

The KMOS Multi-Object Near-Infrared Integral Field Spectrograph

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ESO 3D2014 11th March 2014



Talk Outline

- Science Requirements
- Technical Description
- Commissioning Results
- Data Reduction Pipeline
- Early GTO/SV Science

Science Case

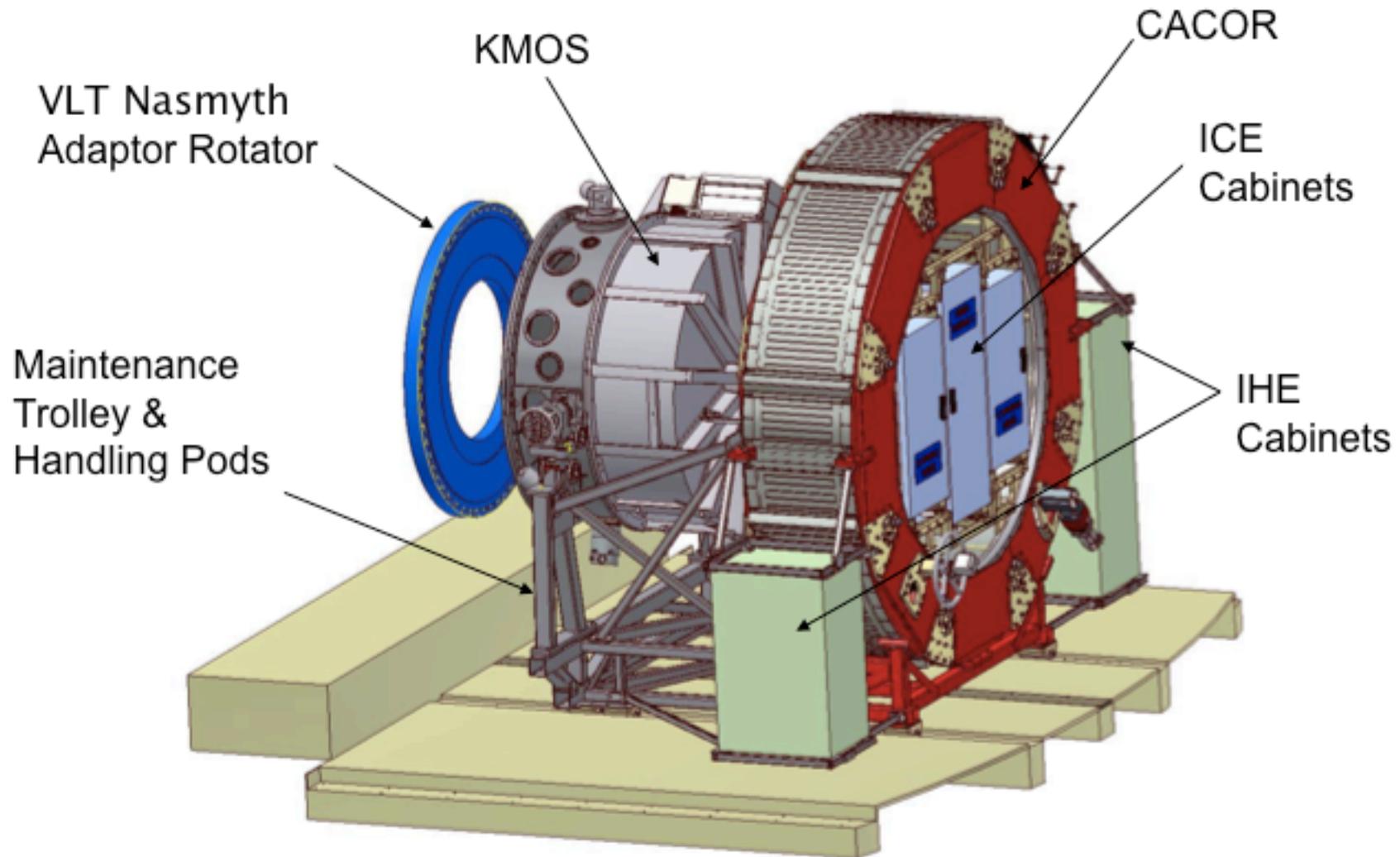
- [1] Cluster Formation and Morphology-Density Relation**
- [2] The Masses and Growth of Field Galaxies**
- [3] Extremely High-Redshift Galaxies and Re-ionisation**
- [4] The AGN-Galaxy Formation Connection**
- [5] Age-Dating Ellipticals at $z=2$ to 3**
- [6] Stellar Populations in Nearby Galaxies**
- [7] Galactic Astronomy**

(Phase A Report Sep 2003)

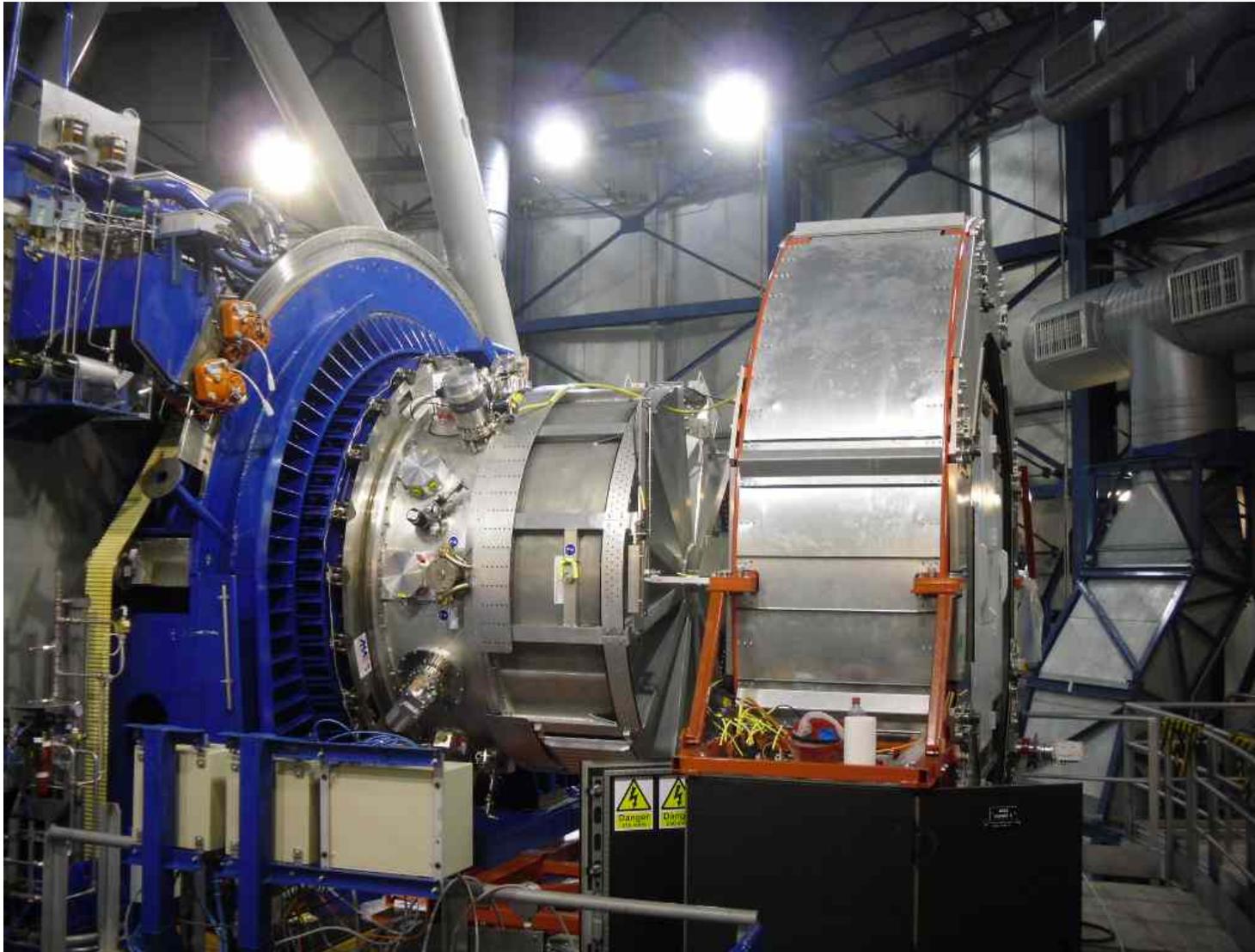
Functional Requirements

Requirement	Value
Throughput	IZ>20%, YJ>20%, H>30%, K>30%
Wavelength coverage	0.85 to 2.5 μm
Spectral Resolution	R>3300,3400,3800,3800 (IZ,YJ,H,K)
Number of IFUs	24
Extent of each IFU	2.8 x 2.8 sq. arc seconds
Spatial Sampling	0.2 arc seconds
Patrol field	7.2' diameter field
Close packing of IFUs	≥ 3 within 1 sq arcmin
Closest approach of IFUs	≥ 2 pairs separated by 6 arcsec

Instrument Overview



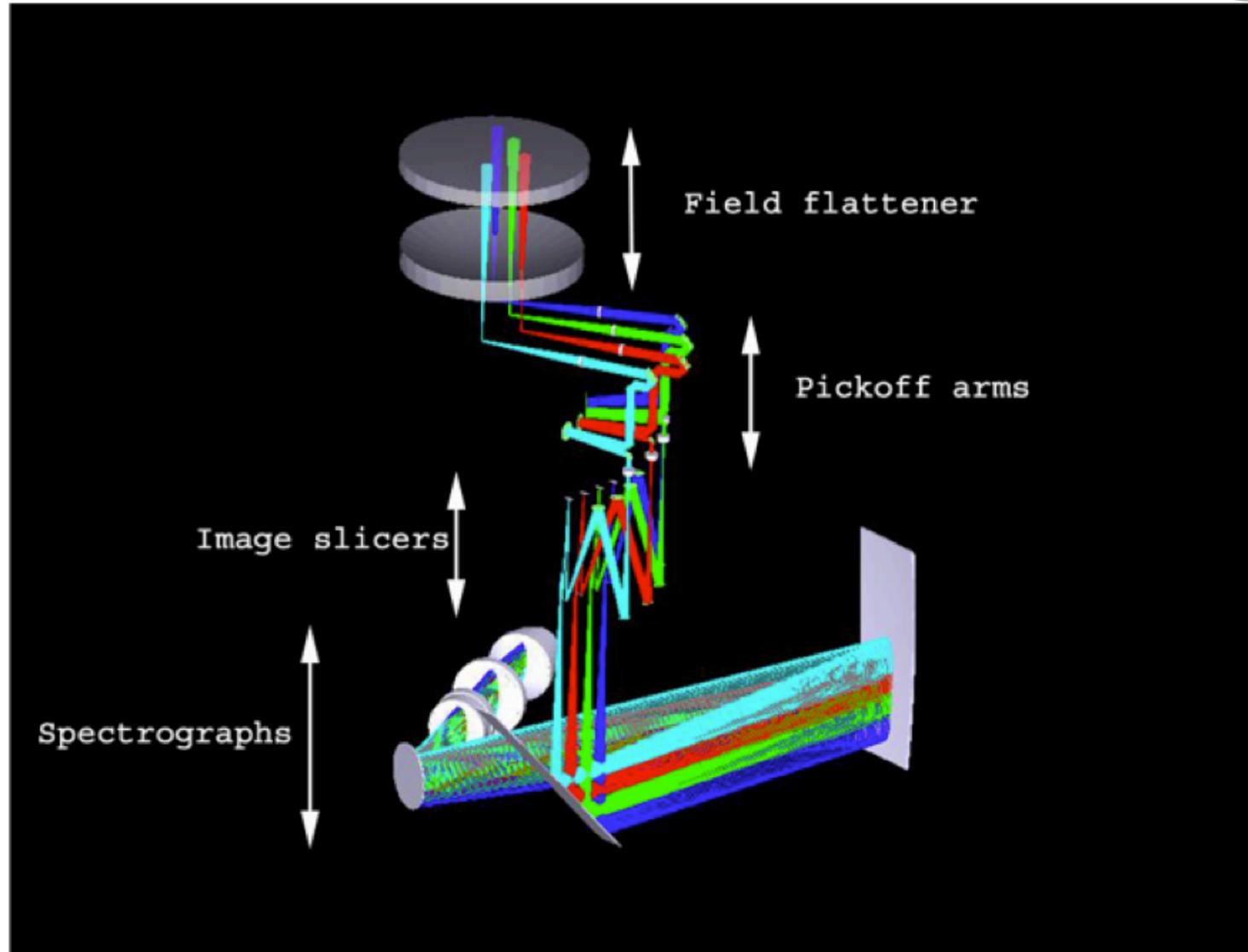
KMOS @ UT1 (Antu)



