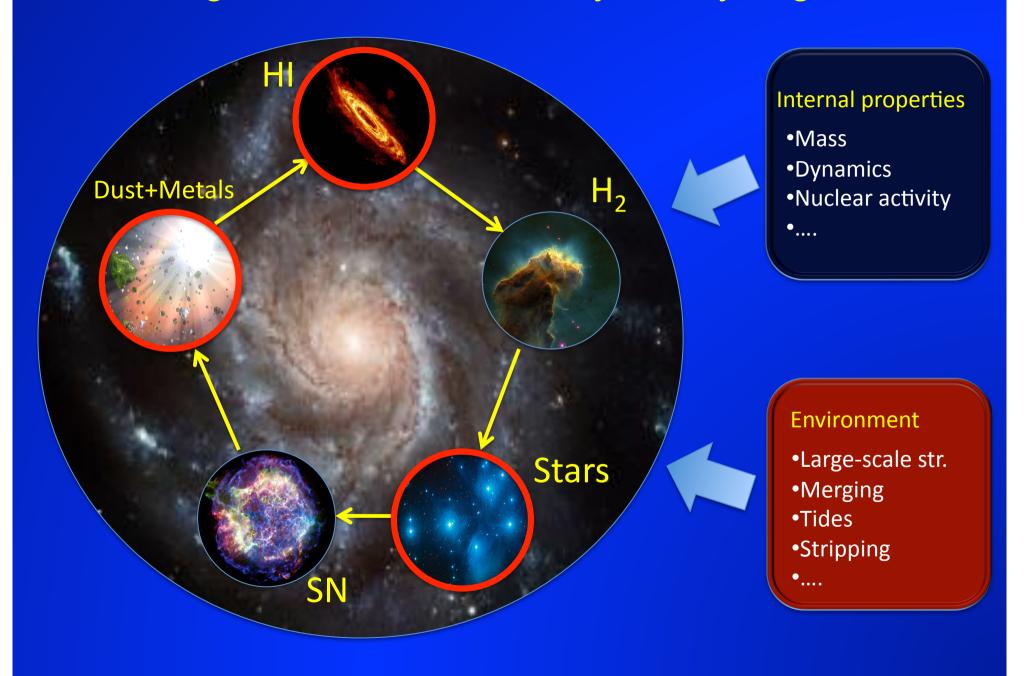


What regulates the evolutionary history of galaxies?



The Herschel Reference Survey

Boselli, Eales, LC et al. 2010, PASP, 122, 261

322 obj. (62 E/SO, 260 Sp./lrr)

Volume/Stellar Mass limited - From isolated to cluster galaxies

Selection Criteria

- •15<D<25 Mpc
- •K<12 for Spirals -- K<8.7 for E/S0
- •Gal. lat. $> +55^{\circ}$ -- A(B) < 0.2 mag

Multi-wavelength

UV GALEX

→ Unobscured SF

(P.I. Cortese/Boselli)

Herschel/PACS

→ Obscured SF

(P.I. Cortese/ Davies)

Herschel/SPIRE

→ Dust masses

(P.I. Boselli/Eales)

12mKittPeak

→ H2 properties

(P.I. Boselli)

Arecibo/VLA/WSRT→ HI properties

OHP

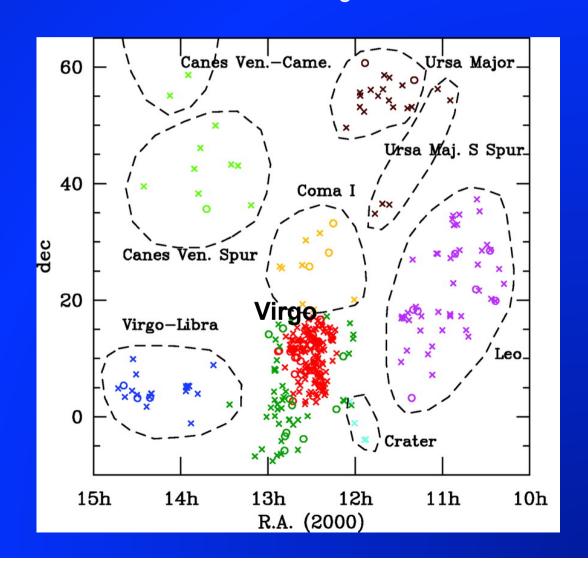
→ Gas metallicities

(P.I. Boselli)

