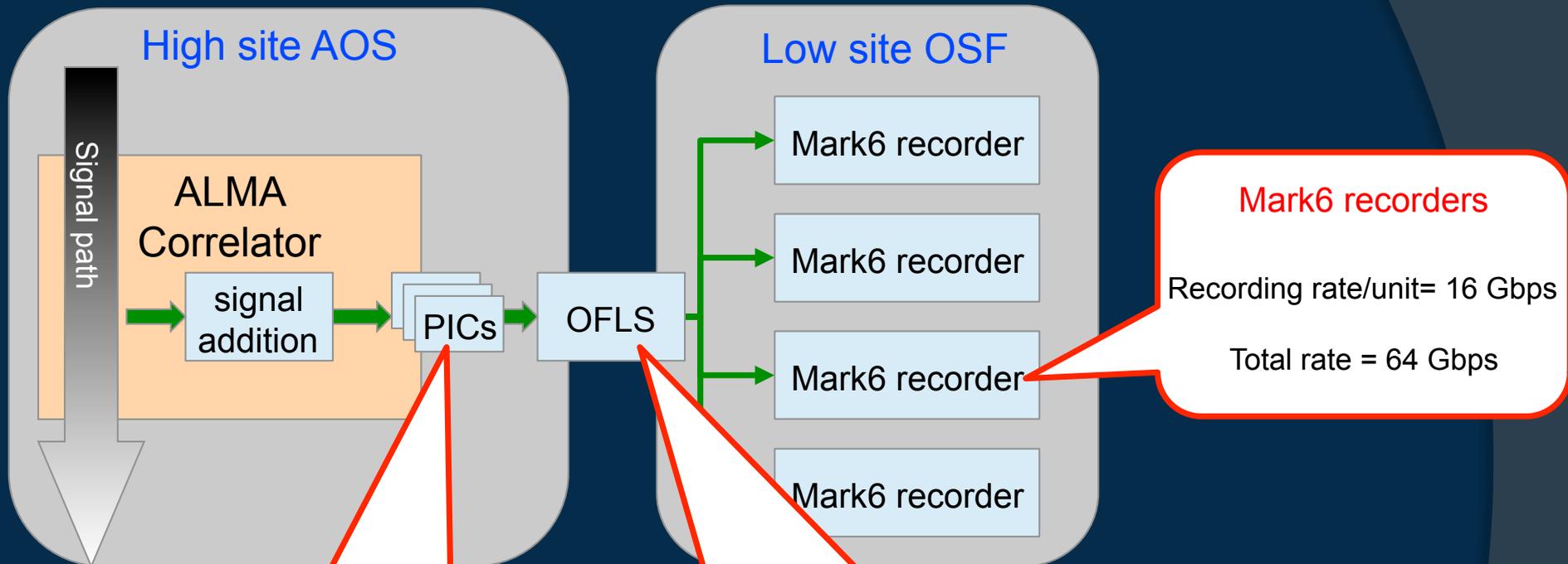
# Hardware & software in place

ALMA rubidium clock replaced by H-maser  
Installed and tested in 2014

**Phasing loop timing**  
Phase variations due to  
troposphere, WVR  
corrections applied



# Signal transport, formatting & recording



## PIC = Phasing Interface Card

- Delivers formatted data
  - VDIF format
  - 10GbE packetization
  - synchronization
  - channelization (32 x 62.5MHz)
  - 2bit sampling