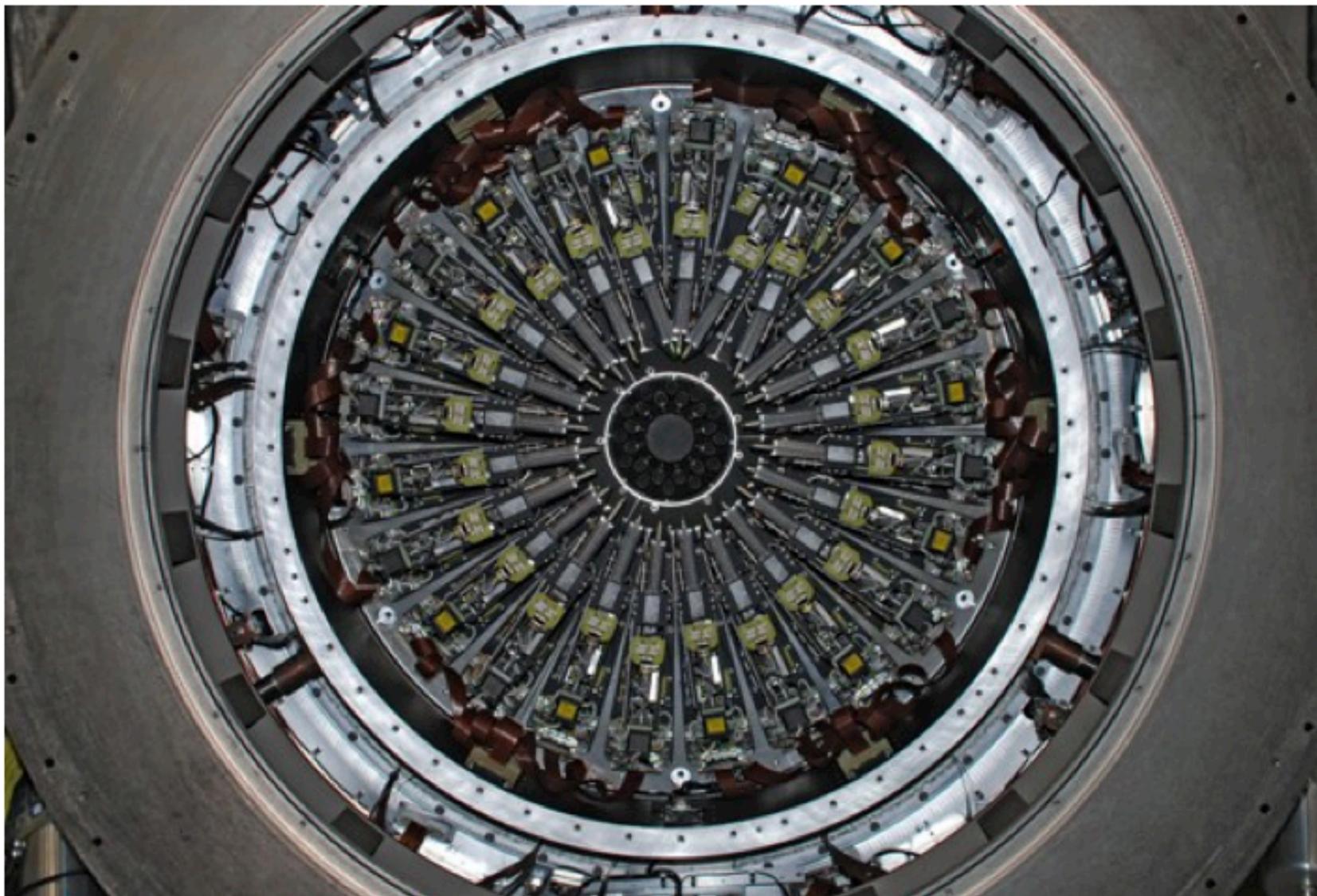
Key Milestones

- Phase A Report Sep 2003
- Preliminary Design Review May 2006
- Final Design Review Apr 2008
- Prelim Acceptance Europe Jul 2012
- First Light Nov 2012
- Commissioning 1 Nov 2012
- Commissioning 2 Jan 2013
- Commissioning 3 Mar 2013
- Science Verification Jun/Sep 2013
- Start of Operations Oct 2013

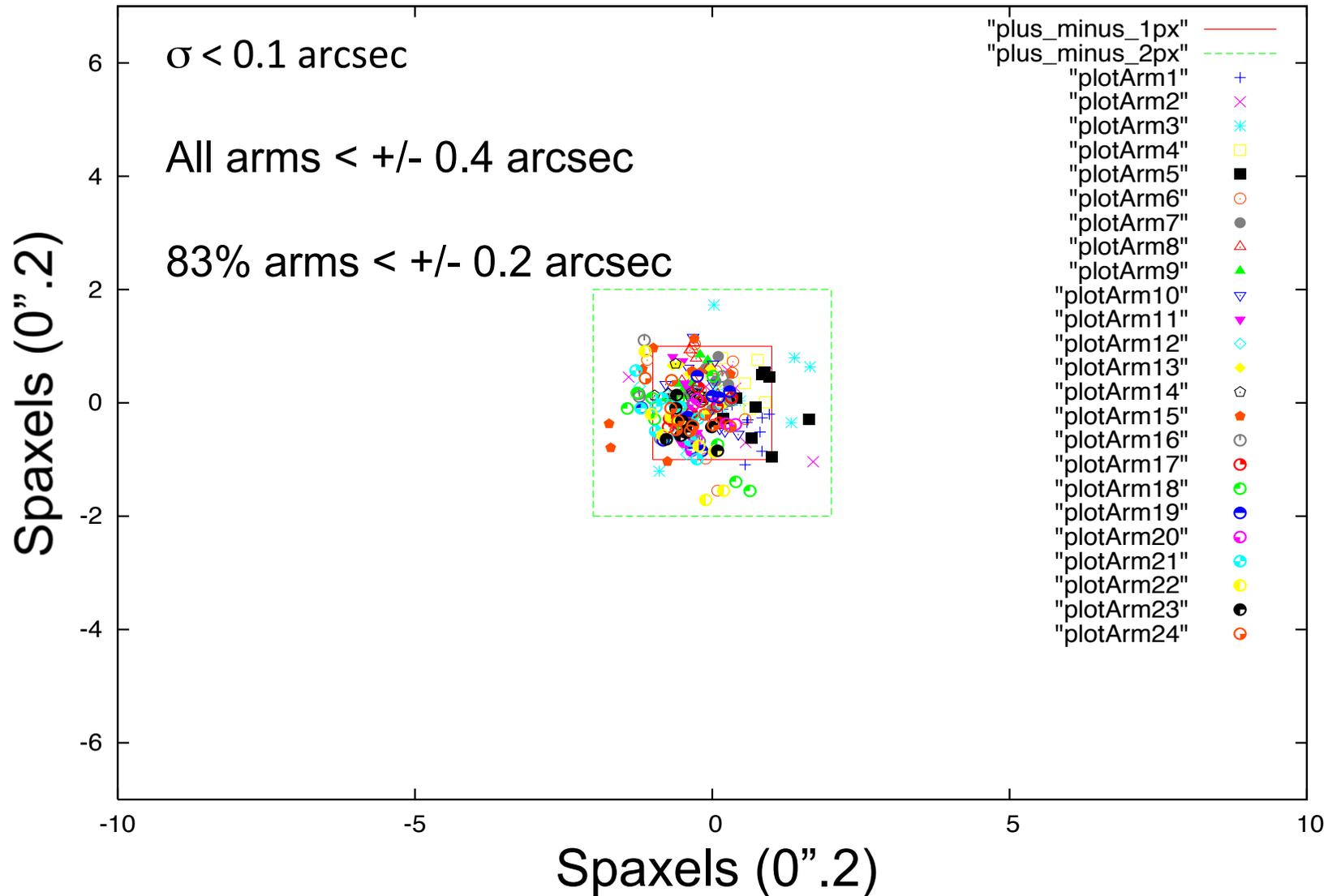
Optical Layout (8 arms)



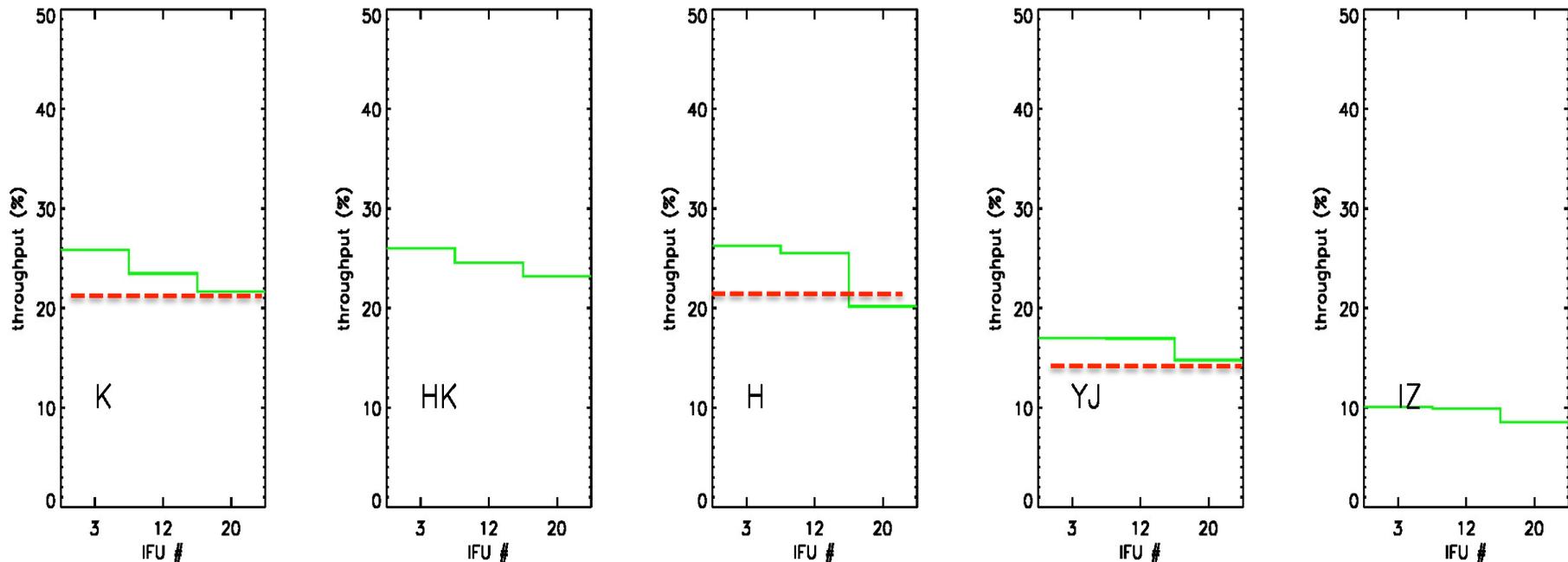
Pickoff Module: 24 arms



Pickoff Arm Accuracy

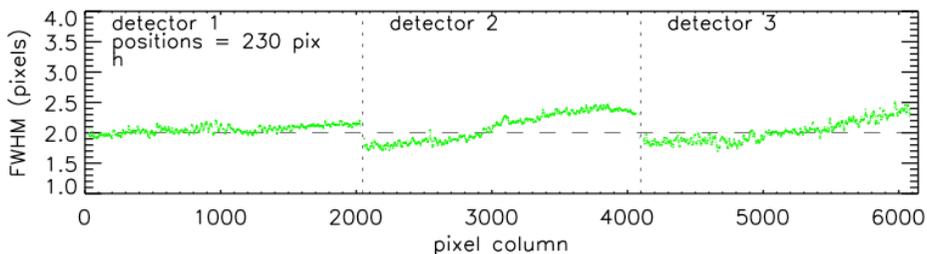
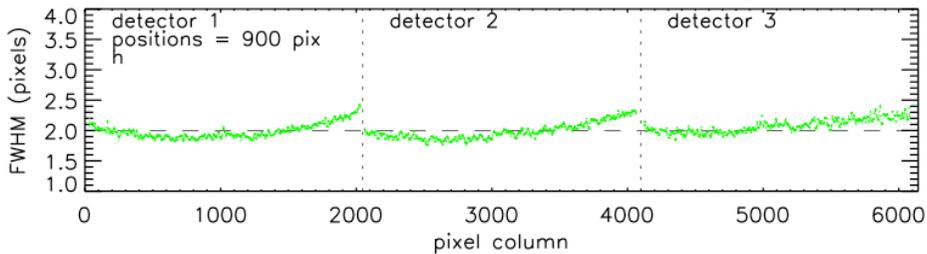
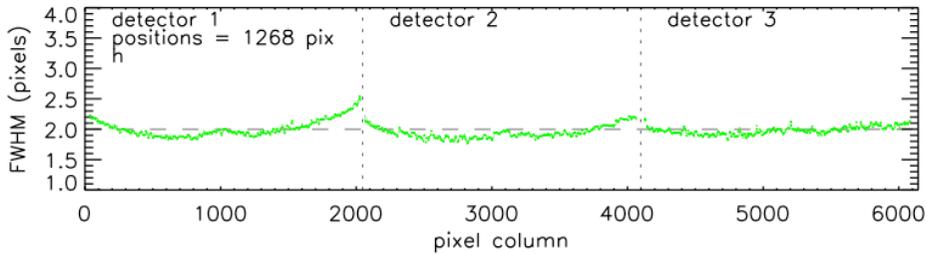
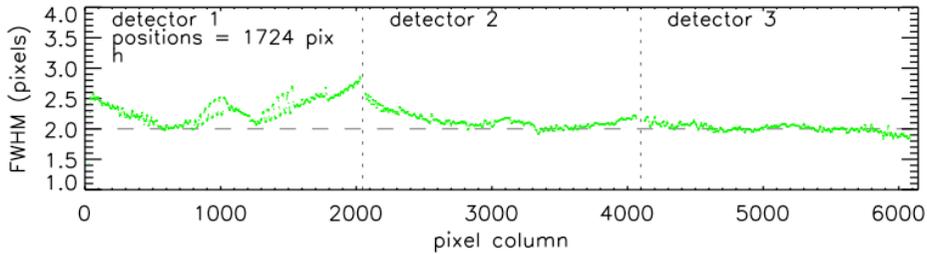


Total System Throughput



Red dotted lines show the minimum requirements from the Tech Spec scaled by 90% for the detector, 85% for the telescope, and 95% for the atmosphere. Segment#3 has worst performance.