SDSS+2Mass

→ Stellar masses

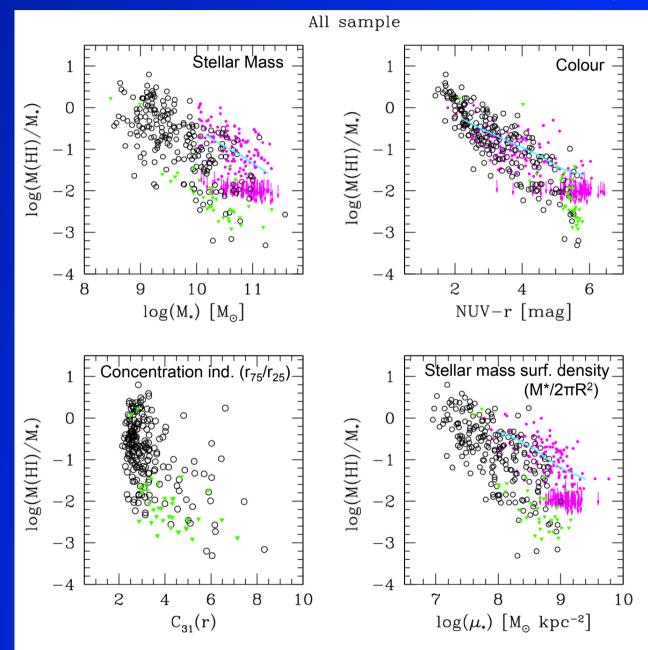
...and more



HI – Atomic Hydrogen

The HI scaling relations

(see also Gavazzi's talk on Tuesday)



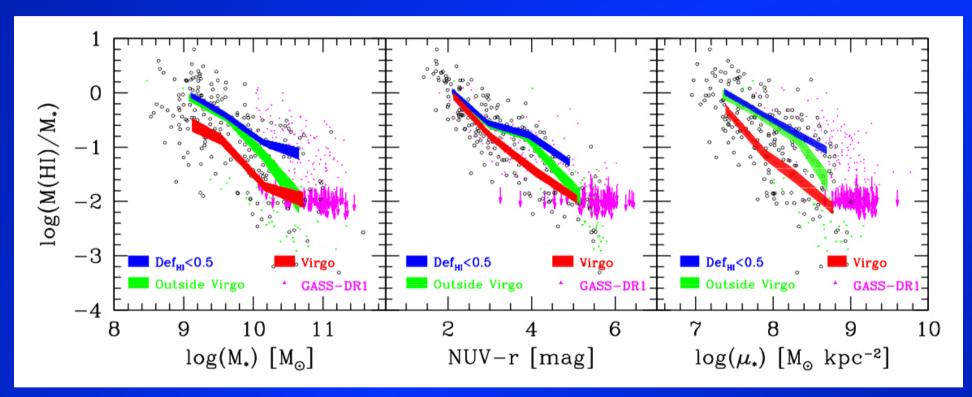
Black: HRS HI det. Green: HRS HI non-det.

