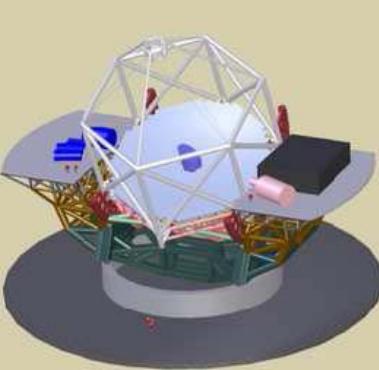


JWST

JWST (6.5m) INSTRUMENTS

NAME	Observing Mode	Wav. Range (μm)	Field (arcsec)	Sampling (mas)	Spectral Resolution
NIRCam	Imaging	Short 0.6-2.3 Long 2.4-5.0	132x264 132x264	32 65	Wide, medium & narrow bands
NIRSpec	Spectroscopy	MSA slits IFU	204x186 ~0.2 x 4 3.0 x 3.0	100 “ “	100, 1000 “ “ “ “
MIRI	Imaging Coronography Spectroscopy IFU	5 -29 5 -29 5-10 5-29	84 x 114 26 x26 0.2-5 3.6 ² -7.5 ²	110 110 = 200-470	5 – 4 “ 100 2000-3700
TFI	Imaging	1.6 -2.6 3.1 - 4.9	132 x 132	65	Tunable narrow filter (R=100)



TMT INSTRUMENT STUDIES

	Main Observing Mode	Wav. Range (μm)	AO System	P.I.	INSTITUTES
<u>IRIS</u>	Imaging - Spectroscopy	0.8 – 2.5	NFIRAOS	J. Larkin, K. Taylor	UCLA, CALTECH
<u>WFOS</u>	MOS	0.3 – 1.1	Seeing -GLAO	R. Abraham	Toronto
<u>MIRES</u>	High Resolution Spectroscopy	8 - 18	NFIRAOS or MIRAO	J. Elias, A. Tokunaga	NOAO – Univ. Hawaii
<u>IRMOS</u>	IR MOS	1-2.5	MOAO	2 studies	UF+HIA/ CALTECH
<u>PFI</u>	High contrast cor. imager	1-2.5 (5)	XAO	B. Macintosh	Livermore
<u>NIRES</u>	High Res. Spect.	1 - 5	NFIRAOS	J. Rayner	Univ. Hawaii
<u>HROS</u>	High Res. Spect.	0.3 – 1.3:	Seeing-GLAO	2 studies	UCSC/ CASA

STATUS: Feasibility Studies (in some cases quite comprehensive) completed and reviewed in 1Q 2006. In December 2006 the TMT SAC identified as first light instruments IRIS, IRMS and WFOS.

For the GMT, very thin instrument concepts with the telescope proposal presented in Feb.2006. Feasibility studies now under way.



DRAFT

High Priority Instrument Batch : *candidates for 1st generation*

INSTRUMENT	OBS. MODES	FOCUS / AO *	WAV. RANGE (μm)	FIELD	PIXEL SIZE (mas)	$\Delta\lambda / \lambda$	PROMINENT SCIENCE CASES +	REF. STUDY
DL, NIR Imager	imaging	Nasm./LTAO , MCAO	0.9-2.5	>30"	4	wide, n. bands	~ all	ONIRICA @ OWL
Narrow Field Spectrograph	spectroscopy	Nasm./SCAO , LTAO	0.6- 2.5	1"/ 10":	20/ 50	3000, 20000:	~ all	Not studied
High Resolution Vis Spectrograph	spectroscopy	Coude/ GLAO	0.4 -0.8	Point source	=	150000	C2, C7	CODEX
Planetary Imager Spectrograph	imaging, spectroscopy	Nasm/ EXAO	0.6-1.75	~2" V ~4" H	>= Nyquist	>15	S3, S9	EPICS
NIR MOS	Spectroscopy multiplex.20	Grav. Inv./ MOAO	0.8-2.5	>= 5'	30 - 50	3000, 10000:	C4, C10	WFSPEC, MOMSI
NIR MOS ,DL	Spectroscopy multiplex 20	Grav. Inv. or Nas/MCAO	0.8- 2.5	>30"	10 - 30	3000 , 20000	G4, G9	MOMSI
MIR Imager	imaging (+limited spectroscopy)	Nas or IF/ SCAO or LTAO	3-20	30"	6 - 20	w-n bands,	S3, S9, S5, G9, C10	MIDIR

* Minimum Strehl or EE to be specified ; +: from Science WG Report <http://www.eso.org/projects/e-elt/publications.html>



E-ELT Instrument Study Phase

- 7 E-ELT instrument studies to be launched within one year to arrive in 2009 to the definition of the 1st generation instrument complement (present goal to build 6 instr.).
Study start constrained by:
 - definition of main telescope interfaces
 - manpower at ESO to prepare study framework specifications and negotiate study contract
 - availability of qualified groups to carry out the studies

- Feedback solicited from the SWG:
 - on the current proposal of high priority instruments
 - before every study is launched on the instrument requirements
 - during the studies to support the review process on the scientific aspects

Fishing Pond : *instruments concepts still to be investigated for the 42m, or not yet firmly associated to prominent science cases*

INSTRUMENT	OBS. MODES	FOCUS/ AO	WAV. RANGE (μm)	FIELD	PIXEL SIZE (mas)	$\Delta\lambda / \lambda$	SCIENCE CASE	REF. STUDY
Wide Field NIR Imager	Imaging	Nasmyth/ GLAO, LTAO	0.8 – 2.5	> 5' x 5'	50	Wide,narrow bands	C4,C10,S5,G4	ONIRICA @ OWL
High Time Res. Imager	Fast photometry	NASMYTH/ GLAO, SCAO	0.4 - 0.8	2 times (2" x 2")	tbd	Wide, narrow bands	Photon stat., rapidly varying phenomena	QUANTEYE @ OWL, HTRI
High Res. IR Spectrog.	HR spectroscopy	coude/ SCAO,LTAO	0.8 – 1.8 (5)	<1"	tbd	150000:	S9, G4, G9, C7	HISPEC
High Res. MIR Spectrog	HR spectroscopy	Nasmyth/SCAO,LTA O	3 – 20:	2" :	tbd	50000:	S9, G9, C7,	MIDIR
Polarimeter*	Imaging, spectroscopy	IF, Nasmyth? / GLAO, LTAO:	0.35- 0.8	tbd	tbd	W-n bands,LRS	S9,C7,	No study
MOS Visual	MR spectroscopy	Nasmyth/ GLAO	0.35 – 1	~ 6' x 6'	100:	1000-15000:	C10, C4,G4	No study
Wide Field Visual Imager	Imaging	Nasmyth/ GLAO	0.35- 1	~7' x7'	50-100:	Wide bands	C10, C4,G4	No study
Sub-mm Imager	Imaging	Nasmyth/ tbd	350-450-850	5'	1- 2.5"	Wide Bands	C10	SCOWL, SCELT

* : Polarimetry can be included as an observing mode in other instruments, if required by their respective science cases