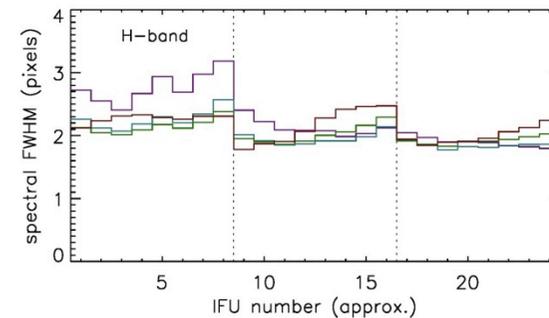
Spectral Resolution



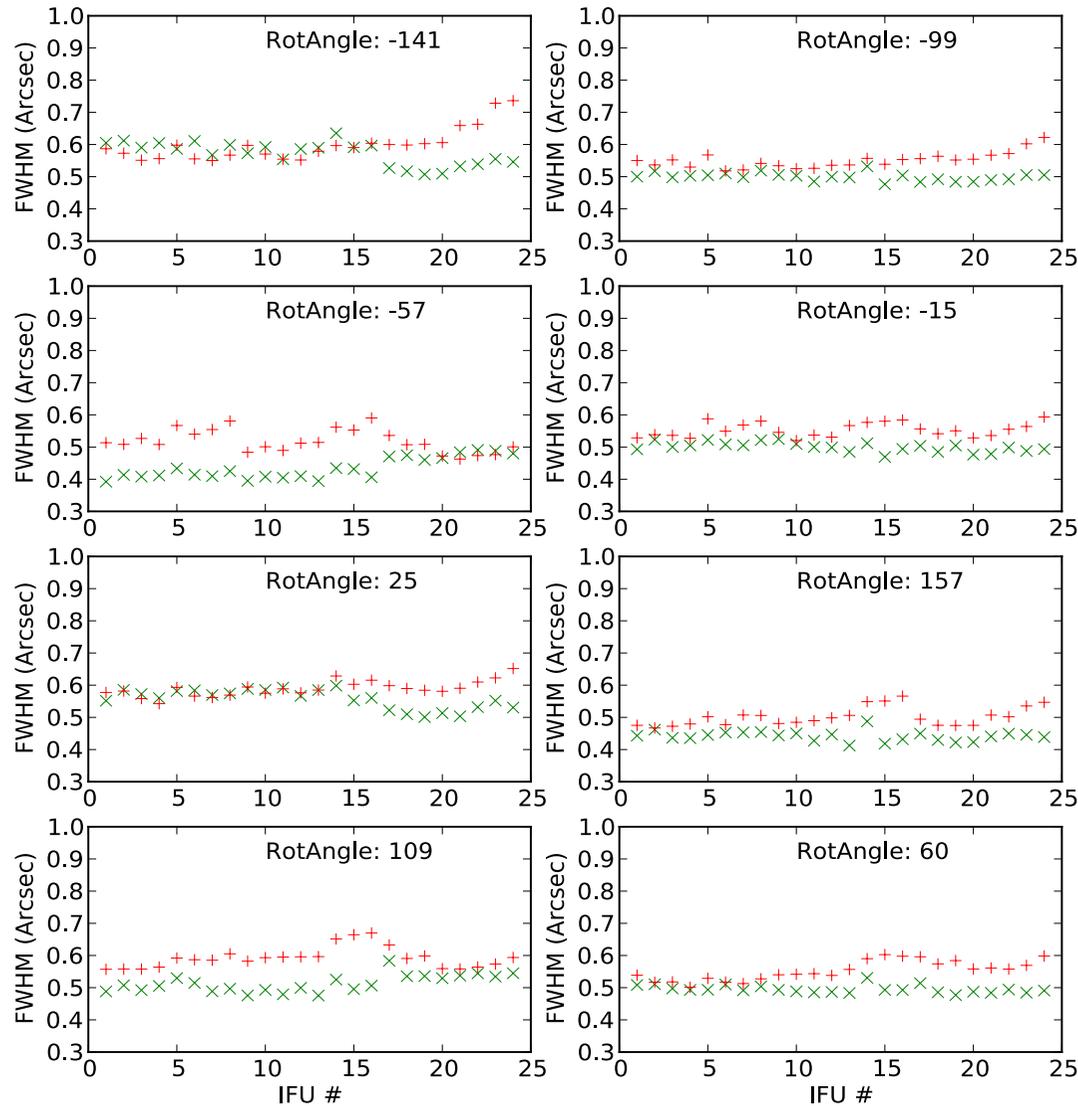
- Resolution is close to two pixels FWHM over all spatial channels.

- Graphs show the measurements in four quartiles of H-band.

- Segment #3 seems slightly better than Segment #1



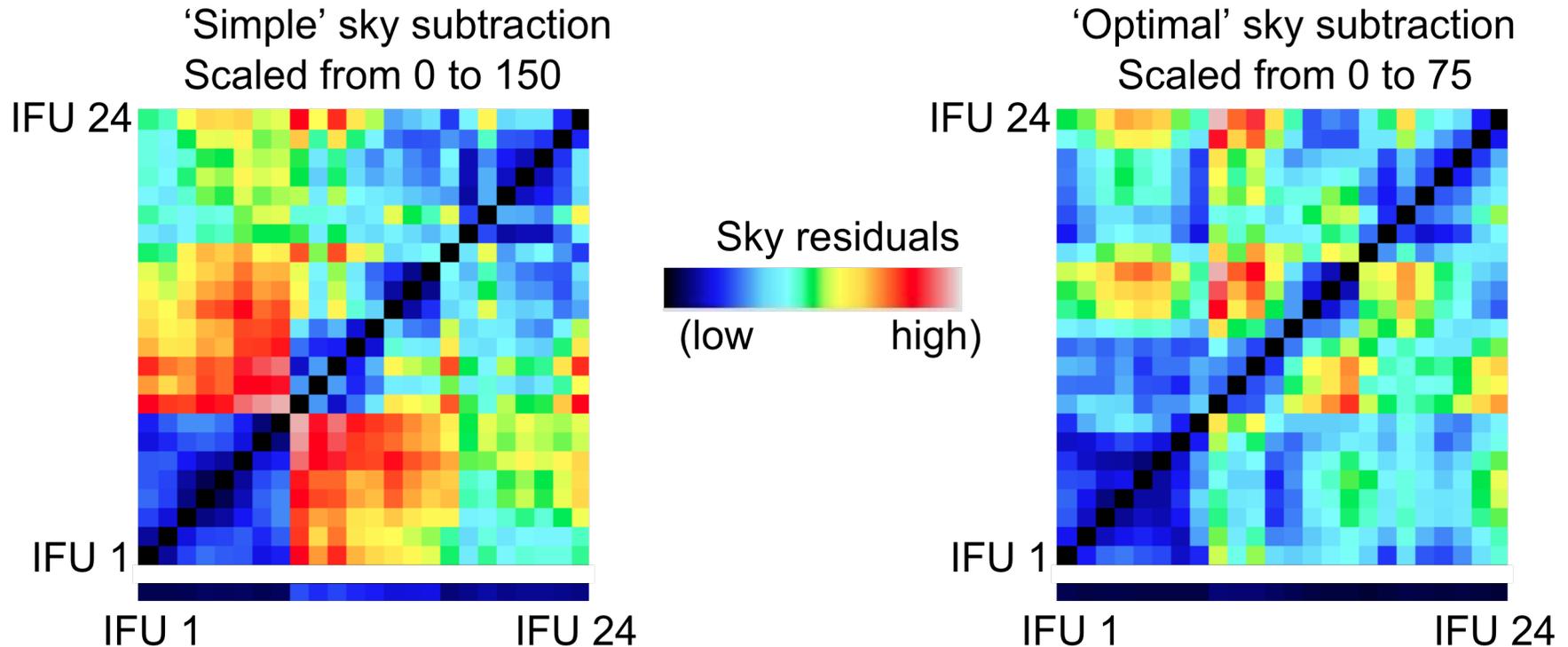
Spatial Resolution



Rot. Angle:	-141	-99	-57	-15	25	157	109	60
<FWHM_Y>	0".57	0".50	0".43	0".50	0".56	0".44	0".51	0".49
<FWHM_Z>	0".60	0".55	0".52	0".55	0".60	0".50	0".59	0".55

- In good seeing and S/N the PSF in reconstructed cubes are well-behaved.
- FWHM along the slice (red) is slightly broader (0".05) due to the additional aberrations in spectrograph (consistent with FWHM~0.2 pixel instrumental PSF)
- Worse in IFU#17-24 at some Nasmyth PAs (still investigating)

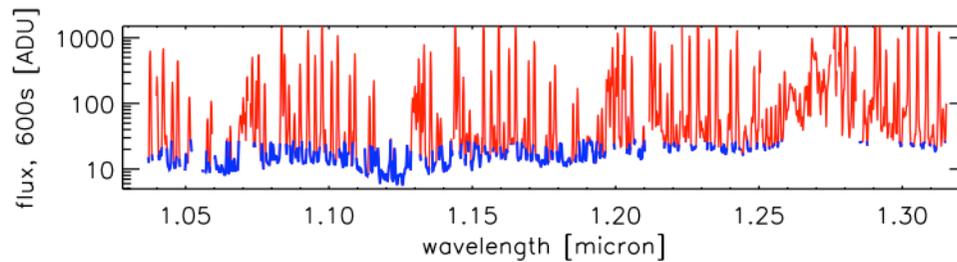
Sky Subtraction



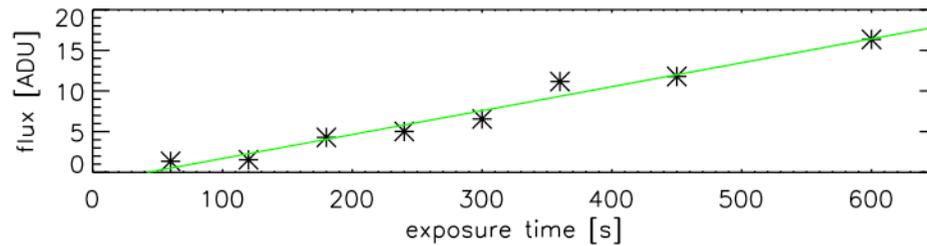
Conclusions:

- arm-to-arm sky subtraction is best within Segment#1
- in Segment#1 about as good as simple subtraction from a subsequent exposure
- optimal subtraction from subsequent exposure is significantly better than any of above

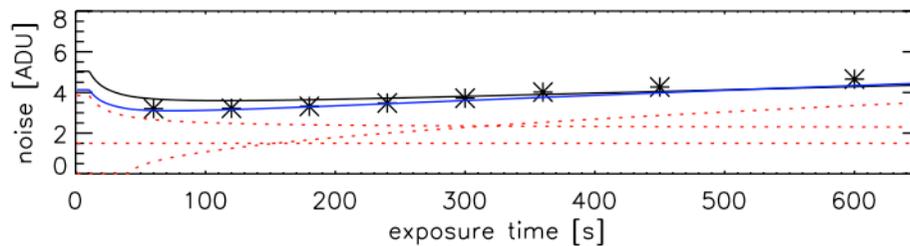
Background Noise Limit



Blue = inter-line
continuum



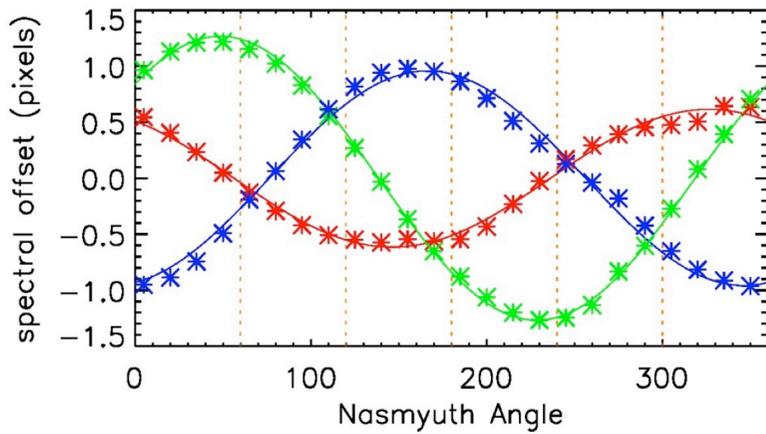
YJ band 1.025-1.344 μ



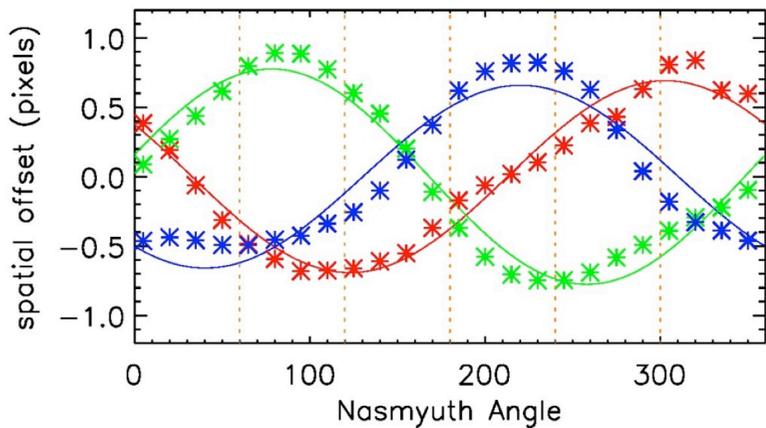
Gain 2.08 e-/adu

Photon-noise limited exposure times (DIT) of 300 sec.