Magenta: GASS (Catinella et al. 2010)

Cyan: ALFALFA stacking (Fabello et al. 2011)

The HI scaling relations

Remember $Def_{HI} = log < M(HI, D_{opt}, Type) > - log MHI_{obs}$ (Haynes & Giovanelli 1984)



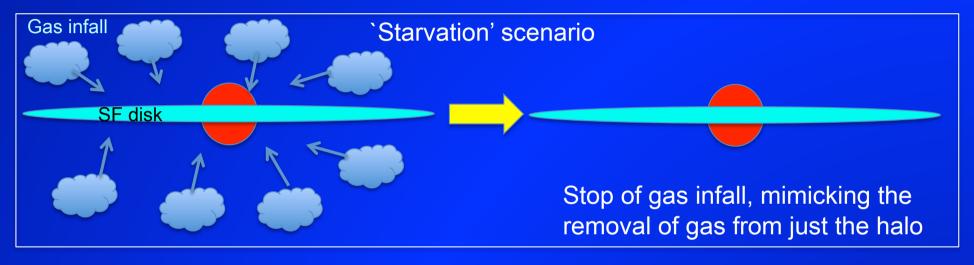
Virgo galaxies show similar scaling relations, but offset towards lower gas content

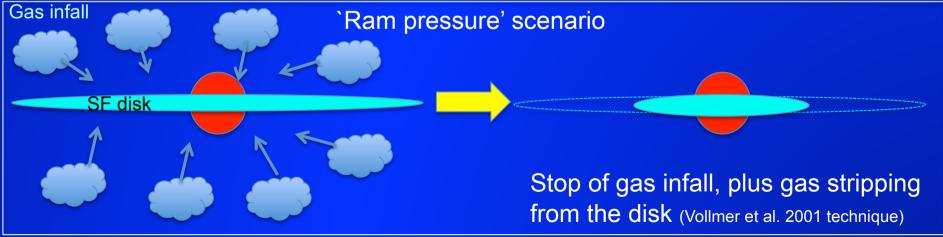
Difference between field and cluster less strong at high stellar masses (i.e., where early-type systems dominate)

The HI scaling relations and models

Models of Boissier & Pranzos (2000) – calibrated on pure disk galaxies

(see Boselli's talk on Tuesday)

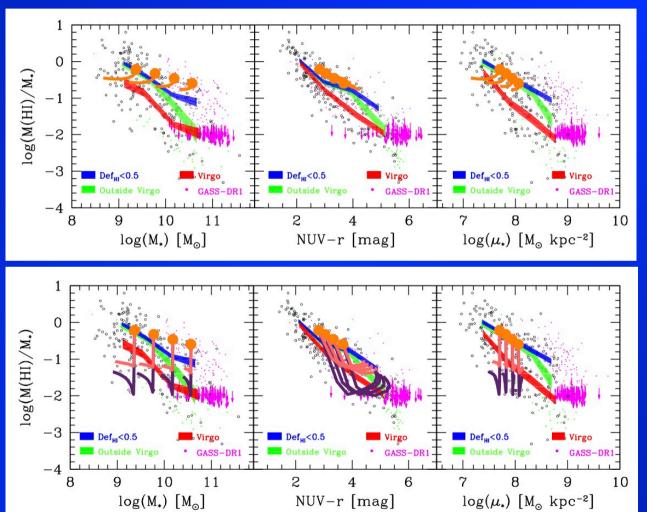




The HI scaling relations and models

Models of Boissier & Pranzos (2000) – calibrated on pure disk galaxies

(see Boselli's talk on Tuesday)



Starvation

Ram-pressure

Ram pressure necessary to explain HI scaling relations in Virgo

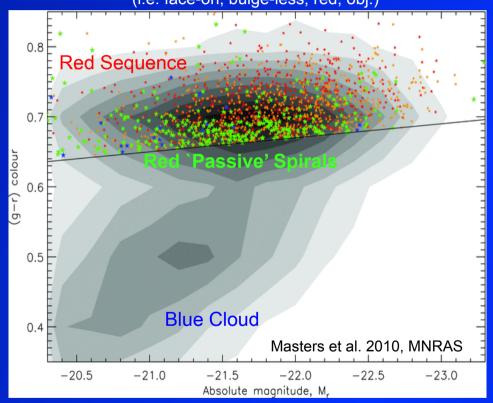
Less HI in cluster galaxies...