Total number of PICs: 8

## OFLS = Optical Fibre Line System

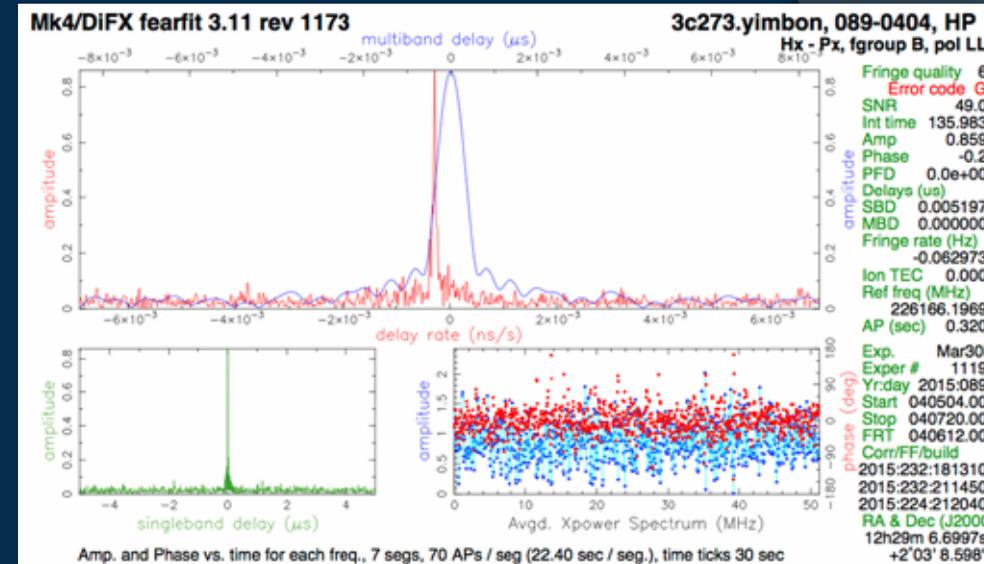
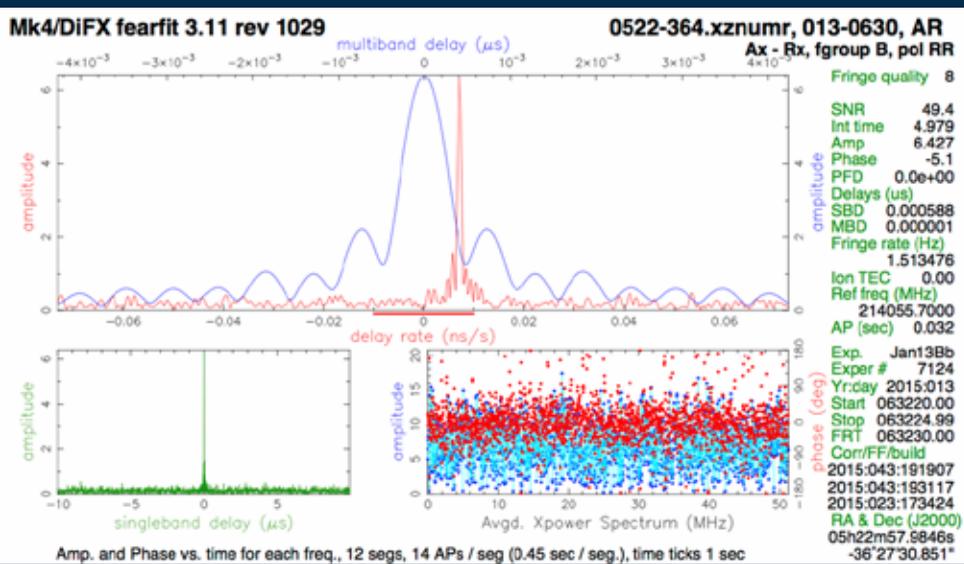
Transports the formatted signal from correlator (AOS high site) to recorder (OSF low site)

MUX/DEMUX over optical fibre

VLBI recorders cannot be operated at very high altitudes (hard disks)