Instrument Flexure

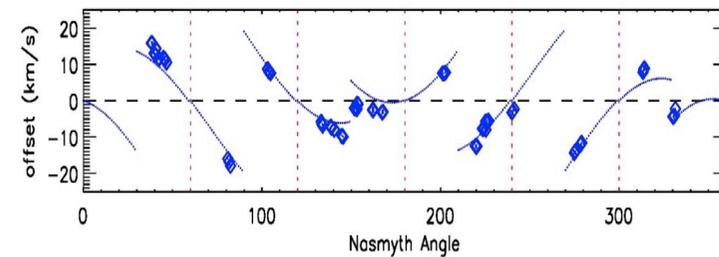
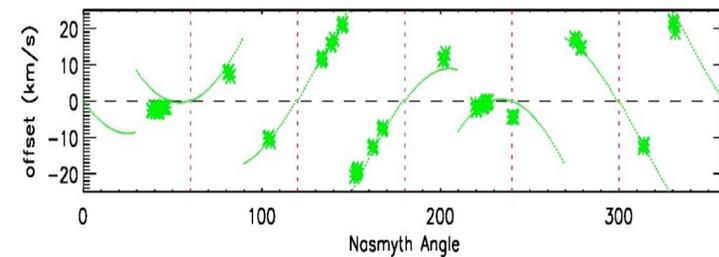
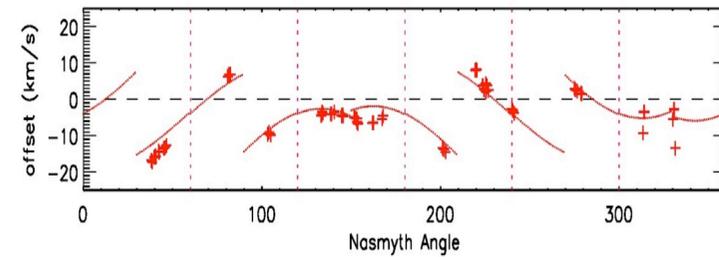


Spectral



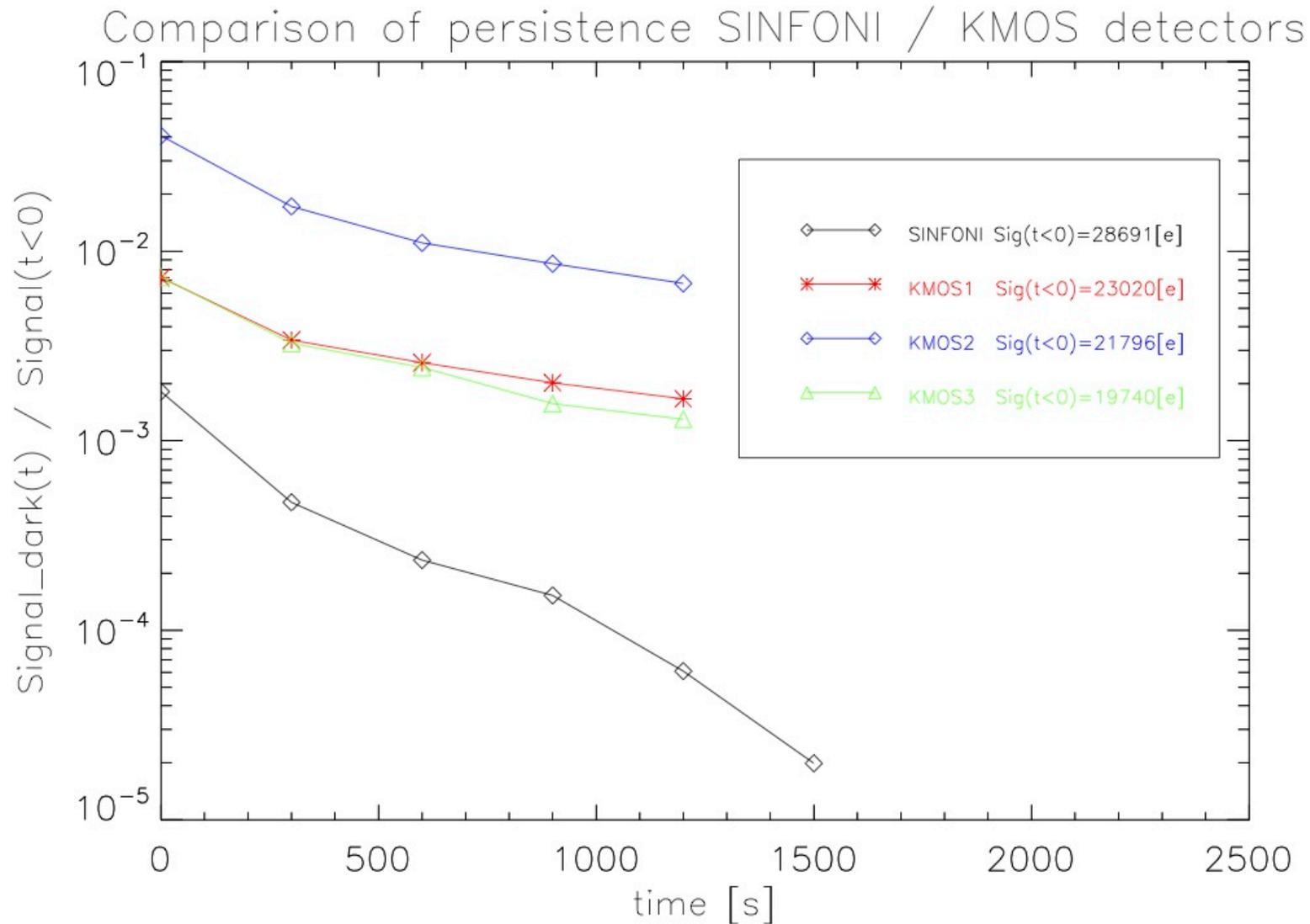
Spatial

Arcs/Flats taken every 60 degrees

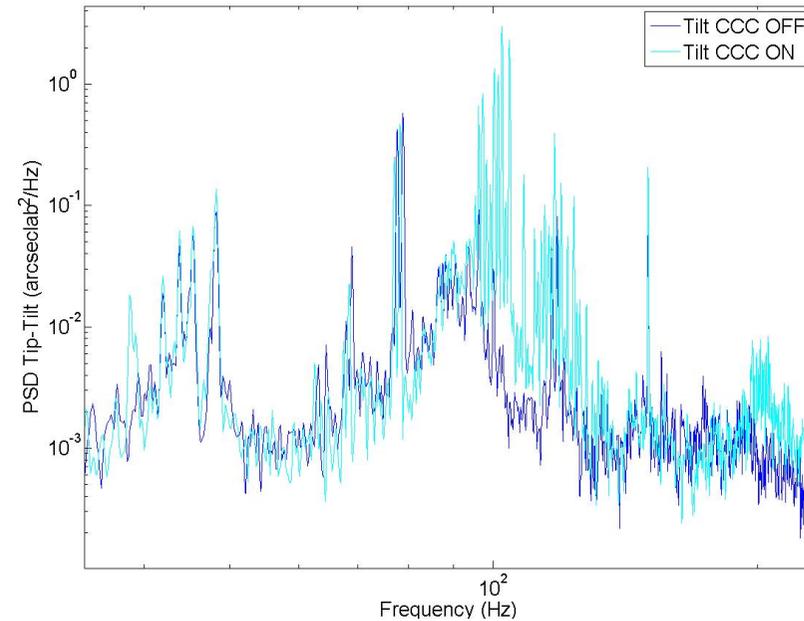
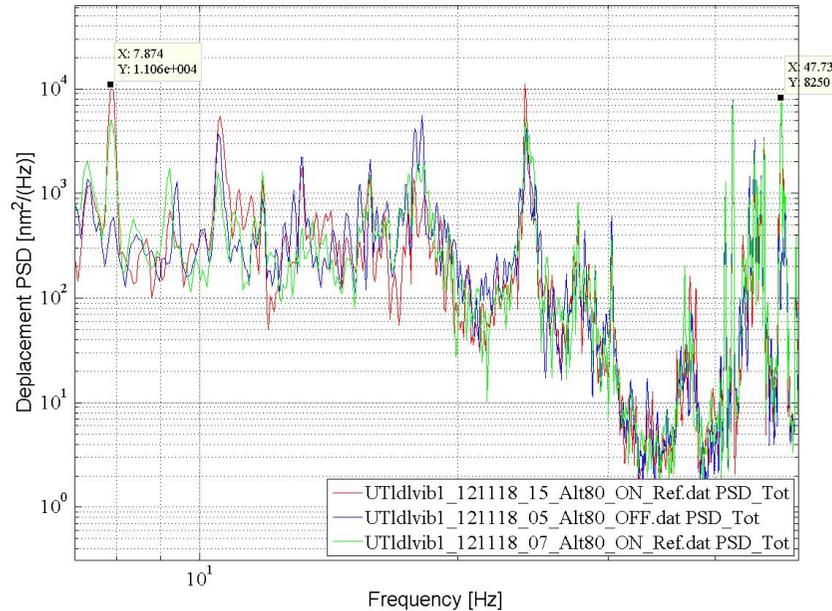


Residual Night Sky
(5 km/s)

Detector Persistence



Cold Head Vibrations

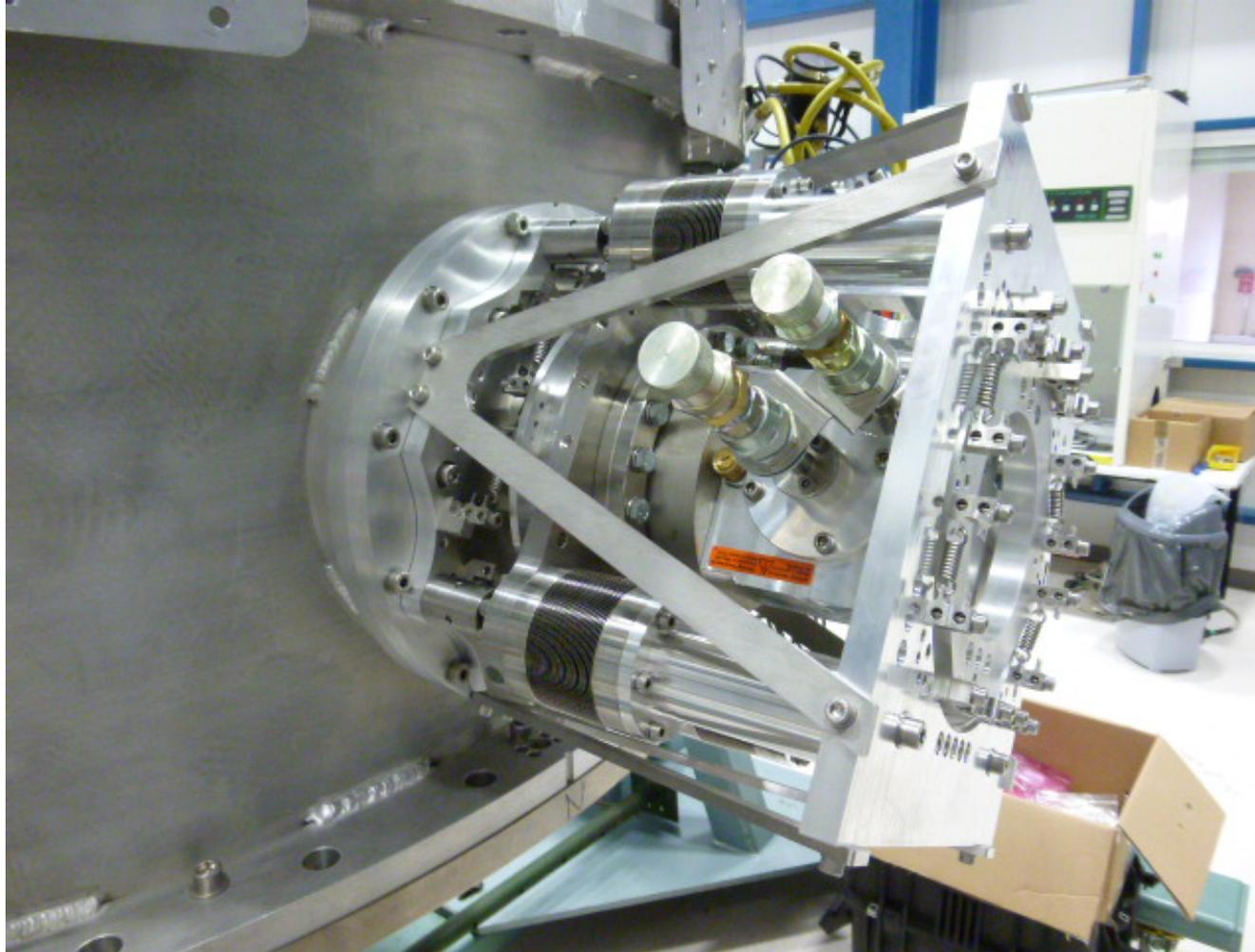


M1-M3 accelerometer test - OK

UT1 Coude test (IRIS) –
deemed unacceptable

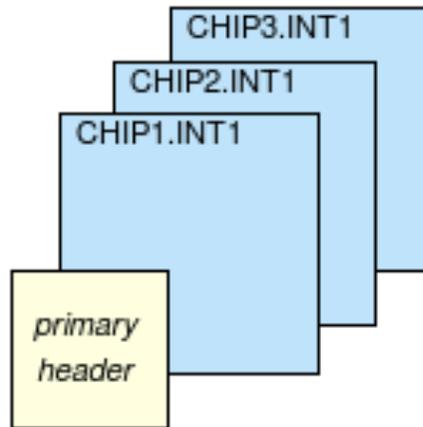
KMOS operations since Comm-1 have required closed cycle coolers to be switched off during all VLT1 runs. Adverse impact on arm reliability.

Cold Head Vibrations



Anti-vibration mounts fitted Feb 2014.