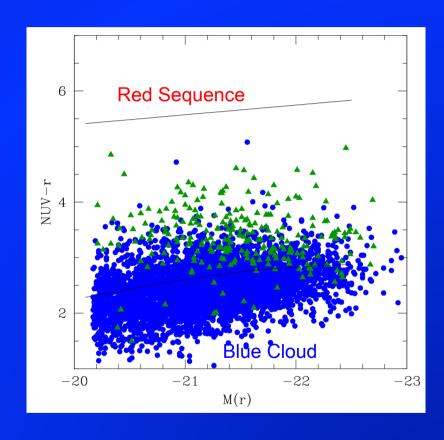
what about star formation?

Color-magnitude diagram and environment Optically red spirals are not quiescent!

Galaxy Zoo sample of Red 'passive' spirals

(i.e. face-on, bulge-less, red, obj.)



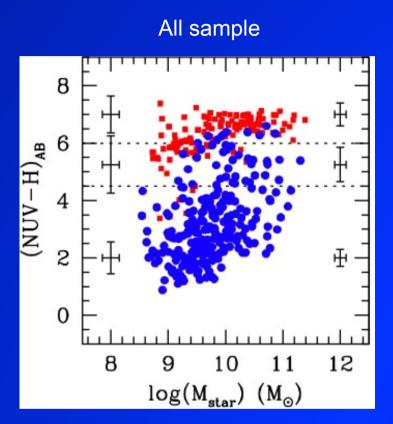


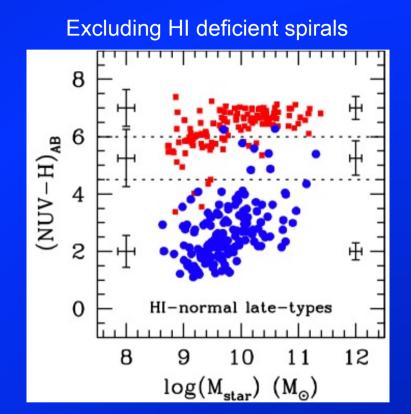
More than ½ of red spirals have SFR consistent with normal SF galaxies

N.B. This does not even take into account dust attenuation!

The local UV-NIR colour mass relation

Morphology+HI content





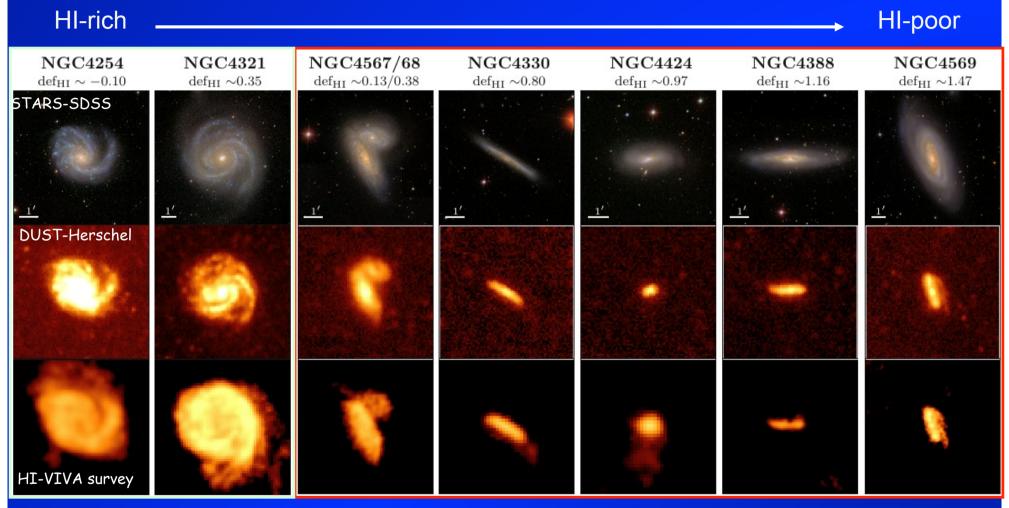
Excluding HI-deficient obj. we start to see a transition region.