# 1-mm VLBI with ALMA: successful tests



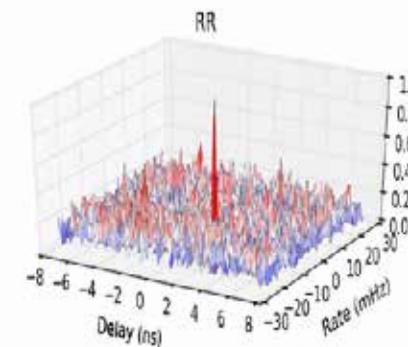
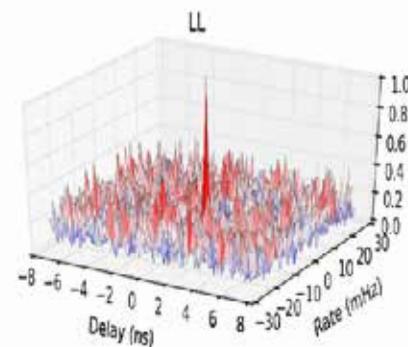
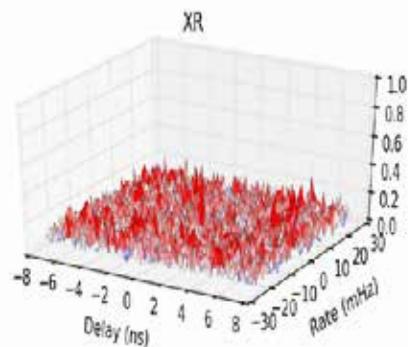
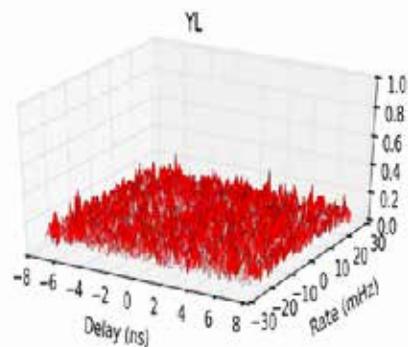
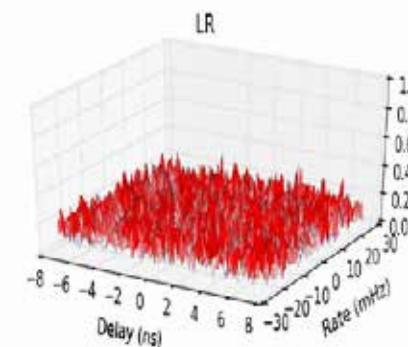
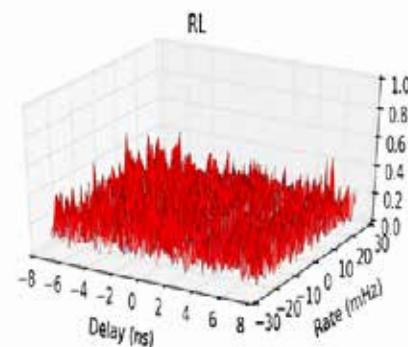
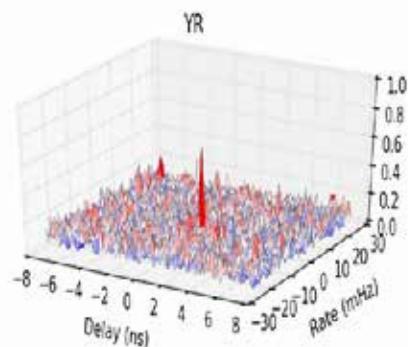
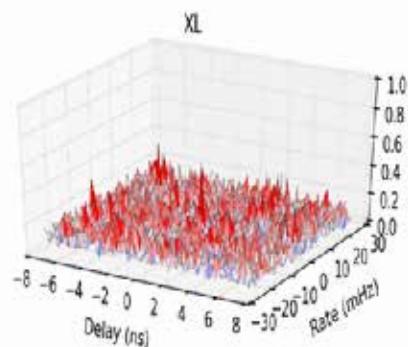
ALMA-APEX fringes, 230 GHz, Mar 2015

ALMA-PV fringes, 240 GHz, Aug 2015



# ALMA polarisation

- Eb-On test at 86 GHz (On XY, Ef RCP/LCP) – DiFX correlation – PolConvert software



# ALMA network providers

## ⦿ 3mm: GMVA

- GMVA submission: February 1<sup>st</sup>
  - Forwarded to TACs of network partners
- ALMA submission: April 21<sup>st</sup>

## ⦿ 1.3mm: EHT

- ALMA submission: April 21<sup>st</sup>
- NRAO submission: April 28<sup>th</sup>
  - Technical and scientific review in progress



# The GMVA

<http://www.mpifr-bonn.mpg.de/div/vlbi/globalmm>

GMVA: the Global mm-VLBI Array

- Complementary to EVN and VLBA, matching resolution with RadioAstron
- Open-sky policy
- Requires expertise for the common user
- At present:
  - 2 sessions per year (spring & fall), off-session observations possible
  - 3.5 mm (also 7 mm)

Image credit: T.P. Krichbaum (MPIfR)