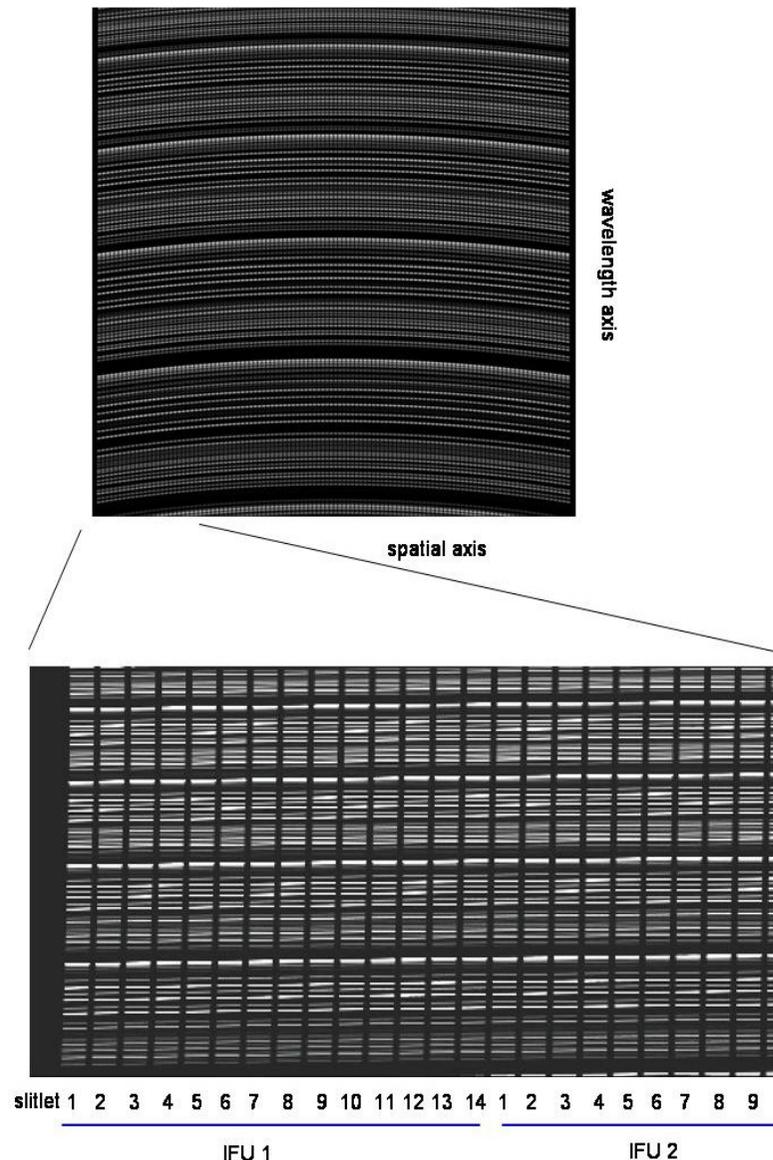
Raw Data Format



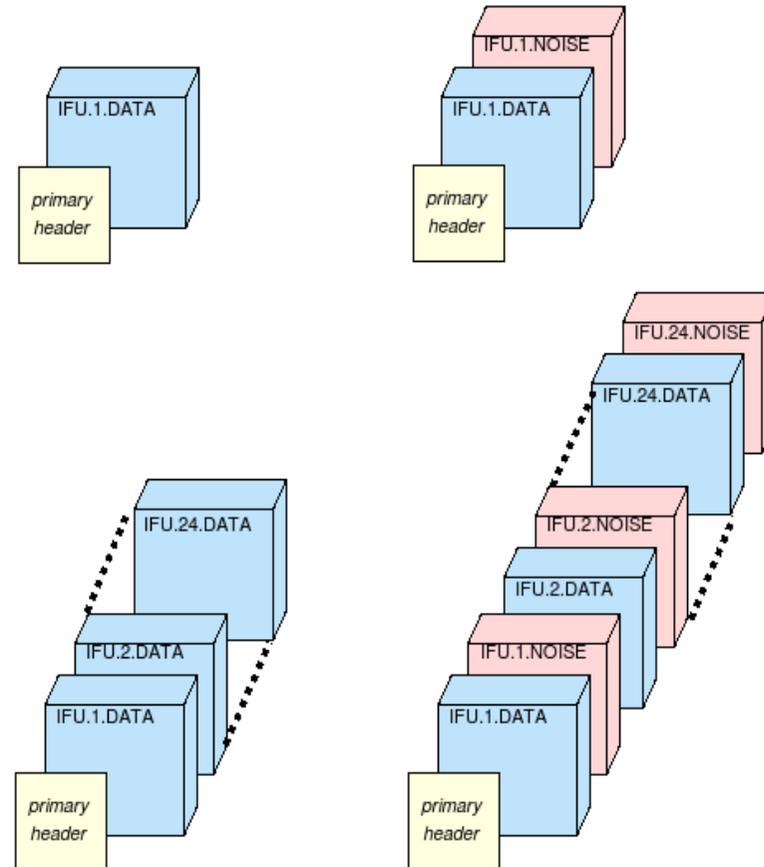
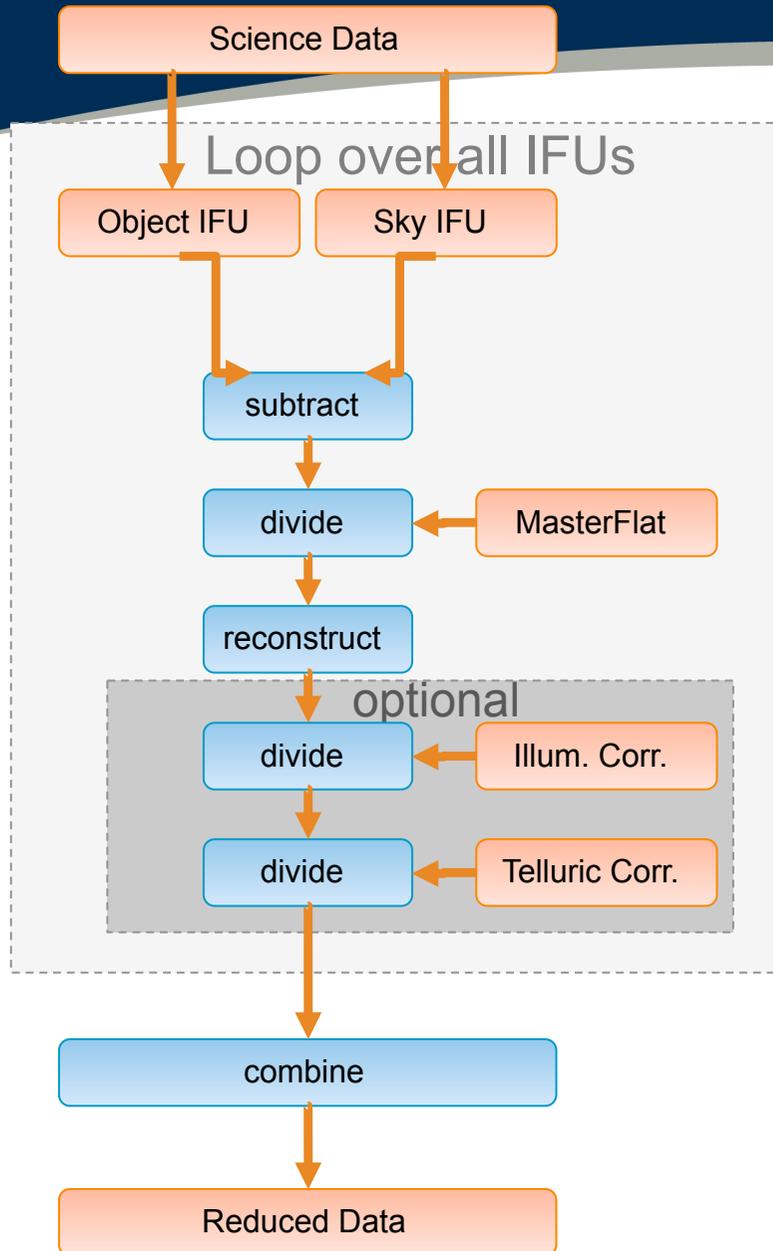
- Primary Header
- Empty data section
- 3 data extensions

- 8 IFUs per detector
- Each IFU sliced into 14 slitlets, 14 pix width
- Each slitlet is a dispersed pseudo-longslit, 2040 pix length

- Exposure size: 48 MB
- 4 pix border around each frame reserved for detector readout electronics



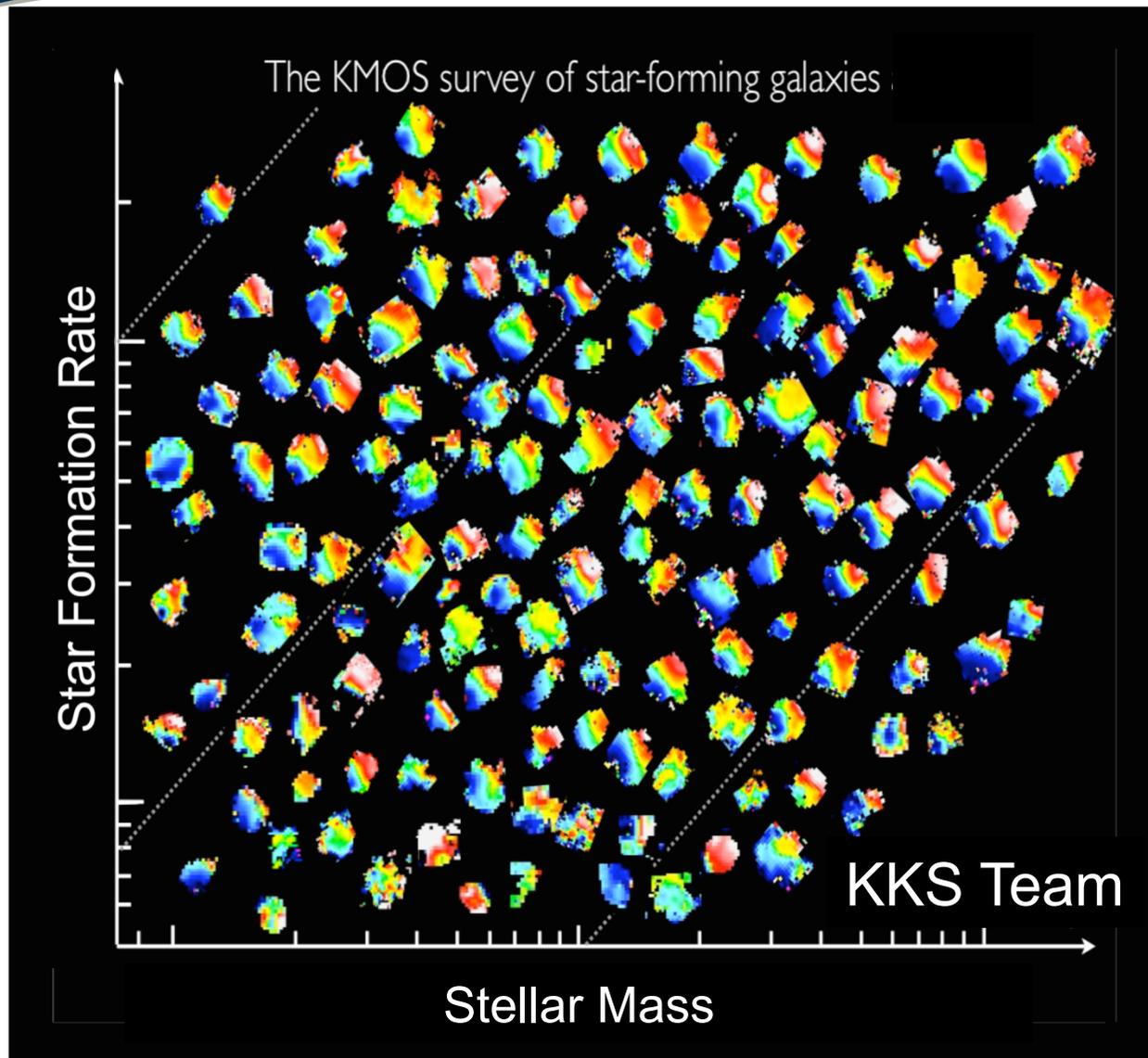
KMOS Pipeline (SPARK)



SV/GTO programmes

- Science Verification (21 proposals):
 - KMOS confirmation of Spitzer-selected galaxy clusters at $z > 1.4$
 - Looking for low luminosity lensed galaxies with KMOS
 - Near-Infrared line strength gradients in IC4296
 - Outflows from massive young stellar objects
 - Exoplanet transits with KMOS
- Guaranteed Time Observations (8 projects underway):
 - KMOS^{3D}
 - KMOS Deep Survey
 - KMOS Kinematic Survey
 - Chemical Evolution of Galaxies using AGB Stars
- UT1 oversubscription: P92 (7.8), P93 (6.7)