HI removed, SF quenched in cluster galaxies...

What about dust?

"Truncated" dust disks in HI-deficient Virgo spirals

(see Davies' talk on Tuesday)



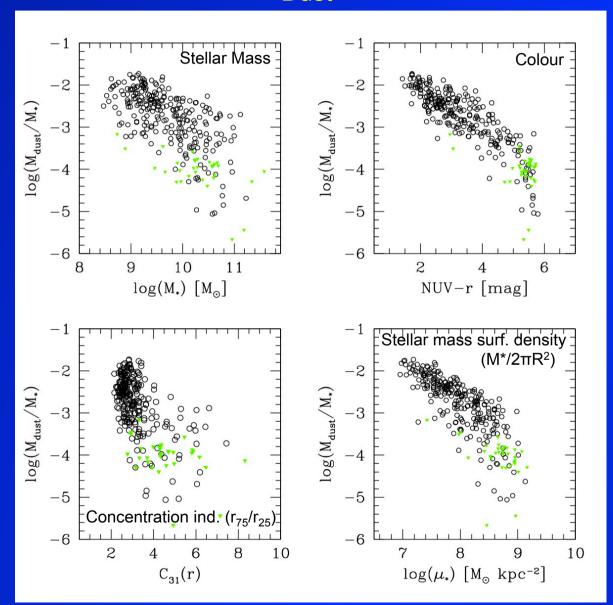
Pohlen, LC, Smith et al. 2010, A&A

LC, Davies, Pohlen et al. 2010, A&A

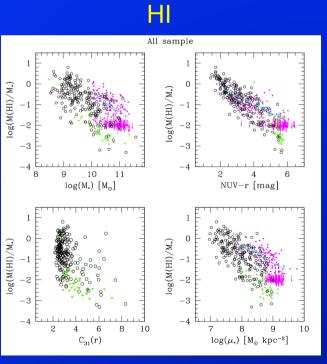
Gas removal is mainly outside-in: i.e. truncation of the gas and dust disk

The dust scaling relations

Dust

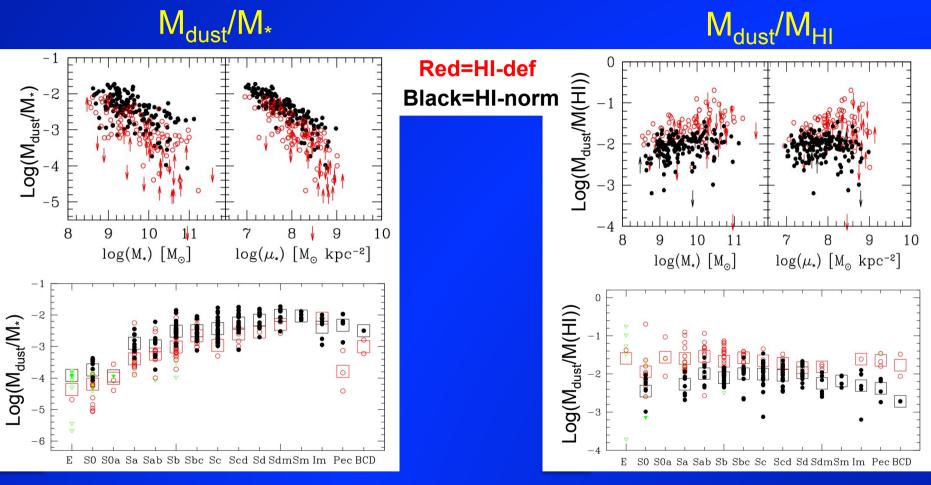


Remarkable resemblance to the HI scaling relations



LC et al., in prep.