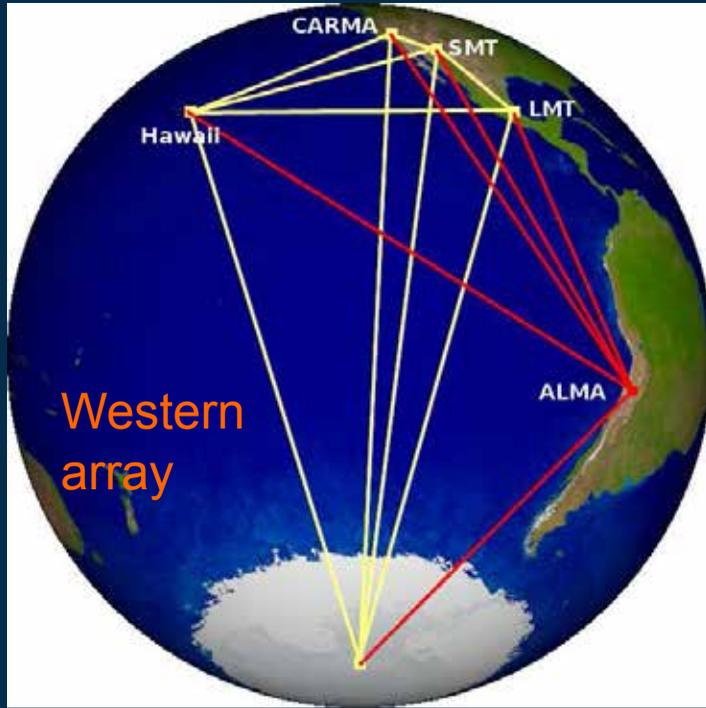
# GMVA sensitivities

Array	Stations	Base-line [mJy]	Array [mJy/hr]	SNR 12-hr map [ $\times 10^3$ ]	Comment
VLBA 2 Gb/s	VLBA(8)	> 164	2.33	1.0	no HN, SC
GMVA 2 Gb/s	VLBA+Eb+Pb +Pv+On+Mh	> 33	0.86	2.8	68 mJy VLBA-IRAM
+Yb	GMVA+Yb	> 27	0.67	3.7	68 mJy VLBA-Yb
+Lm+Gb	GMVA+Yb+Lm +Gb	> 10	0.30	8.2	31 mJy VLBA-Gb
+ALMA37	GMVA+Yb +LMT+Gb +ALMA37	> 5	0.19	12.9	5 mJy ALMA-Gb

$\Delta\nu=512$  MHz (2 Gb/s),  $t=20$ s,  $7\sigma$  fringe detection, 2-bit



# Event Horizon Telescope



- Mauna Kea, Hawaii:
  - SMA, JCMT ( $D_{\text{eff}}$ : 23m)
- Mount Graham, Arizona:
  - SMT (10-m)
- Inyo Mountains, California:
  - CARMA ( $D_{\text{eff}}$ : 27m)
- Sierra Negra, Mexico:
  - LMT (50-m)
- Atacama desert:
  - ALMA, ( $D_{\text{eff}}$ : 85-m)
  - APEX, (12-m)
- Pico Veleta (Sierra Nevada, Spain, 30-m)
- Plateau de Bure/NOEMA (France,  $D_{\text{eff}}$ : 37-m)
- South Pole Telescope (10-m)
- Greenland Telescope (12-m)



# Enhancement at $\lambda 1.3\text{mm}$

	PdB	SMTO	APEX	ALMA
Pico Veleta	0.063	0.201	0.169	<b>0.024</b>
Plateau de Bure		0.153	0.129	<b>0.019</b>
SMTO			0.413	<b>0.059</b>
APEX				<b>0.050</b>

Baseline sensitivity (Jy) at 1.3mm for 10s integration time

Sensitivity increase > 3



# Developments external to ALMA

- ⦿ Continuous upgrades: e.g., APEX RX 1mm
- ⦿ GLT being installed in Thule in Summer 2016, commissioning, observations
- ⦿ Simultaneous multi-wavelength receivers (e.g. KVN)
- ⦿ New antennas to enhance image fidelity (uv-coverage & sensitivity)
  - Europe: SRT at 3mm
  - Latin America & Africa: LLAMA project, studies
  - Asia & Australia: new dishes, Nobeyama/ATCA/Mopra option
- ⦿ Technical developments: data bit rate, correlator output



# Summary: VLBI at ALMA

- Equipment in place (H-maser, recorders)
- Phasing completed
- Polarisation conversion completed
- APP lifetime extended to 2016 for completing features
- Cycle 4 call closed
- Present limitations
  - 3-hr on source for calibration
  - $S > 0.5$  Jy (phasing on program source)
- Pending:
  - Model source (extended structure) for phasing
  - Commissioning of weak sources for additional targets – phasing on calibrator (high-sensitivity science)





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Thanks!