Resolved Galaxy Kinematics



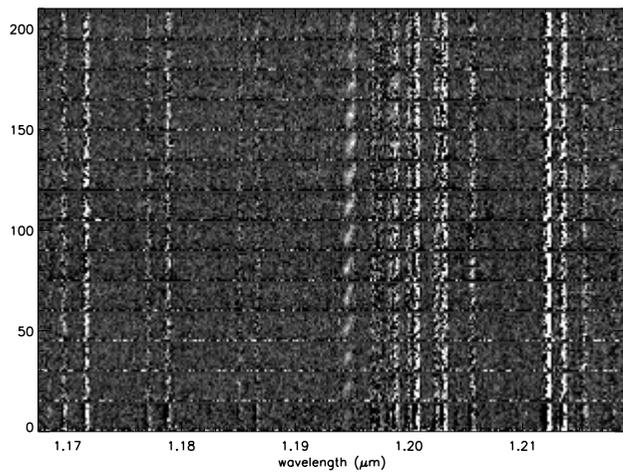
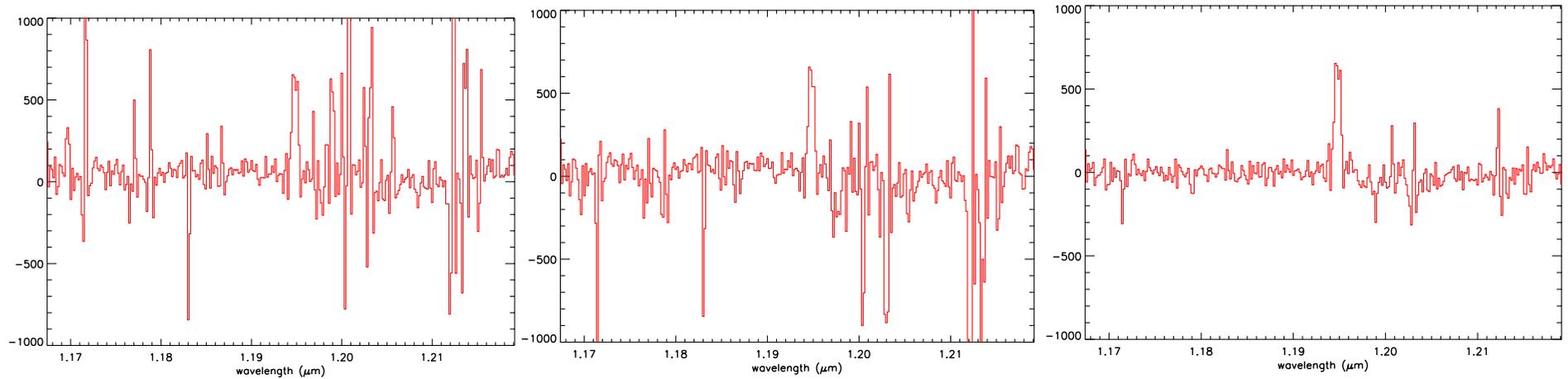
$$0.7 < z < 1.5$$
$$10^9 < M^* < 10^{11}$$

Resolved 185
galaxies out
of 258
targetted

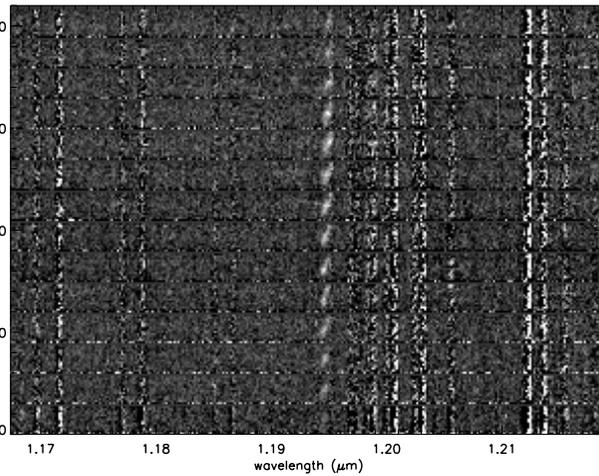
See also the
presentation by
David Sobral on
Thu morning

Resolved Galaxy Kinematics

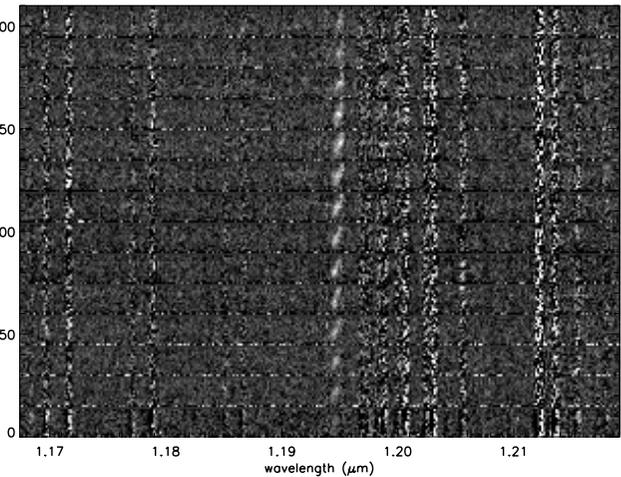
Sky subtraction



ABA

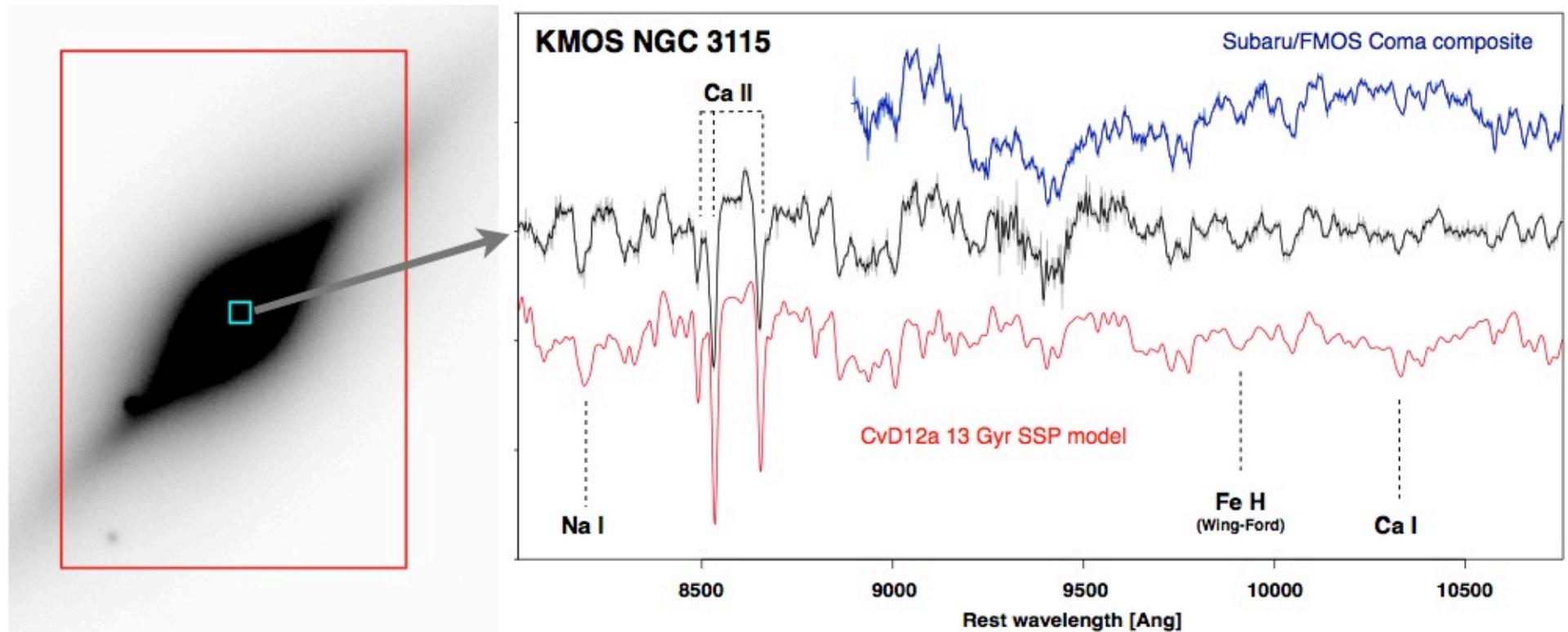


ABA + Davies SS



Bootstrap all IFUs

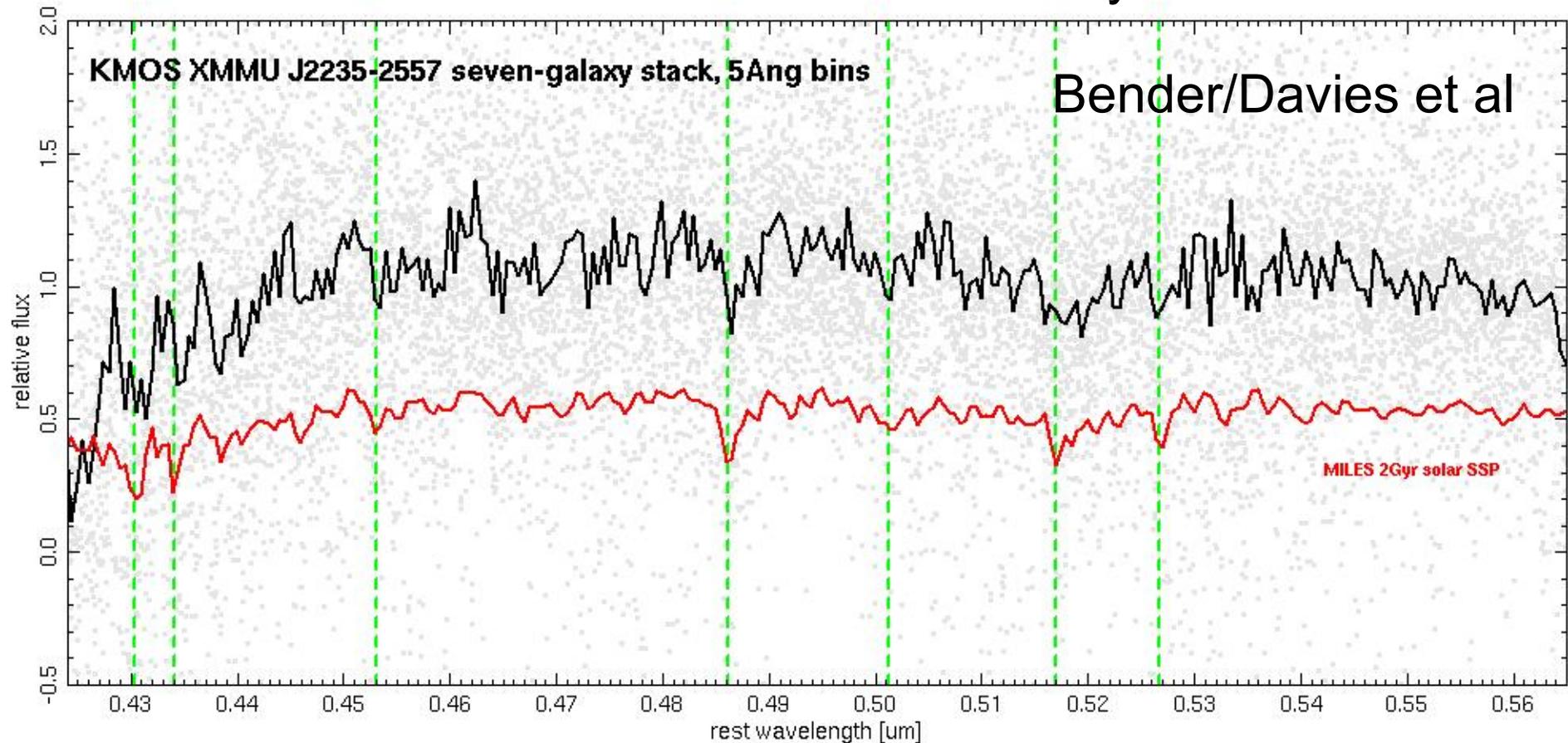
Low-Z Galaxies (IZ)



Russell Smith et al.

High-Z Clusters

Z=1.39 Lookback time ~ 9Gyr



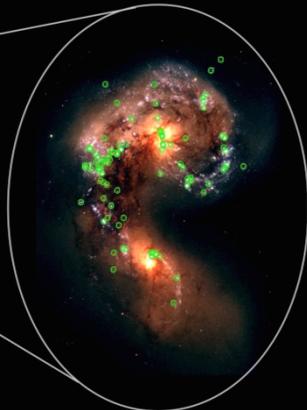
See presentations by Houghton, Beifiori, Rettura (cluster gals) and Forster Schreiber, Cirasuolo, Mendel (field gals) on Thu/Fri.

Star Clusters (Antennae)

The Antennae (NGC 4038/4039)



RGB image from CTIO - Chile



All clusters observed spectroscopically so far

Typical Targets



Gilbert B



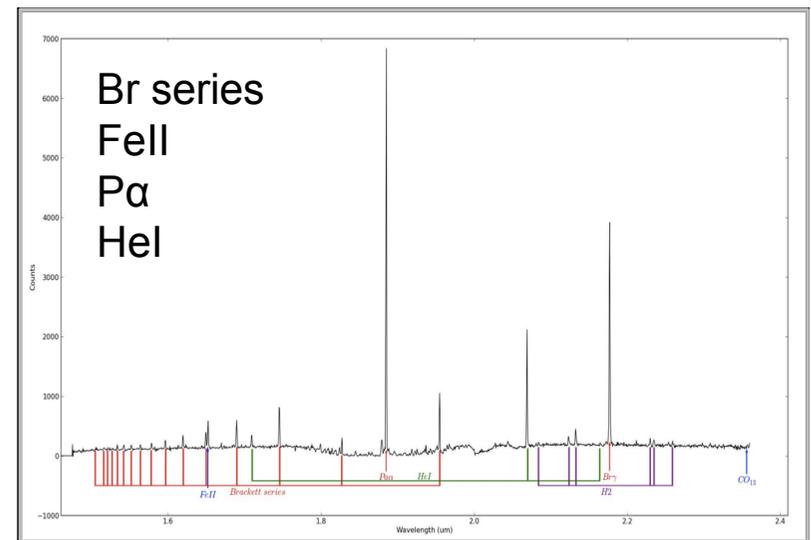
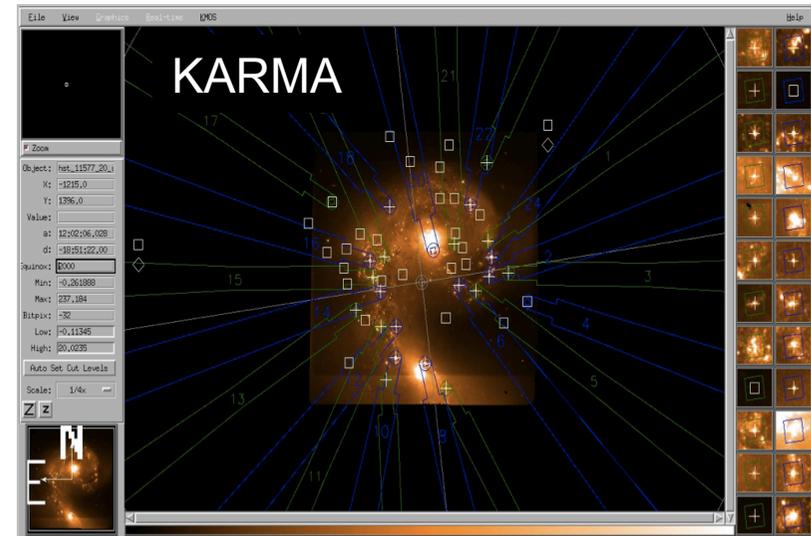
Christopher 68