Dust scaling relations and environment

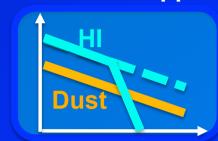


Dust is stripped but....

less than the HI

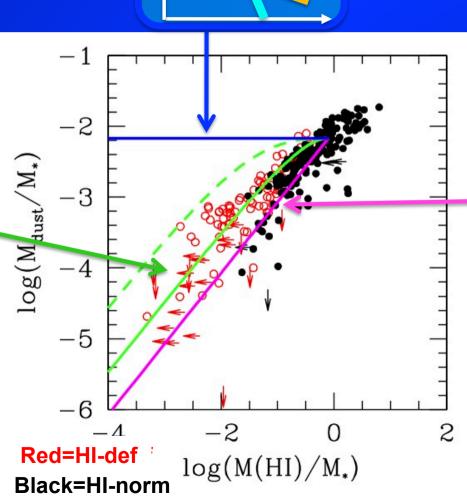
Dust is stripped but not as much as the HI

Dust not stripped



Dust stripped less than HI





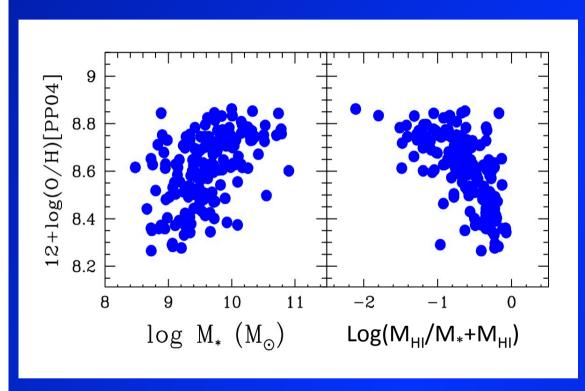
Dust+HI stripped



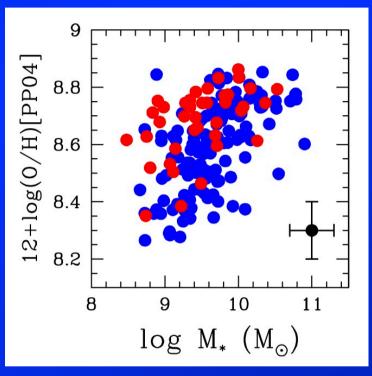
HI and dust removed, SF quenched in cluster galaxies...

at last, what about metals in the ISM?

The relation between gas metallicity, HI and stellar mass



O/H correlates with stellar mass and gas fraction

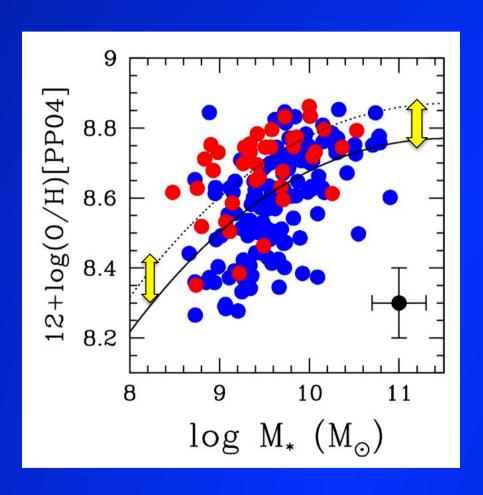


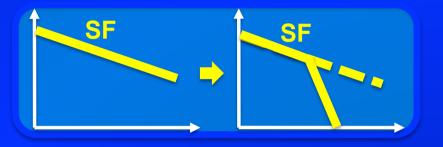
At fixed stellar mass HI-def. galaxies more metal rich

(see Skillmann+1996, Boselli & Gavazzi 2006)

Is this a real effect?

HI def. galaxies → SF disk is truncated → O/H only for the inner parts.





Offset of HI-def galaxies perhaps just an observations bias

Very difficult to use gas-metallicities to look for environmental trends

Summary

HI, SF and Dust give consistent picture about environment
 HI, Dust stripped and SF quenched in infalling systems
 Dust less affected than HI just because more concentrated

Metals

Still unclear if observations tell us something about environmental effects on gas metallicity

 All observational evidence supports gas stripping (likely RP) as the main environmental mechanism going on in Virgo