Gilbert B1

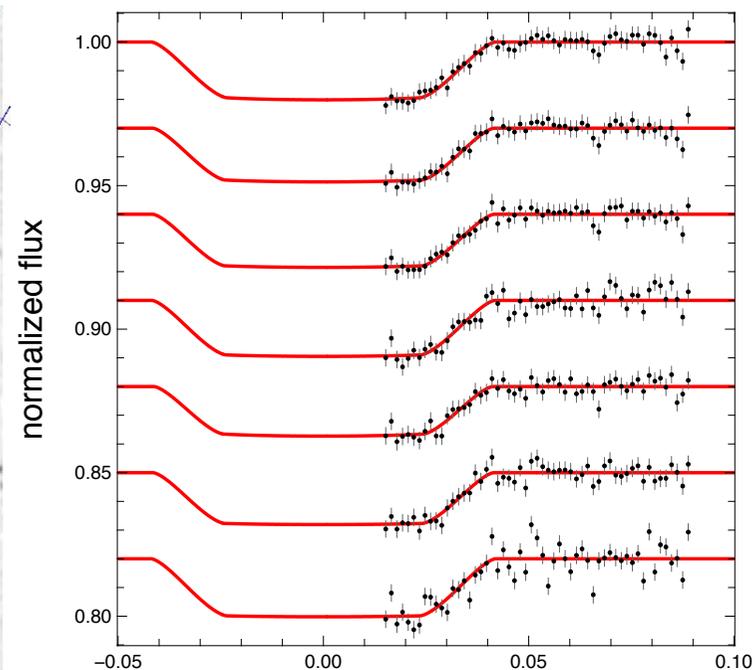
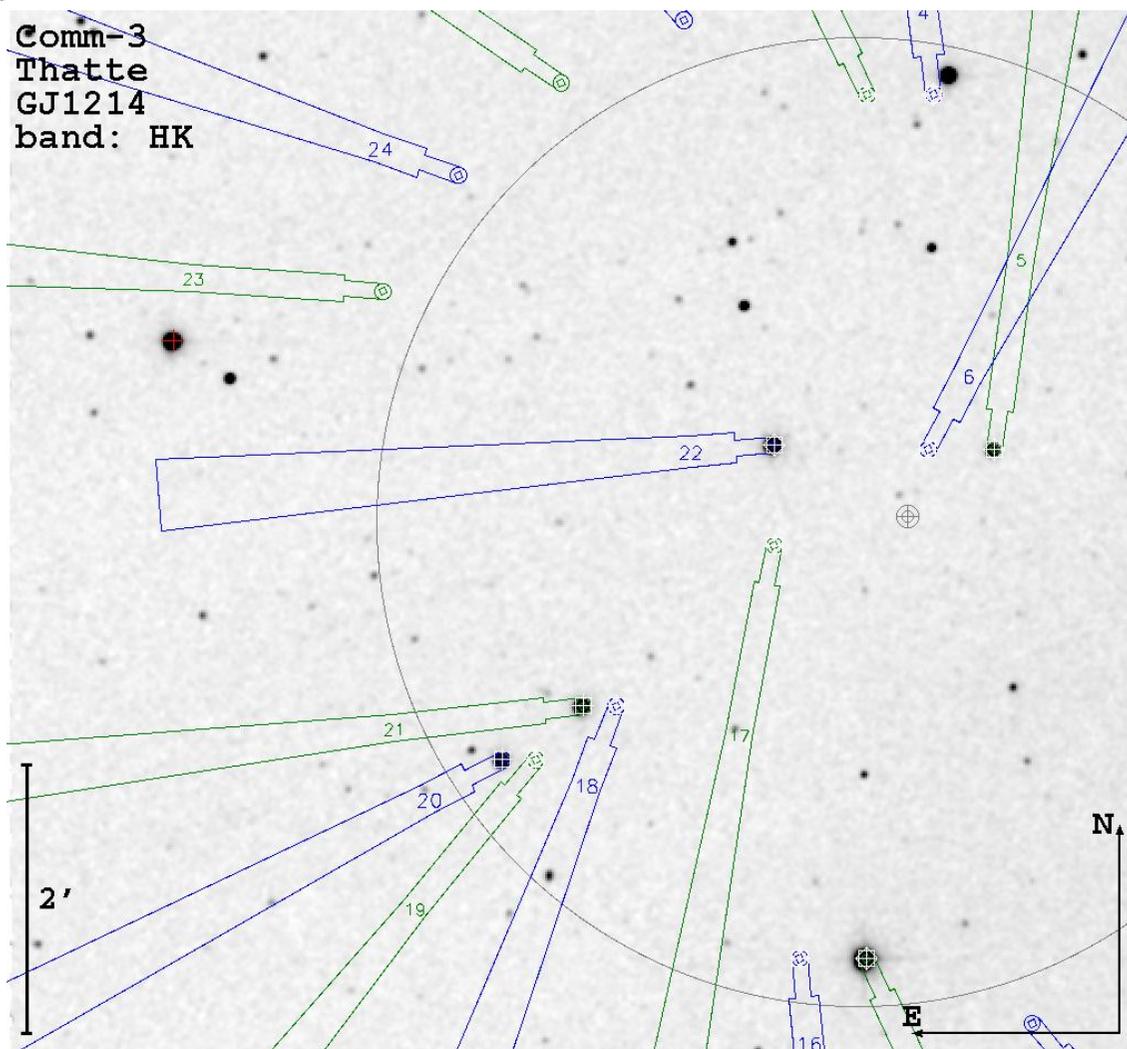


Christopher 65



Transit Spectroscopy (?)

HK 1.484 – 2.442 μm

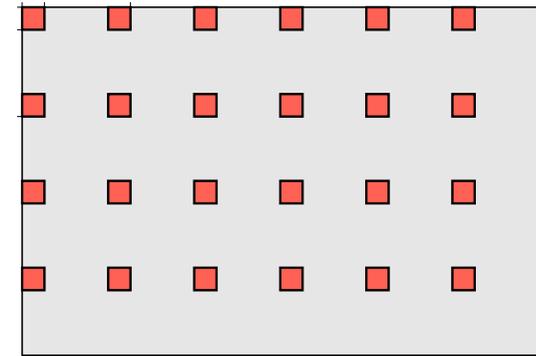
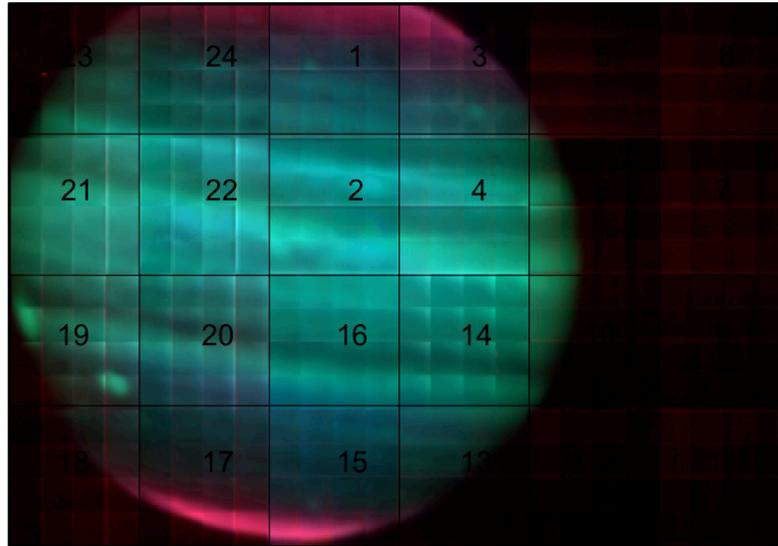


- | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------|
| 1 | 1.5-1.6 μm | phase |
| 2 | 1.6-1.7 μm | |
| 3 | 1.7-1.8 μm | |
| 4 | 1.95-2.05 μm | |
| 5 | 2.05-2.15 μm | |
| 6 | 2.15-2.25 μm | |
| 7 | 2.25-2.35 μm | |

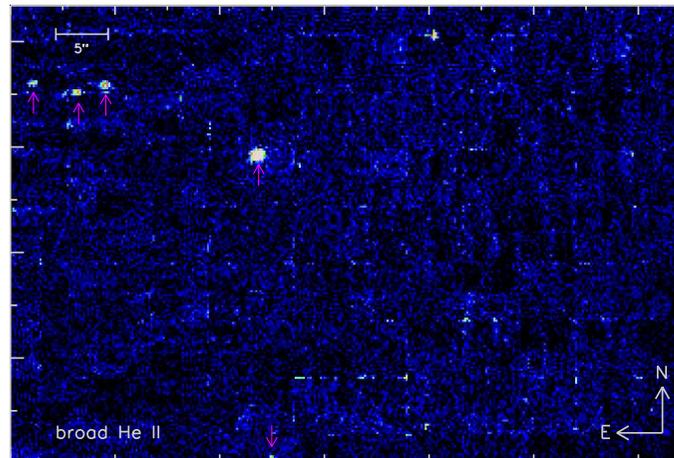
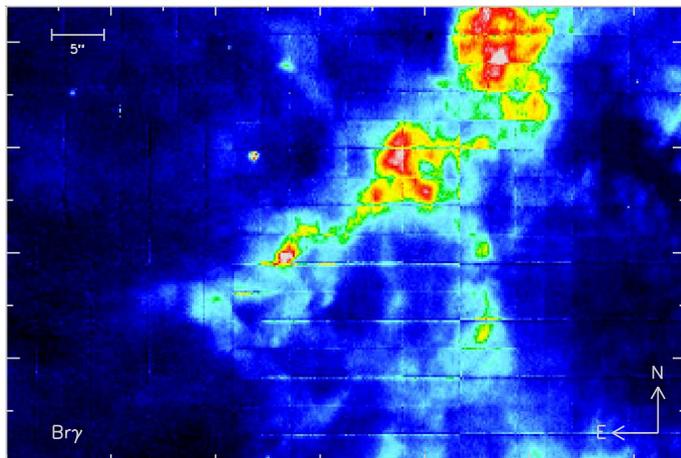
Saglia, Koppenhoefer et al

KMOS Mosaic Mode

Jupiter
methane
bands

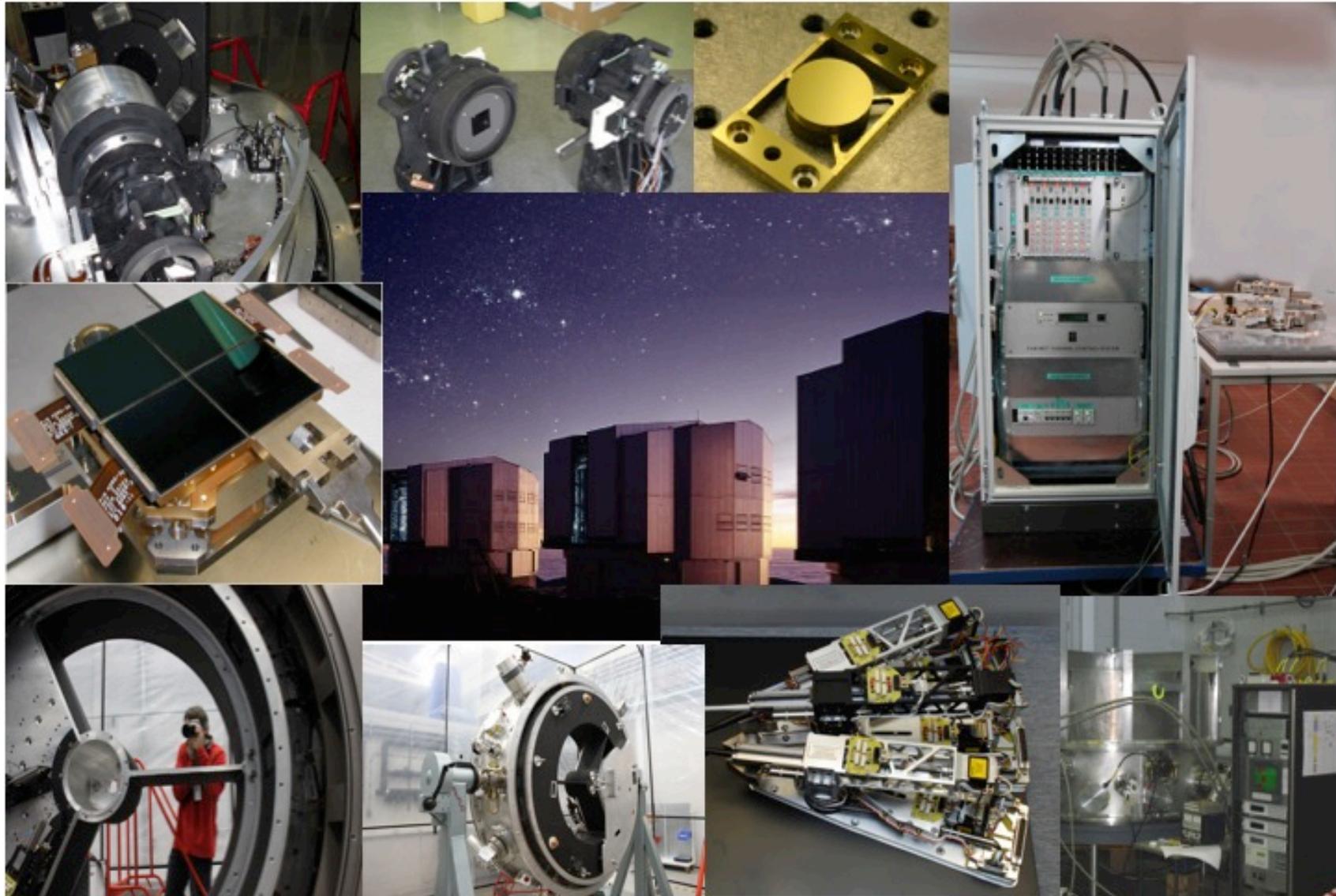


65" x 43"
16 pointings
384 IFUs



R136 (30 Dor)
R Davies et al
A&A 558, 56
(2013)

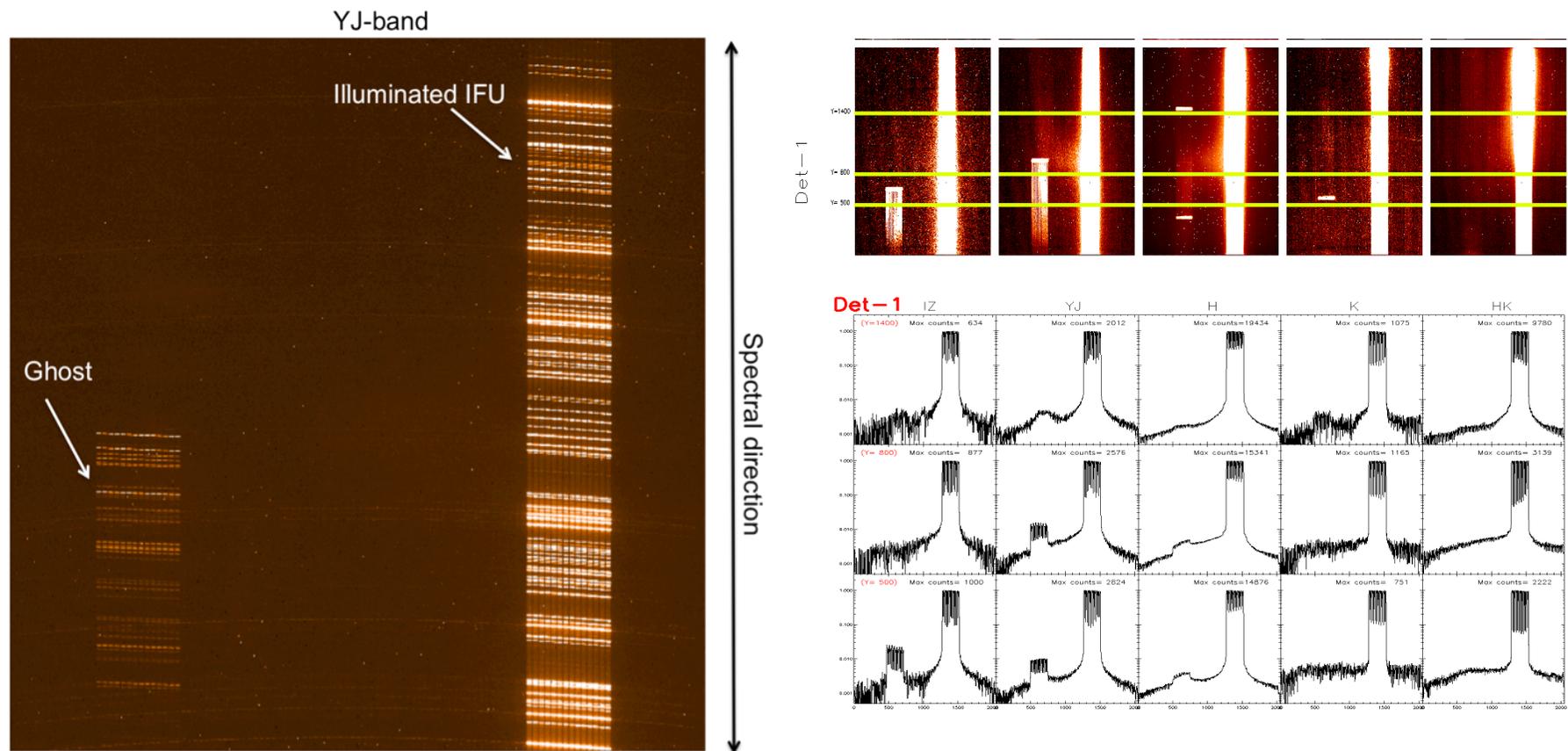
Thank You



Additional slides

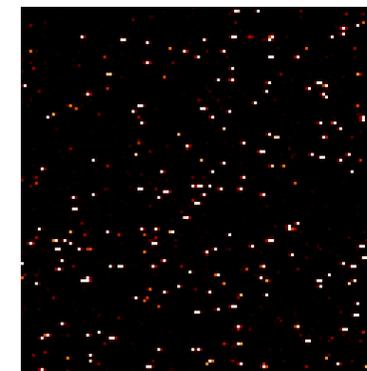
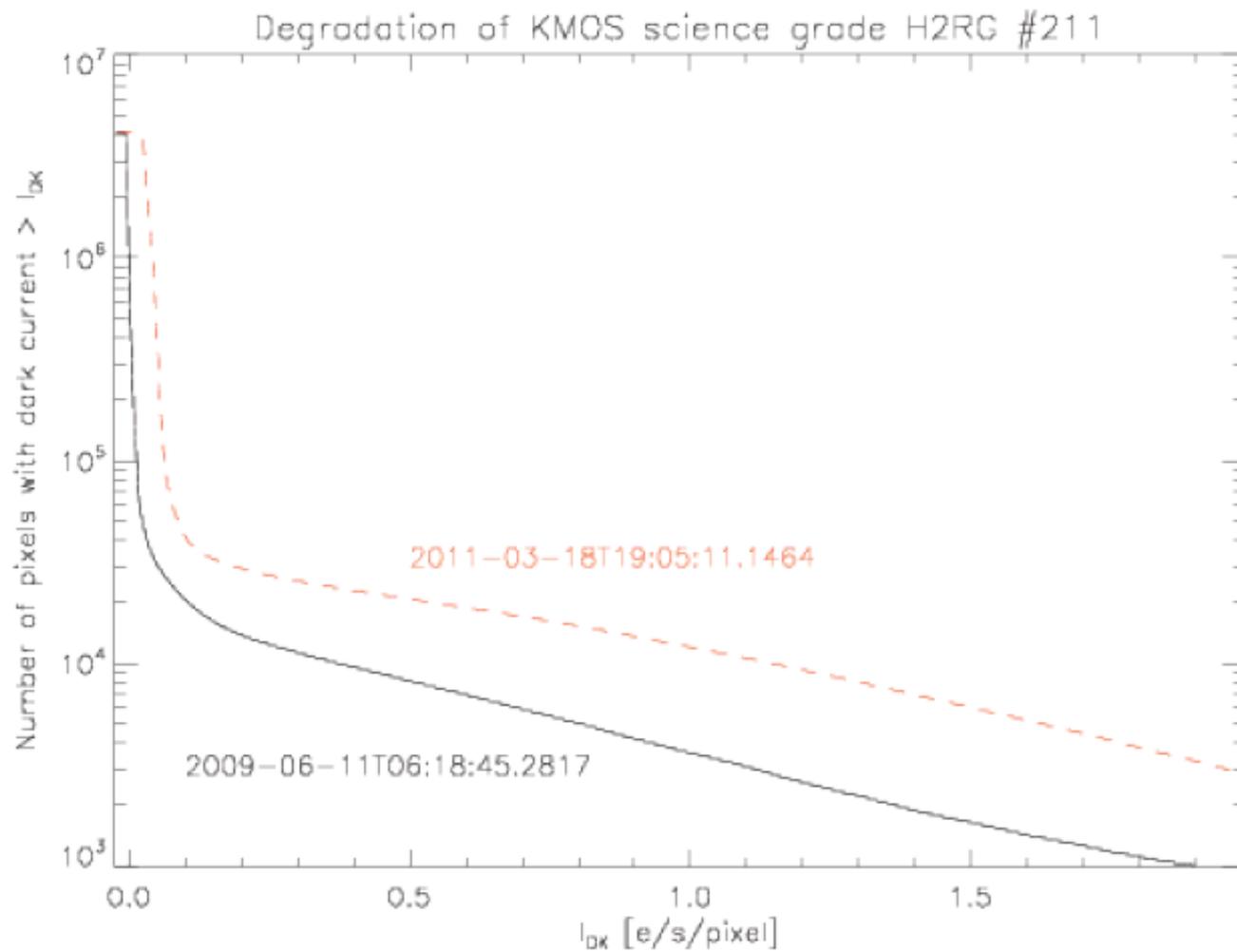
Ghosts

Grating ghost: 2% (IZ), 1% (YJ), 0.5% (H), <0.5% (K)

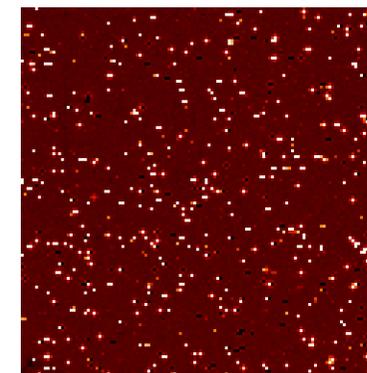


All other ghosts/scattered light <1%

H2RG Detectors

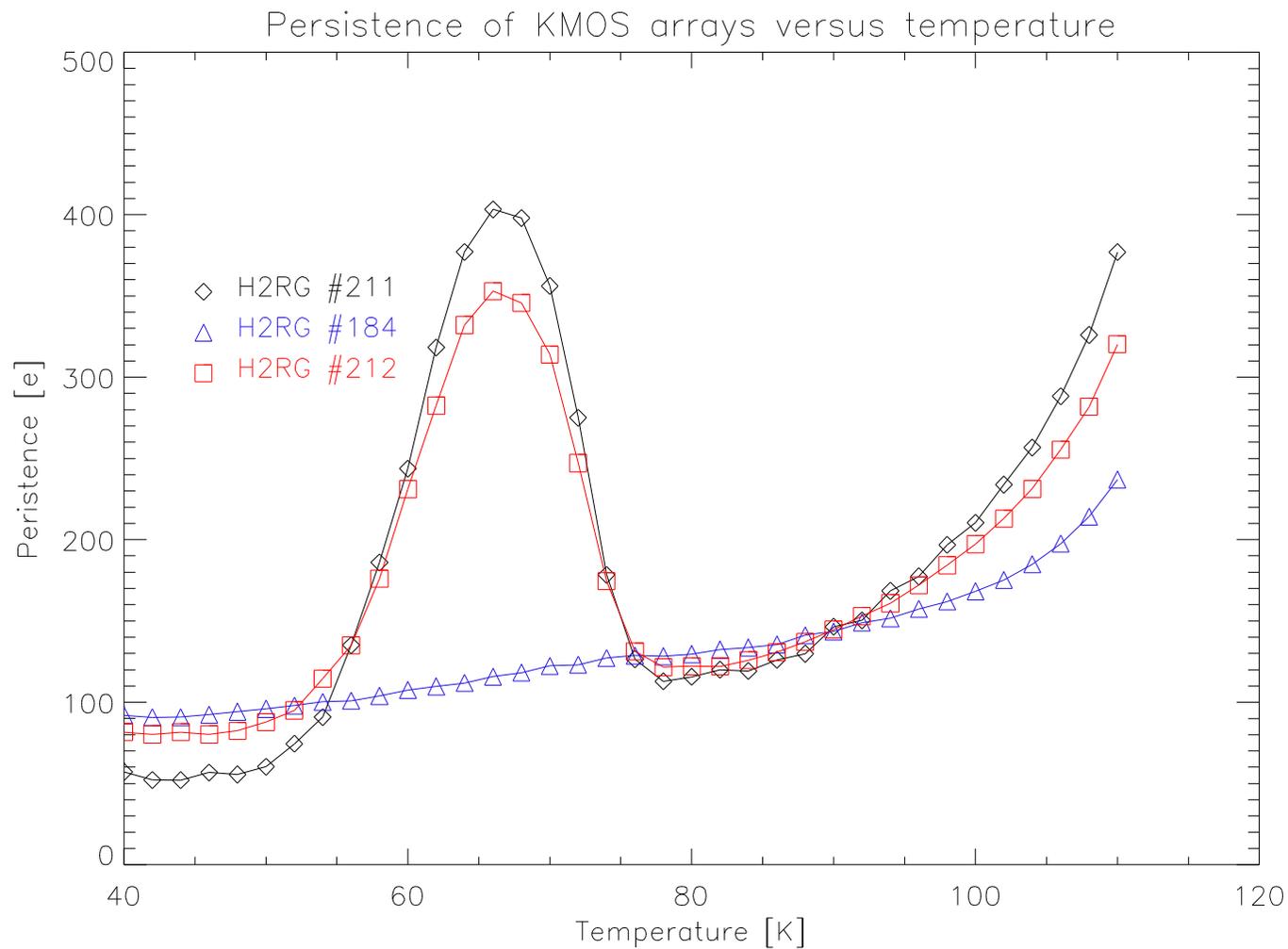


June 2009



March 2011

Detector Persistence



#211 KMOS-1
#212 KMOS-2
#184 KMOS-3